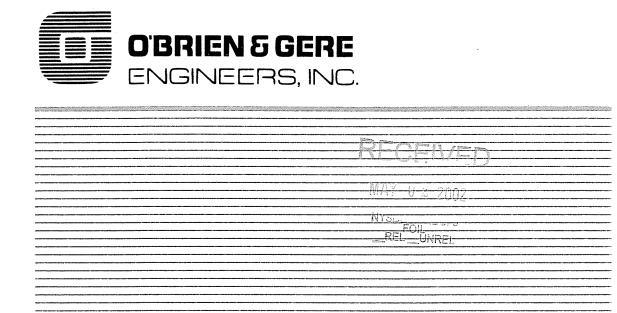
REPORT

Phase II Investigation One-Acre Site

City of Niagara Falls Niagara Falls, New York

April 2002



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1. Introduction

O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc. (O'Brien & Gere) was retained by the City of Niagara Falls to complete a Phase II Investigation of the One-Acre parcel. The One-Acre parcel, now referred to as the One-Acre site, is located within the City of Niagara Falls Corporate Limits immediately south of Buffalo Avenue and adjacent to the western border of the existing City of Niagara Falls Water Treatment Plant (WTP) (See Figure 1). The north, south and eastern side of the site is surrounded by the delisted portion of the Buffalo Avenue site which is the location of the new City of Niagara Falls WTP (see Figure 2). The Occidental Petroleum Corporation S-Area is located approximately 1000 ft west of the site.

The One-Acre site was originally a portion of the de-listed Buffalo Avenue Site (Former site #932080B). The One-Acre site was not delisted as elevated concentrations of lead and chlorinated benzene compounds were detected in subsurface soils and ground water. Coincident with the de-listing of the Buffalo Avenue Site, the One-Acre site was annexed to the Eastern Area of the City of Niagara Falls WTP Site, which is currently a Class 2a in the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Registry of In-Active Hazardous Waste Sites (site code #932080A). This classification signifies that sufficient data does not exist to allow the NYSDEC to properly classify the site.

1.1. Site description

The topography of the site is generally flat with surface elevations of approximately 573 ft above mean sea level. Presently, the site is a vacant field surrounded by chain link fence. Access to the site is limited to authorized personnel only.

The site is part of a former low-lying area that was filled. Miscellaneous fill material was reportedly placed at the site between the 1930's and 1950's to reclaim land to facilitate construction in the area. The miscellaneous fill material reportedly consists of construction debris and potentially incinerator refuse. Between 1958 and 1963, "shot rock", which consists of gravel size angular dolostone in a matrix of reddish brown sand, was placed atop the miscellaneous fill. This "shot rock" was associated with the construction of the NYPA power project.

1.2. Previous investigations

Malcolm-Pirnie and Dames & Moore were retained by the City of Niagara Falls to complete preliminary and Phase II investigations at the former Buffalo Avenue site, which included the One-Acre site. As part of the preliminary site investigation, Malcolm-Pirnie completed three soil borings designated as BH-4, BH-5 and BH-6 at the One-Acre site. As part of the Phase II investigation, monitoring wells MW-7S and MW-7D were installed and ground water samples were collected and analyzed from these wells.

The majority of investigatory activities completed at the One-Acre site were completed by O'Brien & Gere in 1991 as part of the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation (O'Brien & Gere, 1991). The investigatory tasks completed include:

- Sampling and analysis of ground water from monitoring wells MW-7S and MW-7D.
- Surface soil sampling and analyses at two locations (SS-20 and SS-23).
- Subsurface soil sampling and analysis at nine locations(SB-27, SB-28, SB-29, SB-33, SB-33A, SB-33B, SB-33C, SB-33D and SB-33E).

1.3. Report organization

This Phase II Report is divided into four sections. The contents of each section of this report are summarized below.

- Section 1 includes the introduction, site description, previous investigations, and the report organization.
- Section 2 describes background data, previous investigation results, and the field methods utilized in this investigation.
- Section 3 discusses site geology and hydrogeology, and discusses the results of surface and subsurface soil analyses.
- Section 4 presents a summary of the results as well as conclusions.

2. Investigation

2.1. Background information review

Background information was reviewed to evaluate historic disposal procedures at the site. Documents reviewed as part of this investigation were obtained from the City of Niagara Falls and are listed in the reference section of this report. In summary, the previous investigations documented that the fill in the area likely progressed in three distinct phases as summarized below:

- 1. Miscellaneous waste, which includes refuse, incinerator residue and miscellaneous debris were alleged to be disposed of on-site from the 1930's to the 1950's.
- 2. Dredged material from the construction of the Niagara River Ice Canal was allegedly disposed on the property by the NYPA.
- 3. Soil, rock (i.e. "shot rock") and other materials excavated by the NYPA during construction of the Niagara Power Project conduits were placed on-site from 1958 to 1963.

Additional information about the origin of fill material specifically placed within the boundaries of the One-Acre site was not found during this information review.

2.2. Previous investigation results

As previously mentioned, Malcolm-Pirnie and Dames & Moore were retained by the City of Niagara Falls to complete preliminary and Phase II investigations, respectively. Additional information about the One-Acre site was obtained during the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation completed by O'Brien & Gere and is summarized below:

• Two surface soils samples designated as SS-20 and SS-23 were collected at the One-Acre site during the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation (see Figure 3). The primary concern in surface soil was the elevated concentrations of lead and chromium at SS-20 in the northern portion of the site. A complete discussion of the analytical results is presented in Section 3.3.1.

- Subsurface soil samples were collected at nine locations at the One-Acre site as part of the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation. A complete discussion of the compounds detected in the subsurface soil is presented in section 3.3.2 of this report. In summary the One-Acre site was not de-listed as elevated lead concentrations were detected in the subsurface soil at SB-33, located in the northern portion of the site.
- A second reason that the One-Acre site was not de-listed was that chlorobenzene, 1,3-dichlorobenzene and 1,4-dichlorobenzene, which are considered indicators parameters of S-Area materials, were detected in the ground water at monitoring wells MW-7S and MW-7D. The concentration of individual compounds ranged between 2.7 and 7 μg/L. Data from soils collected between 5 and 13.5 ft bgs at soil boring SB-27, located approximately 20 ft south of MW-7S also contained 1,3-dichlorobenzene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene and 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene at concentrations ranging from 730 μg/Kg to 2,300 μg/Kg.

