Day 22



SITE OBSERVATION REPORT

PROJECT No.: 170381202

CLIENT:

Corporation

DATE:

Wednesday, May 25, 2022

PROJECT:

250 Water Street

250 Seaport District, LLC c/o The Howard Hughes

WEATHER:

Clear, 60.4 – 69.6 °F Wind: SW @ 0.8 – 6.7 mph

LOCATION: New York, NY

TIME:

6:00 AM - 7:00 PM

BCP SITE ID: C231127

MONITOR: Lauren Roper, Brian Kenneally

EQUIPMENT:

MiniRAE 3000 PID

DustTrak II
Jerome J405®
Jerome J505®
Hand tools
CAT 374F
Komatsu 969

APE Model 150

PRESENT AT SITE:

Langan (Environmental/Geotechnical) - Lauren Roper, Brian Kenneally

LendLease (Construction Manager) – Marty Cohen

Civetta Cousins JV, LLC (CCJV) (Foundation Contractor) – George Washburn

Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) - Aaron Fischer

AKRF Inc. (Archaeologist)

OBSERVATIONS, DISCUSSIONS, TEST RESULTS, ETC.:

Langan was present to document remediation and construction activities in accordance with the NYSDEC-approved November 2021 Remedial Action Work Plan (RAWP) at the 250 Water Street site (NYSDEC Brownfield Cleanup Program [BCP] Site No. C231127).

Site Activities

- CCJV pumped groundwater from the previously installed dewatering well to facilitate installation of a pile cap
 in the southwestern portion of the site. Groundwater was pumped directly to the dewatering treatment
 system, consisting of a settling tank and filtration system, before being discharged to the catch basin located
 at the northeastern corner of Beekman Street and Water Street in accordance with a New York City
 Department of Environmental Protection (NYCDEP) temporary discharge permit (Permit No. C001446396).
- CCJV excavated an approximately 6-foot-long by 6-foot-wide area to a maximum depth of about 20 feet below grade surface (bgs) within the previously installed steel sheet pile wall for installation of a pile cap.
 - Excavated material consisted of hazardous lead-impacted soil/fill and was screened for visual, olfactory and instrumental evidence of impacts using a photoionization detector (PID) and Jerome[®] J505 mercury analyzer. No evidence of impacts were observed. Excavated soil/fill was temporarily graded into the adjacent area in preparation for off-site disposal at a later date.
- CCJV torch-cut the previously installed foundation piles to the final cut-off elevation using acetylene gas and installed steel reinforcement bars for the future pile cap.
- CCJV placed about 10 cubic yards (CY) of concrete within the previously installed steel sheet pile wall for installation of a pile cap in the southwestern portion of the site.
- CCJV covered exposed soil/fill, stockpiled virgin stone, roll-off containers and the dewatering tank with polyethylene sheeting during periods of inactivity and at the conclusion of site activities.

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Material Tracking

- No material was imported to the site.
- No material was exported from the site.

Material Import Summary							
Facility Name Location Type of Material	Ha	ndustries, Inc. Iedon, NJ n Virgin Stone	Ha	ndustries, Inc. ledon, NJ h Virgin Stone			
Quantities	No. of Loads	Approx. Volume (Tons)	No. of Loads	Approx. Volume (Tons)			
Today	0	0	0	0			
Total	5	115.55	0	0			
NYSDEC Approved:	1,000 cubic yards (CY)						

	Material Export Summary									
Facility Name Location Type of Material	Bro Con	co Recycling poklyn, NY estruction & on (C&D) Debris	Clean Earth of North Jersey Kearny, NJ Hazardous Lead-Impacted Soil/Fill							
Quantities	No. of Loads	Approx. Volume (CY)	No. of Loads	Approx. Volume (CY)						
Today	0	0	0	0						
Total	1	5	9	180						

Sampling

• No samples were collected.

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CAMP Activities

Langan performed air monitoring at the perimeter of the site at six locations for particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and mercury vapor, during ground-intrusive activities. Fifteen-minute average concentrations of PM10, VOCs, and mercury vapor did not exceed the action levels established in the site community air monitoring plan (CAMP) for the duration of work activities. Prior to implementation of ground-intrusive work, background concentrations of mercury vapor and VOCs were recorded using a handheld Jerome® J505 mercury vapor analyzer and a handheld PID, respectively.

- Background concentrations of mercury vapor at each CAMP station ranged from 0.00 μg/m³ to 0.02 μg/m³.
- Background concentration of VOCs at each CAMP station were recorded at 0.0 parts per million (ppm).