It is speculated that the ground water quality in this area was affected by soils in the vicinity of the monitoring well and therefore are localized in extent and are not migrating.

2.3. Field methods

The field methods utilized during this Phase II Investigation were completed in accordance with the protocols presented in the New Water Treatment Plant Site Suitability Assessment Work Plan and the New Water Treatment Site Acquisition Investigation Work Plan prepared by O'Brien & Gere in 1991. These work plans were approved by the NYSDEC.

The laboratory data completed as part of this investigation contained sufficient documentation and QA/QC samples to allow for the completion of a data usability assessment. The results of the data usability assessment are summarized in section 3.2.

2.3.1. Surface soil

As part of the Phase II investigation, six surface soil samples were collected at the One-Acre site in the immediate vicinity of SB-33 to evaluate the concentration of lead in the surface soils.

Surface soil sampling locations were selected based on previous analytical results which indicated elevated levels of lead in the subsurface at SB-33 and to the west of SB-33. Samples designated SB-33F, SB-33G, SB-33I, SB-33J, and SB-33K were collected at

approximately 25-foot intervals away from SB-33 to the south, southwest, northwest, north and east (see Figure 4). The sample SB-33H was collected 75 ft west of SB-33 to assess the western extent of elevated lead concentrations. Soil descriptions are presented on Table 1.

Surface soil samples SB-33F through SB-33K were collected from a depth of 0 to 2 feet by driving a split-spoon sampler. The samples were analyzed for total lead and leachable lead using TCLP analyses. The samples were submitted to O'Brien & Gere Laboratories, Inc. for laboratory analysis. Samples were not analyzed for EPTOX lead as was originally proposed based on discussions with Mr. Glenn May, the onsite NYSDEC representative. Surface soil results collected as part of this investigation, as well as surface results collected in 1991 as part of the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation, are presented on Tables 2 through 5 and illustrated on Figure 4.

Each split spoon was cleaned using an alconox wash, methanol rinse and a final distilled water rinse. Samples were immediately transferred to coolers packed with ice. Proper chain of custody documentation was maintained.

2.3.2. Subsurface soil sampling

Five soil borings, designated SB-7A through SB-7E, were completed as part of the Phase II Investigation at the One-Acre site to evaluate the lateral extent of chlorinated benzene compounds previously identified at monitoring well MW-7S and soil boring SB-27. Locations of the soil borings designated as SB-7A through SB-7E are illustrated on Figure 5.

Additionally, one soil boring designated as SB-7F was completed adjacent to MW-7S (See Figure 5). A subsurface soil sample from the boring was analyzed using TCLP analyses to assess if the fill material present in the One-Acre site is characteristic of hazardous waste as defined in 40 CFR Part 261.

The soil borings were completed using hollow stem auger drilling methods. Continuous split-spoon soil samples were collected from the ground surface to the base of the fill material, in accordance with ASTM method D-1586-84. The soil samples were described by the on-site O'Brien & Gere hydrogeologist. The soil description included moisture content, color, density, and grain size distribution. A portion of each soil sample was placed in a glass jar and covered with aluminum foil. Each sample was allowed to equilibrate at a temperature of 70°F. A photoionization detector (PID) with a 10.2 eV lamp was then used to monitor the headspace of each sample. Samples for analyses were selected based on PID readings and visual inspection. Subsequent to completion, the boreholes were grouted to the ground surface. Soil descriptions and PID readings are described on the soil boring logs contained in Appendix A.

Subsurface samples from soil boring SB-7A through SB-7E were submitted to O'Brien & Gere Laboratories, Inc. for analyses using NYSDEC ASP with Superfund deliverables. The following analyses were completed:

- VOCs via NYSDEC ASP method 91-1
- SVOCs via NYSDEC ASP method 91-2
- PCB/Pesticides via NYSDEC ASP method 91-3.
- Chromium and lead via ASP methodologies.

Four additional parameters were also quantified with the SVOC analyses and included: 1,3,5-trichlorobenzene, 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene, 1,2,4,5-tetrachlorobenzene and 1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene. Samples could not be analyzed for 1,2,3,5-trichlorobenzene as planned. This compound coeluted and could not be distinguished from other compounds. Analytical results are presented in Tables 5 through 9.

QA\QC samples collected included a field duplicate, equipment blank, matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate. A laboratory trip blank was also included in each cooler that contained samples for VOC analyses.

A subsurface sample from soil boring SB-7F was submitted to O'Brien & Gere Laboratories, Inc. for analysis according to the constituents outlined in 40 CFR Part 261. The following analyses were completed:

- TCLP VOCs via USEPA method 8240
- TCLP SVOCs via USEPA method 8270
- TCLP Pesticides via USEPA method 8080
- TCLP Inorganics via USEPA 6000-7000 series

NYS category B deliverables were provided by the laboratory for validation purposes of the SB-7F subsurface fill samples. QA/QC samples included a matrix spike, matrix spike duplicate and a blind duplicate. A trip blank was deemed not necessary given the higher detection limits associated with the TCLP methods. The analytical results are presented on Table 14.

Drilling equipment was decontaminated prior to initiating activities, between each boring location, and at the completion of the field program. The split-spoon was decontaminated between each location using an alconox wash, methanol rinse and a final distilled water rinse. Decontamination fluids, drill cuttings and purge water generated during installation, sampling, and development were placed in labeled New York State Department of Transportation (NYSDOT) approved 55-gallon drums, and were temporarily stored at a designated location at the WTP. Samples of the drums of were collected for characterization. Laboratory results are presented in Appendix B. The water was subsequently discharged to the City of Niagara Falls Waste Water Treatment Plant (WWTP) in accordance with applicable regulations. The drill cuttings will be placed in the near by S-Area landfill.

3. Investigation results

3.1. Site geology/hydrogeology

The unconsolidated deposits identified at the One-Acre site in descending order from the ground surface are "shot rock", miscellaneous fill, lacustrine clay and glacial till. Beneath the till, dolostone bedrock is present (O'Brien & Gere, 1991c).

"Shot rock" is present immediately below the surface and typically extends to approximately 5 ft below the ground surface. The miscellaneous fill is also approximately 5 ft thick and extends to a depth of 10 ft below ground surface. The total thickness of the miscellaneous fill material and "shot rock" are illustrated on Figure 6. Beneath the miscellaneous fill material a lacustrine clay was encountered that extends to 28 ft below the ground surface at MW-7D. The till at MW-7D was 6.5 ft thick and extended to 34.5 ft below the ground surface, where bedrock is encountered. The bedrock is dolostone from the Silurian Lockport Group.

Ground water was encountered approximately 10 ft below the ground surface at MW-7S in July 1991 (O'Brien & Gere, 1991c). The overburden ground water flow direction in the area is generally to the south-southwest towards the Niagara River.

3.2. Data usability

A data usability assessment was performed in accordance with Guidance for Data Usability in Risk Assessment (USEPA Office of Emergency and Remedial Response 1992). The data usability assessment summarizes the results of both the Eastern Area and the One-Acre site. A data usability assessment was not completed for each separate site. The overall goal of this assessment was to evaluate the potential cumulative effects of data quality issues on the final data generated by the laboratory. Additionally, an assessment of the need for a complete data validation was performed.

The data usability assessment was performed on the samples collected during this investigation. The data were collected according to the scope of work specified in the Work Plan. The analytical methods specified in the scope of work were performed according to method criteria.

Additional questions that were answered during the data usability assessment involved various factors that could potentially impact the data quality. Chain of custody was maintained and field and analytical laboratory records were complete. The laboratory performed a typical level of review for this type of data package deliverable.

The laboratory method detection limits met method criteria; however, not all laboratory detection limits met regulatory standards.

The parameters that had detection limits greater than the regulatory limits are as follows:

Analyte	Regulatory Standard/Guidance (µg/L)	Method Detection Limit (μg/L)
Hexachlorobenzene	0.35	0.71
Pentachlorophenol	1	4.02
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.002	1.13
Chrysene	0.002	0.58
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.002	1.14
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.002	0.63

It should be noted, however, that the regulatory limits identified are guidance values. While the laboratory detection limits do not meet regulatory standards, they did meet the sensitivity requirements of the analytical methods. This may affect the ability to interpret results with respect to standards and criteria; however, this deviation does not represent a significant impact to overall data quality, and does not in and of itself, necessitate a complete data validation.

Data quality with respect to precision was evaluated through the analysis of field and laboratory duplicate samples. Relative percent differences were calculated for field and laboratory duplicates and, for this investigation, the data were 100% usable with respect to precision.

Data quality with respect to accuracy is indicated by matrix spikes, laboratory control samples, and surrogate recoveries. The acid fraction of one subsurface soil for SVOCs analyses was determined to be unusable based on matrix spike recoveries less than 10 %. The results for two PCB/pesticides analytes were determined to be unusable in one surface soil sample based on matrix spike recoveries less than 10 %. Therefore, data usability with respect to accuracy was 99% for SVOC analyses and greater than 99% for PCB/pesticides.

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The calculations for data usability are presented below:

Total # analytes per SVOC analyses = 88 Total # SVOC analyses =17 samples Total # of SVOC analytes analyzed =1496 Rejected SVOC compounds(acid fraction in one sample) = 14 Data Usability Calculation =

 $1496 - 14/1496 \times 100 = 99.06\%$

Total # analytes per PCB/pesticide analyses = 28 Total # PCB/pesticide analyses = 17 samples Total # of PCB/pesticide analytes analyzed = 476

Total of rejected PCB/pesticides = 2 Data Usability Calculation =

 $476 - 2/476 \times 100 = 99.57\%$

Holding times, sample preservation, and blank sample results are indicators of the representativeness of the analytical data. Data usability with respect to representativeness was unaffected by low level blank contamination detected in some blanks associated with these samples and for this investigation, the data were 100% usable with respect to representativeness.

Comparability is maintained provided that the analytical methods remained the same over time. A major component of comparability is the use of standard reference materials for calibration and QC. These standards are compared to other unknowns to verify their concentrations. Since standard analytical methods and reporting procedures as specified in the Work Plan were consistently used by the laboratory, the data usability with respect to comparability was not affected.

Data usability with respect to completeness is the percentage of sample results that have been determined to be usable during the data evaluation process. Data usability with respect to completeness was greater than 99% overall.

Data completeness is calculated as follows for each individual method:

% Completeness = <u>Total Number of sample results "usable" for qualitative and quantitative purposes/total number of samples</u>

(Number of total sample results = number of analytes per sample X number of samples)

Based on the results of the usability assessment, a further complete data validation is not needed for these samples to be used as part of this investigation.

3.3. Analytical results

As stated in Section 1.1 of this document, the site is located approximately 1000 ft. east of Occidental Petroleum Corporation S-Area. Compounds identified by the NYSDEC to be indicators of S-Area materials include:

VOCs: vinyl chloride, 1,2-dichloroethene, trichloroethene, benzene, tetrachloroethene, and chlorobenzene.

SVOCs:1,3-dichlorobenzene, 1,4-dichlorobenzene, 1,2 dichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, 2,4,5- trichlorophenol, hexachlorobenzene, 1,2,3-trichlorobenzene, 1,2,4,5-tetrachlorobenzene, 1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene, and octachlorocyclopentene.

In the discussions of the analytical results which follow, the VOCs and SVOCs have been subdivided into groups. For VOCs, the S-Area indicator compounds are discussed separately from the other VOCs detected. The SVOCs have been subdivided into three groups for clearer presentation of the results: S-Area indicator compounds, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), and other SVOCs.

Appendix D contains historical analytical data collected at Buffalo Avenue.

3.3.1. Surface soils

Two surface soils samples designated as SS-20 and SS-23 were collected at the One-Acre site during the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation (see Figure 3). In addition, six surface soil samples designated as SB-33F through SB-33K were collected as part of the Phase II Investigation. The laboratory data collected from the One-Acre site during the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation as well as the Phase II Investigation are presented on Tables 2 through 5.

Volatile organic compounds

Surface Soils SS-20 and SS-23 were not analyzed for VOCs.

Semivolatile organic compounds

S-Area SVOCs

The only S-Area SVOC detected in surface soils was hexachlorobenzene in sample SS-20 at 210 μ g/Kg (see Table 2). This concentration is below the 410 μ g/Kg cleanup objective per NYS TAGM 4046. No S-Area SVOCs were detected at SS-23 located in the southern portion of the site.

PAHs

PAHs were detected in each sample. The following PAHs were detected in the surface soil at the site: naphthalene, 2-methylnaphthalene, phenanthrene, anthracene, fluoranthene, pyrene, benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and benzo(g,h,i)perylene. Several of these compounds are above TAGM cleanup objectives per TAGM 4046 in SS-20. In SS-23, only benzo(a)pyrene is above cleanup objectives.