Daily Average Concentrations

		age concentrations	
Station ID	Particulate (mg/m³)	Organic Vapor (ppm)	Mercury Vapor (µg/m³)
PM-1	0.005	0.0	0.1
PM-2	0.009	0.0	0.0
PM-3	0.005	0.1	0.0
PM-4	0.008	0.0	0.1
PM-5	0.018	0.0	0.0
PM-6	0.011	0.0	0.0
WZ-1	0.018	0.0	0.0

Maximum 15-Minute-Average Concentrations

Station ID	Particulate (mg/m³)	Organic Vapor (ppm)	Mercury Vapor (µg/m³)
PM-1	0.016	0.0	0.1
PM-2	0.016	0.0	0.0
PM-3	0.014	0.6	0.1
PM-4	0.016	0.0	0.3
PM-5	0.034	0.0	0.1
PM-6	0.092	0.0	0.0
WZ-1	0.044	0.1	0.0

- \bullet mg/m³ = milligrams per cubic meter \bullet ppm = parts per million \bullet µg/m³ = micrograms per cubic meter
- Langan used two handheld Jerome® J505 mercury analyzers to monitor ambient air conditions at various heights throughout the site and within the work zone.
 - o Instantaneous mercury vapor concentrations throughout the site ranged from 0.00 $\mu g/m^3$ to 0.06 $\mu g/m^3$.
 - o Instantaneous mercury vapor concentrations within the work zone ranged from 0.00 μg/m³ to 0.04 μg/m³.
- Langan used a handheld PID to monitor VOC concentrations within the work zone and throughout the site. VOC concentrations were not detected above background concentrations throughout the work day.
- The Jerome® J405 mercury vapor analyzer at perimeter CAMP station PM-4 was replaced at 1:40pm, after verification with the handheld Jerome® J505 unit that erroneous high readings were being recorded. Instantaneous mercury vapor concentrations were recorded using the Jerome® J505 unit during equipment replacement and concentrations were recorded at 0.0 µg/m³ between 1:40pm and 1:43pm.

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- Perimeter air monitoring station PM-2 was relocated to the southern sidewalk of Water Street from 7:09am to 5:11pm.
- Prior to discontinuing the CAMP at the conclusion of ground-intrusive activities, VOC and mercury vapor concentrations were confirmed to return to background conditions at each perimeter station using the handheld PID and handheld Jerome[®] J505 mercury vapor analyzer. CAMP stations were discontinued at 5:11pm at the conclusion of ground-intrusive activities.
 - o Mercury vapor concentrations at each CAMP station ranged from 0.00 μg/m³ to 0.05 μg/m³.
 - o VOC concentrations at each CAMP station were recorded at 0.0 ppm.

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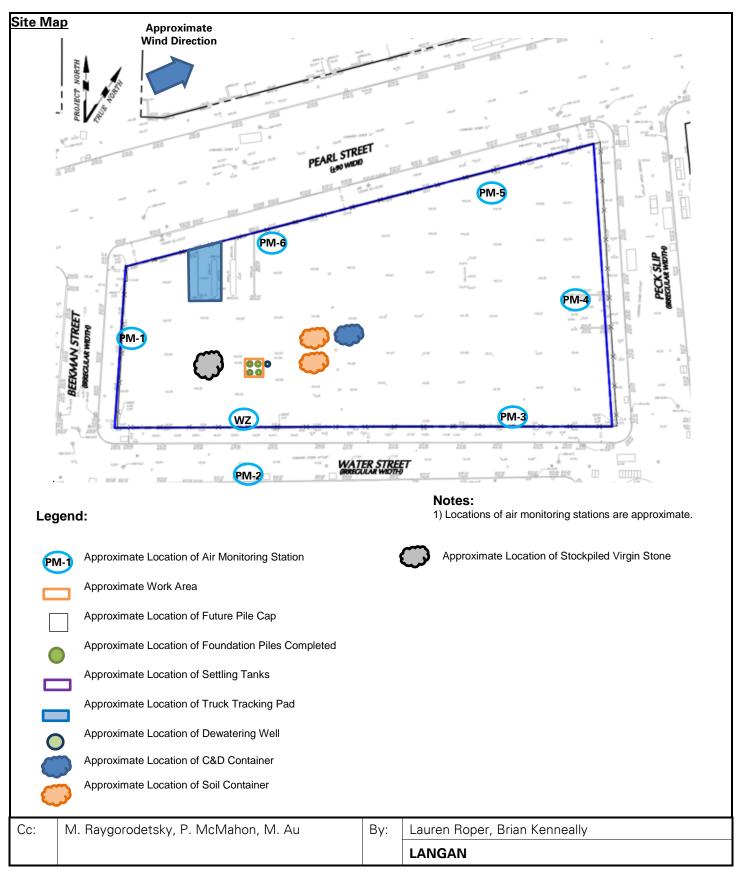
- CCJV will continue concrete placement within the previously installed steel sheet pile wall for installation of the future pile cap.
- CCJV will export 4 truckloads of hazardous lead-impacted soil/fill to the Clean Earth of North Jersey (CENJ) facility, located in Kearny, NJ.

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Select Site Photographs:



Photo 1: View CCJV excavating soil/fill between previously installed foundation piles in the southwestern portion of the site (facing north)



Photo 2: View of pile cap construction progress in the southwestern portion of the site (facing east).

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