The data indicate that total concentrations of PAHs ranged between 9,474 μ g/Kg at SS-20 in the northern portion of the site to 1048 μ g/Kg at SS-23 in the southern portion of the site. The concentrations of PAHs detected are typical of Niagara Falls surface soils (NCHD, 1987).

Other SVOCs

Three other SVOC compounds were detected in the surface soil. Di-nbutylphthalate and bis(2ethylhexyl)phthalate which are common plasticizers and are commonly found is Niagara Falls surface soils were detected at concentrations ranging between 300 and 4,000 μ g/Kg. The only other SVOC compound detected was dibenzofuran at 65 μ g/Kg at SS-20 located in the northern portion of the site.

PCBs/pesticides

No PCBs were detected in the two surface samples and low concentrations of only two pesticide compounds were detected at SS-20 (see Table 3). The pesticides detected at SS-20 were 4,4'-DDE at 28 µg/Kg and heptachlor epoxide at 2.1 µg/Kg. The levels detected are below the cleanup objectives identified in TAGM 4046. No pesticides were detected at SS-23 located in the southern portion of the site.

Inorganics

With respect to inorganics seven constituents were detected at concentrations greater than typical surface soil concentrations presented in several articles (Shacklette et al(1971 and 1984), Bowen (1979), and Walsh (1981) (see Table 4). At location SS-20, chromium, copper, mercury, nickel and zinc were found to be at levels above the cleanup objectives and typical background soils. Mercury, nickel, and zinc were found above these levels in SS-23.

Although the concentration of lead at SS-20 was not above residential cleanup values, it was elevated with respect to other soils in the area. Therefore, additional surface soil samples designated as SB-33F through SB-33 K were collected at 50 ft intervals around SS-20 during the Phase II Investigation. The samples were analyzed for only lead and TCLP lead as agreed upon with the NYSDEC (see Table 5). The lead, TCLP and EPTOX lead data collected as part of previous investigations as well as this Phase II Investigation are illustrated on Figure 4.

The results indicate that lead concentrations in the surface soil in excess of the residential value of 400 mg/Kg are limited to a small area in the vicinity of SS-20. The concentrations of lead detected in the surface soil at the SS-20 area were below the residential cleanup objective of 400 mg/Kg with the exception of SB-33 (2-4') at 1510 mg/Kg, SB-33J (0-2') at 527 mg/Kg, and SB-7F (composite) at 3100 mg/Kg. Total lead concentrations at other locations ranged from 33 mg/Kg at SS-23 to 318 mg/Kg at SB-33I.

Samples were also analyzed for TCLP lead to evaluate the leaching potential of lead from the soils. A soil sample with a TCLP lead concentration greater than 5 mg/L exhibits the characteristics of hazardous waste as set forth by 40 CFR Part 261. The data indicate that only the surface soil samples collected at SB-33G and SB-7F exceeded the 5 mg/L criteria (see Table 5). The remaining TCLP lead concentrations ranged from non-detect at two locations (SB-33I and SB-33K) to 2 mg/L at SB-33H. The variations in concentrations are due to the heterogeneous nature of the fill material at the One-Acre site.

3.3.2. Subsurface soil samples

Soil borings designated as SB-27, SB-28, SB-29 and SB-33 were completed in the One-Acre Parcel during the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation. The analytical data are presented on Tables 5 through 9 and are illustrated on Figures 4 and 5. The results of previous investigations indicated elevated concentrations of chlorobenzene components in the vicinity of SB-27. Based on this information, five soil borings designated as SB-7A through SB-7E were completed during the Phase II Investigation. Subsurface samples collected during the Phase II Investigation were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, PCB/pesticides, and inorganics (lead and chromium only) in accordance with NYSDEC ASP procedures.

Results from SB-33 located in the northern portion of the site indicated that elevated concentrations of lead were noted in the subsurface soil samples. Five additional soil borings designated as SB-33A through SB-33E were completed in October 1991 to evaluate the lateral extent of lead contamination in subsurface soils in the northern portion of the site. These samples were analyzed for total EPTOX and TCLP lead. The results of these samples are discussed below as they were not discussed in the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation Report. The lead data is summarized on Table 5 and illustrated on Figure 4.

Volatile organic compounds

The results of the VOC analyses are presented on Table 6. Methylene chloride, acetone and 2-butanone were detected in each sample during the Phase II Investigation. These compounds are usually associated with laboratory interferences and, therefore, will not be discussed further.

S-Area VOCs

In general, low concentrations of S-Area VOCs were detected at the One-Acre site. No S-Area VOCs were detected in six of thirteen samples collected. At other locations, the concentrations ranged from 0.3 μ g/Kg at SB-33(SR) to 170 μ g/Kg at SB-7E. The data indicate that the highest concentrations of S-Area VOCs are found in borings SB-7C and SB-7E located in the south and southwestern portions of the site (see Figure 5). None of the levels are above the recommended cleanup goals as outlined in TAGM 4046.

Other VOCs

Other VOCs detected in the subsurface soils at the One-Acre site included carbon disulfide, chloroform, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, trans-1,3-dichloropropene, toluene, ethylbenzene, styrene and xylene. No other VOCs were detected in six samples: SB-7A, SB-27SR, SB-28W, SB-29SR, SB-29W, and SB-33W. Low concentrations of other VOCs were detected at concentrations ranging from 1 to 13 μ g/Kg at SB-7B, SB-7D, SB-27W, SB-28SR, and SB-33SR. Similar to the S-Area VOCs, the highest total concentrations of other VOCs were detected at SB-7C (357 μ g/Kg) and SB-7E (61 μ g/Kg). None of the compounds were at concentrations above cleanup levels identified in TAGM 4046.

At SB-7E and SB-7E(dup), the total concentrations of "other VOCs" were 53 μ g/Kg and 61 μ g/Kg. The concentrations of most compounds were similar in these two samples with the exception of acetone, carbon disulfide and chloroform. This suggests some heterogeneity in the fill material.

Semivolatile organic compounds

The results of the SVOC analyses are presented on Tables 7 and are illustrated on Figure 5.

S-Area SVOCs

S-Area SVOCs were not detected in eight of the thirteen samples collected. In general, the data indicate that relatively low levels of S-Area SVOCs are found in the south and southwestern portions of the One-Acre site (Figure 5). Furthermore, the highest concentrations were detected in the deeper samples collected from the miscellaneous waste fill material, as compared to concentrations observed in the shallow samples collected from the "shot rock".

S-Area compounds were not detected at soil boring SB-7A, SB-7B, SB-7C, and SB-33 which are located southeast and north of MW-7S. At soil boring SB-27 and SB-28, SB-29, and SB-33, samples were collected from both the "shot rock" and miscellaneous waste fill material. The samples collected from the "shot rock" at SB-29 contained two S-Area SVOCs. However S-Area SVOCs at SB-27 and SB-28 were detected in the deeper samples, collected from the miscellaneous waste fill with total concentrations ranging from 4,310 to 870 μg/Kg. The total concentrations of S-Area SVOCs from the miscellaneous waste material at SB-7D and SB-7E were 3,400 and 4,280 μg/Kg, respectively. With the

exception of hexachlorobenzene, TAGM 4046 does not provide cleanup levels for the S-Area SVOCs.

PAHs

PAHs were detected in twelve of thirteen samples. The following PAHs were detected at the site: naphthalene, 2-methylnaphthalene, 2-chloronaphthalene, acenaphthalene, acenaphthene, fluorene, phenanthrene, anthracene, fluoranthene, pyrene, benzo(a) anthracene, chrysene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(k)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, ideno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, dibenzo(a,h)anthracene, and benzo(g,h,i)perylene. Several of these PAHs were above TAGM levels in at least one subsurface soil sample.

In general, the highest PAH concentrations were found in the SB-33 waste fill sample collected from 4 to 7 ft below grade and three borings located on the southwest side of the area (SB-7D, SB-7C, and SB-27). Given the location of these samples at near opposite ends of the site, and the presence of significantly lower concentrations of PAHs between the samples, it appears that the elevated concentrations are localized and are due to the heterogeneous nature of the fill material.

Other SVOCs

Other SVOCs that were detected in the subsurface soils at the site include: phenol, 2-methylphenol, 4-methylphenol, 2,4-methylphenol, 4-chloroaniline, dibenzofuran, carbazole, butylbenzylphthalate, di-n-butylphthalate, bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate, and 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine. The only compound exceeding the cleanup level identified by TAGM/4046 was phenol at SB-7C, which was detected at 2900 $\mu g/Kg$. The total concentration of other SVOCs ranged from non-detect at SB-27 to 122,800 $\mu g/Kg$ at SB-7D.

Other SVOCs were detected in each of the samples analyzed with the exception of the shot-rock samples from SB-27. In general, the data indicate that the highest concentrations of other SVOCs are primarily found in the south and southwest portions of the One-Acre site similar to the distribution pattern observed for PAHs.

At SB-7D, the majority of other SVOC concentrations are due to 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine and carbazole, which were detected at 91,000 μ g/Kg and 27,000 μ g/Kg. There are no cleanup levels established by TAGM 4046 for these compounds. The phenolic based compounds including phenol, 2-methylphenol, 4-methylphenol, 2,4-methylphenol were only detected at SB-7C located in southern portion of the site and at SB-33 located in the northern portion of the site. The distribution of these compounds is highly variable and is likely due to the heterogeneous nature of the fill material.

Other compounds detected in most samples were bis(2-ethyhexyl) phthalate and di-n-butylphthalate, which are common plasticizers. The compounds are commonly found in Niagara Falls surface soils or may be due to artifacts of the equipment used for sample collection and transport contamination. Dibenzofuran was detected in soil borings SB-7A

through SB-7E, SB-27W, SB-28W, SB-29SR, and SB-33W at concentrations ranging from 28 to $6000 \mu g/Kg$.

PCB/Pesticides

Data collected from the One-Acre in 1991 as part of the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation as well as data collected during the Phase II Investigation are summarized below and on Table 8. The data indicate that no PCB compounds were detected at any of the subsurface sample locations with the exception of 2200 $\mu g/Kg$ of Aroclor 1242 at SB-27W (5 - 13.5 ft bgs) which is below the cleanup goal of 10,000 $\mu g/Kg$ established by TAGM 4046.

Pesticides were detected in ten of thirteen subsurface samples collected during this investigation.

The waste sample from SB-22W (5-11") contained beta-BHC and dieldrin at concentrations above the cleanup goal identified in TAGM 4046. The "shot rock" sample from SB-29 (4-7') contained beta-BHC above the same cleanup goals. No other pesticide was found above cleanup goals.

Inorganics

Data collected from the One-Acre site in 1991 as part of the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation as well as data collected during the Phase II Investigation are summarized below.

The analytical data from SB-27, SB-28, SB-29 and SB-33 are presented on Table 9. The data indicate that seven elements were detected slightly above typical background concentrations (Shacklette, et. al) or the cleanup goals set forth in TAGM 4046. These elements are antimony, arsenic, copper, mercury, nickel, and zinc. However, concentrations of lead, chromium and mercury at several locations appeared to be anomalously high. Therefore, selected samples were analyzed for TCLP and EPTOX lead, chromium and mercury. As previously discussed, the analytical data indicate that all samples were below regulatory criteria with the exception of SB-33 which had an EPTOX lead concentration of 39.1 mg/L. However, the TLCP lead result for this sample was only 0.66 mg/L.

Based on the elevated EPTOX lead concentration at SB-33, five additional subsurface soil samples were collected at 50-ft intervals away from SB-33 and a sample was collected adjacent to SB-33 in October 1991. These samples were analyzed for total TCLP and EPTOX lead. A summary of the results is provided in Table 5. The results indicated that the concentrations of lead in the subsurface soils ranged from 32 mg/Kg at SB-33B to 330 mg/Kg at SB-33D located to the west, which are below the criteria of 400 mg/Kg established for residential soils. Only the sample from SB-33 (4 to 7 ft) exhibited characteristics of hazardous waste per EPTOX analyses. Samples collected from SB-33A through SB-33E did not exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste per TCLP criteria.

As part of the Phase II Investigation completed in 1995, soil samples from SB-7A through SB-7E completed in the southern portion of the site were also analyzed for lead and chromium. Chromium and lead were detected in each of the subsurface soil samples as indicated on Table 52. Chromium levels were below the TAGM 4046 cleanup goal of 50 mg/Kg. Lead levels ranged from 19.9 mg/Kg at SB-7A to 292 mg/Kg at SB-7D, which are also below the TAGM cleanup goal.

3.3.3. Ground water

Monitoring wells MW-7S and MW-7D were installed at the One-Acre Site by Dames & Moore in 1987. Monitoring well MW-7S was installed in fill material to a depth of 11.8 ft bgs. Monitoring well MW-7D was installed in bedrock and was completed at to a depth of 44.3 ft bgs. As part of the Buffalo Avenue Site investigation completed in 1991 these monitoring wells were sampled on two occasions. The results of the 1991 analyses are summarized on tables 10 through 13 and are discussed below.

Volatile organic compounds

The results of the VOCs analyses are presented on Table 10.

S-Area VOCs

Chlorobenzene was the only VOC detected in the ground water at the One-Acre site. The New York State Class GA standard for chlorobenzene is 5 μ g/L. In June 1991 chlorobenzene was detected at 5 μ g/L at MW-7D, but was not detected in a duplicate sample collected. Chlorobenzene was also not detected in the ground water sample collected from MW-7S in June 1991.

Chlorobenzene was detected during the September 1991 sampling event in both wells. The concentration of chlorobenzene at MW-7S was 6 $\mu g/L$ and the concentration at MW-7D was 2.7 $\mu g/L$. In summary, the data indicate low levels of VOCs in ground water at the One-Acre site.

Other VOCs

No other VOCs were detected in the ground water at MW-7S and MW-7D.

Semivolatile organic compounds

The results of the SVOC analyses are summarized on Table 11. SVOC analyses were completed on one occasion as part the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation.

S-Area SVOCs

S-Area SVOCs were detected at low concentrations at MW-7S. The compounds detected were 1,3 dichlorobenzene, and 1,4-dichlorobenzene at individual concentrations of 6 μ g/L. The concentrations detected slightly exceed the NYS Class GA standard of 5 μ g/L for 1,3-dichlorobenzene and 4.7 μ g/l for 1,4-dichlorobenzene. S-Area SVOCs

were not detected at monitoring well MW-7D. The data indicate that SVOCs have not migrated into bedrock.

PAHs

No PAHs were detected in ground water at the site.

Other SVOCs

No Other SVOCs were detected in ground water at the site.

PCB/Pesticides

The results of the PCB/Pesticide ground water analyses are presented on Table 12. The data indicate that no PCBs were detected in the ground water. In summary, low concentrations of several pesticides were detected in shallow and one pesticide was detected in deep ground water.

The pesticides detected in shallow well MW-7S include aldrin, Alpha-BHC, Beta-BHC, Delta-BHC, endosulfan I, endrin, and heptachlor epoxide at concentrations ranging between 0.008 μ g/L and 0.81 μ g/L. Total pesticide concentrations have ranged between 0.064 and 1.046 μ g/L.

The ground water data collected from the shallow zone is similar to the other media in that the concentrations in a given sample can vary. A duplicate sample was collected at MW-7S during the June sampling event, indicated similar concentrations of most pesticides with the exception of Alpha-BHC. Alpha-BHC concentrations varied from 0.81 $\mu g/L$ to 0.089 $\mu g/L$ in a duplicate sample.

The only pesticide detected at MW-7D installed in bedrock was gamma-BHC at 0.16 μ g/L; however gamma-BHC was not detected in a duplicate sample collected.

Inorganics

Ground water samples for inorganics were collected for both total(unfiltered) and soluble (filtered) analyses. Results of these analyses are presented on Table 13. Filtered samples were collected from each well since the ground water exhibited turbidity values greater than 50 NTU at each location. Ground water samples that exhibit elevated NTU readings generally contain suspended sediment, which in turn contains inorganics. As required by the analytical procedures, ground water samples are preserved with nitric acid. In samples with sediment, the preservation causes inorganics from the sediment to solubilize into the water. In our opinion samples for inorganic analyses collected from monitoring wells with a high turbidity are not considered representative of those inorganics which migrate with the ground water system. Filtered samples where the sediment is removed prior to preservation, are more likely to provide representative results of inorganics in solution.

In general, the data indicate that higher concentrations of inorganics in total (unfiltered) samples when compared to soluble (filtered) samples. Furthermore, lower concentrations of inorganics were detected at MW-

7D installed in bedrock as compared to monitoring well MW-7S installed in fill material. The results of the total (unfiltered) analyses from MW-7D indicate that iron, magnesium, sodium, chromium, lead and manganese were detected at concentrations above NYS Class GA standards. In the filtered samples only sodium exceeded NYS Class GA Standards. It is likely that sodium detected at MW-7D is naturally occurring, as other bedrock monitoring wells in the area contained similar concentrations of sodium. The results of the total (unfiltered) analyses from MW-7S indicate that antimony, chromium, iron, lead, manganese mercury, sodium and zinc were detected at concentrations above NYS Class GA Standards. The results of the soluble (filtered) analyses indicate that antimony, iron, lead, manganese and sodium were detected at concentrations marginally exceeding NYS Class GA standards.

3.3.4. TCLP analyses

A composite subsurface soil sample was collected from (8-10') in soil boring SB-7F, located in the southern portion of the site in February 1996. The sample was analyzed to assess if the material is characteristic of hazardous waste using TCLP in accordance with 40 CFR part 261. The results of the analyses are summarized on Table 14.

In summary, based on the results of the VOC, SVOC and PCB/Pesticide analyses, the fill material is not characteristic of hazardous waste as defined by 40CFR Part 261

The data indicate that no metals were detected with the exception of lead at 11 mg/L. The concentration of lead detected exceeds the regulatory limit of 5 mg/L, therefore the sample exhibits characteristics of hazardous waste as set forth by 40 CFR Part 261. As a result of the elevated TCLP lead concentrations the sample was also analyzed for total lead. A total lead concentration of 3100 mg/Kg was detected.

In summary, with the exception of lead in some areas, the fill material at the One-Acre site is not characteristic of hazardous waste. However, as indicated by analyses by other soil samples, the exceedance of the standard for leachable lead varies widely across the area. Of the 19 samples analyzed using either TCLP or EPTOX methods, only three samples had levels exceeding the 5 mg/l level.

Final: April 18, 2002

4. Summary/Conclusions

4.1. Summary

The One-Acre site is located immediately south of Buffalo Avenue. The north, south and western portions of the site are surrounded by the delisted portion of the Buffalo Avenue Site, which is the location of the new City of Niagara Falls WTP. The western portion of the site is bordered by the City of Niagara Falls - Eastern Area, which is a Class 2A inactive hazardous waste site in the NYSDEC registry of inactive hazardous sites.

The overburden materials at the One-Acre site, in descending order from the ground surface are shot rock, miscellaneous fill, lacustrine clay, glacial till and bedrock. Background information reviewed documented that the fill in the area proceeded in three distinct phases as summarized below:

- Miscellaneous waste material which included incinerator refuse and other debris were alleged to be disposed of on-site from the 1930's to the 1950's.
- Dredged material from the construction of the Niagara River Ice Canal was allegedly disposed on the property by the NYPA.
- Shot rock and other material excavated by the NYPA during construction of the Niagara Power projects conduits were placed onsite from 1958 until 1963.

Ground water is generally encountered approximately 10 ft below the ground surface and flows to the south-southwest towards the Niagara River.

The analytical data indicate that the distribution of contaminants in surface soil and subsurface soil are highly variable across the site. The variability of contaminants at the site is indicative of the heterogeneous nature of the fill material present at the site. Based on data from the previous investigations the primary concern was elevated lead concentrations noted in several samples collected from the northern portion of the site, and the presence of organic compounds, primarily S-Area indicator compounds, in subsurface soils and ground water in the southern portion of the site. The sampling and subsequent analyses of samples collected during the Phase II investigation were focused on addressing these concerns.

The following discusses in more details the distribution of VOCs, SVOCs, inorganics and pesticides/PCBs in the media sampled. Analytical results for VOCs and SVOCs were divided into groups of compounds including, S-Area indicator parameters where they were identified to be present. S-Area indicator compounds are those associated with the Occidental Petroleum Corporation S-Area, which is located approximately 1000 ft west of the site.

Volatile Organic Compounds

VOCs were detected in ground water and subsurface soil samples. Surface soil samples were not analyzed for VOCs. Monitoring wells MW-7S, installed in fill material, and MW-7D, installed in bedrock, were sampled on two occasions. The data indicate that the only VOC detected in the ground water was chlorobenzene, an S-Area indicator parameter. At MW-7S the concentration of chlorobenzene ranged between non-detect and 6 $\mu g/L$, and at MW-7D the concentration ranged between non-detect and 5 $\mu g/L$. When detected these concentrations were slightly above the New York State Class GA Standards of 5 $\mu g/L$. No other VOCs were detected in either the shallow or deep ground water.

In subsurface soils, S-Area VOCs were primarily detected sporadically in the south and southwestern portions of the site. The variability of concentrations in a given sample is indicative of the heterogeneous nature of the fill. Other VOCs were detected at low concentrations in the southern portion of the site. No VOCs were identified at concentrations exceeding the cleanup goal identified by TAGM 4046.

Semivolatile Organic Compounds

SVOCs were detected in ground water, surface soil and subsurface soil. The identified compounds were divided into three groups for discussion: PAHs, other SVOCs and S-Area SVOCs.

In the surface soil samples, PAH compounds were detected in each of the two samples analyzed. The concentrations of PAHs detected are typical of Niagara Falls surface soils. In subsurface soil samples, several PAH compounds were detected at concentrations exceeding the cleanup levels identified in TAGM 4046. The locations where exceedances were noted were at all areas of the site, which indicates that PAHs are sporadically distributed and are related to the heterogeneous nature of the site. PAHs were not detected in the ground water at the site, which indicates that PAHs from soils are not migrating into the ground water.

Other SVOCs that were common to both surface soils and subsurface soil included di-n-butylphthalate and bis-(2ethylhexyl)phthalate and dibenzofuran. The phthalate compounds are plasticizers, which are commonly found in soils in the Niagara Falls area. In subsurface soils phenolic based compounds were only detected at two locations; SB-33 in the northern portion of the site and SB-7C located in the southern portion of the site. The concentration of phenol at SB-7C was the only other SVOC that exceeded the cleanup criteria identified in TAGM 4046.

Additionally in the southern portion of the site at SB-7D, 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine and carbazole were detected at elevated concentrations. The distribution of other SVOCs in subsurface soil is highly variable as a result of the heterogeneous nature of the fill material present. No other SVOCs were detected in the ground water at the site.

In surface soil, only one S-Area indicator was detected, and at a level less than the cleanup level established by TAGM 4046. With respect to subsurface soils, S-Area SVOCs were detected in five of the thirteen samples collected. With the exception of hexachlorobenzene, TAGM 4046 does not provide cleanup levels for S-Area VOCs. In ground water S-Area SVOCs were detected at monitoring well MW-7S screened in the fill material The compounds detected were 1,3 dichlorobenzene and 1,4- dichlorobenzene at concentrations slightly exceeding the NYS Class GA standards. S- Area SVOCs were not detected at MW-7D screened in bedrock.

Pesticide/PCBs

No PCBs were detected in ground water or surface soil samples collected at the site. PCB (Aroclor 1242) was only detected in one of the thirteen subsurface soil samples collected at 2,200 μ g/Kg. This level is below the cleanup level of 10,000 μ g/Kg identified in TAGM 4046.

Pesticides were detected in surface soil, subsurface soil and ground water samples at low concentrations, none of which are above TAGM 4046 cleanup levels. In subsurface samples only 32 of the 13 samples analyzed for pesticides contained concentrations higher than the cleanup criteria identified in TAGM 4046. These samples were located in the center of the one-acre site.

In ground water higher concentrations of pesticides were detected in the shallow well than the deep well. The total pesticide concentration at MW-7S ranged between 0.064 and 1.046 $\mu g/L$. This variation is likely due to the heterogeneous nature of the fill material placed at the site. At MW-7D only gamma-BHC was detected at 0.16 $\mu g/L$ which exceeds the ground water standard of 0.05 $\mu g/L$.

Inorganics

In summary the primary concern at the site is elevated levels of lead in surface and subsurface soil that are sporadically distributed. The concentrations of total lead detected in seven of the eight surface soil samples were below the TAGM cleanup criteria. In subsurface soils total lead concentrations detected were below TAGM levels as well.

For ground water both total (unfiltered) and soluble (filtered) samples were collected and analyzed. Due to the elevated turbidity of the samples collected only the filtered samples were considered representative of inorganics migrating in the ground water. In the deep zone only sodium, was detected above NYS Class GA Standards; however, it is likely that sodium detected at MW-7D is naturally occurring as other bedrock monitoring wells at the de-listed Buffalo Avenue site contained similar concentrations. The results of the filtered

analyses at MW-7S indicate that antimony, iron, lead, manganese and sodium were detected at concentrations marginally exceeding NYS Class GA standards. The concentrations are likely related to the fill material present at the site.

TCLP Analyses

Based on the elevated lead concentrations noted in surface soil and subsurface soils selected samples were analyzed to evaluate the leaching potential of lead from soil using EPTOX and or TCLP methods. Only one of the eight surface soil samples analyzed for lead exceeded the TCLP criteria of 5 mg/L.

In the northern portion of the site a sample collected at SB-33 (4 to 7 ft) was analyzed for both TCLP and EPTOX lead. The data indicate that the TCLP lead concentration was 0.66 mg/L which is below regulatory criteria, however the EPTOX lead concentration detected was 39.1 mg/L which exceeds regulatory criteria. Five additional subsurface soil samples were collected around the SB-33 area, and none of the samples exceeded the regulatory limit of 5 mg/L.

A sample of the fill material from the southern portion of the site was analyzed for the VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides and metals during 1996. The results indicated that with respect to VOCs, SVOCs and pesticides that the fill material was not considered characteristic of hazardous waste per 40 CFR part 261. The data indicated that no metals were detected with exception of lead at 11 mg/L. The concentration of lead detected exceed the regulatory limit of 5 mg/L, therefore the sample exhibits characteristics of hazardous waste as set forth by 40 CFR Part 261.

In summary three samples (one surface and two subsurface soils samples) from a total of eighteen samples collected and analyzed for EPTOX and/or TCLP lead exceeded regulatory limits.

4.2. Conclusions

Part 371.1 of 6 NYCRR identifies which solid wastes are subject to regulation as hazardous wastes under Parts 370 through 373, 375 and 376 of 6 NYCRR. Under Part 371, Identification and Listing of Hazardous Wastes, criteria for identifying the characteristics of hazardous waste are presented. These criteria include characteristics of waste, and origin of wastes. Therefore, to evaluate whether the fill material in the One-Acre site is a hazardous waste, analytical laboratory testing was performed and background review was completed.

Analyses were completed on the surface soil and fill material for TCLP as defined in part 6 NYCRR Part 371.3 and 40 CFR Part 261. The results of these analyses indicate that with respect to VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides/PCBs and inorganics that the fill material at the One-Acre site is below the regulatory levels listed in Part 371.3. and 40 CFR Part 261

with the exception of lead in some samples. The data indicate that at most locations the concentrations of leachable lead are below the regulatory levels listed in part 371.3. One surface soil sample and two subsurface soil samples from a total of 18 samples collected and analyzed for leachable lead exceeded the regulatory criteria of 5 mg/L. The data indicate that the distribution of lead is highly variable and is due to the heterogeneous nature of the fill material.

VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides and inorganics were detected in ground water on at least one occasion at concentrations slightly exceeding NYS Class GA standards. Based on information presented in the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation and the recently completed Phase II Investigation for the Eastern Area the data does not indicates that these constituents are migrating away from the One-Acre site. The constituents detected are due to the characteristics of the fill material in the area.

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Table 1 Phase II Investigation Water Treatment Plant - One Acre Parcel Niagara Falls, New York

Surface Soil Descriptions

Sample #	Blow Counts/ 6 Inches	Description
One Acre Parcel		
SB-33G	9-13-14-24	Damp, med. Brown, med dense SILT, some very fine sand, little clay, little fine to med. angular gravel
SB-33F	8-8-9-8	Damp, dark brown, med. dense SILT, some very fine sand, some fine to med. angular gravel, little fine to coarse sand
SB-33H	7-16-9-6	Dry, brown to gray, med. dense SILT, some very fine sand, some fine to med. angular gravel, little fine to coarse sand
SB-33I	3-18-26-20	Dry to damp, brown to black, dense SILT, some fine sand, little fine to coarse angular gravel, trace cinders, trace clay
SB-33J	3-5-9-10	Dry, brown to black, med. dense SILT, some very fine sand, little fine to coarse angular gravel, trace white ash, trace cinders, trace orange brick
SB-33K	3-6-17-17	Dry to damp, gray to brown, med. dense SILT, some fine to coarse gravel, little fine to med. sand, trace clay

Table 2 Phase II - Investigation One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Surface Soils - Semivolatile Organic Compounds

	Clean-up Objective	SS-20	SS-23
Contaminant	(TAGM 4046)	5/91	5/91
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene*	NE	810 u	730 u
1,2-Dichlorobenzene*	NE	810 u	730 u
1,3 - Dichlorobenzene*	NE	810 u	730 u
1,4 - Dichlorobenzene*	NE	810 u	730 u
2 - Chloronaphthalene**	NE	810 u	730 u
2,4,5 - Trichlorophenol*	NE	4000 u	3500 u
2,4,6 - Trichlorophenol	NE	810 u	730 u
2,4-Dichlorophenol	NE	810 u	730 u
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NE	810 u	730 u
2,4-Dinitrophenol	NE	4000 u	3500 u
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	NE	810 u	730 u
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	NE	810 u	730 u
2-Chlorophenol	NE	810 u	730 u
2-Methylphenol	NE	810 u	730 u
2-Nitroaniline	NE	4000 u	3500 u
2-Nitrophenol	NE	810 u	730 u
2-methylnaphthalene**	NE	120 j	730 u
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	NE	1600 u	1500 u
3-Nitroaniline	NE	4000 u	3500 u
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NE	4000 u	3500 u
4- methylphenol	NE	810 u	730 u
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	NE	810 u	730 u 730 u
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	NE NE	810 u 810 u	730 u 730 u
4-Chloroaniline	NE NE	810 u	730 u 730 u
4-Chlorophenol-phenylether	NE NE	4000 u	3500 u
4-Nitrophonel	NE NE	4000 u	3500 u
4-Nitrophenol	50000	810 u	730 u
Acenaphthene**	41000	810 u	730 u
Acenaphthylene** Anthracene**	50000	200 j	730 u
Benzo(a) anthracene**	224	920 920	750 d 75 j
Benzo(a) antinacene Benzo(a)pyrene**	61	670 j	66 j
Benzo(b)fluoranthene**	224	1200	110 j
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene**	61	330 j	730 u
Benzo(k)fluoranthene**	224	590 j	730 u
Benzoic Acid	NE	4000 u	3500 u
Benzyl alcohol	NE	810 u	730 u
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	NE NE	810 u	730 u
Bis(2ethylhexyl)phthalate	50000	4000	2000
Butylbenzylphthalate	50000	810 u	730 u
Chrysene**	400	980	730 u
Di-n-butylphthalate	8100	300 j	730 u
Di-n-octylphthalate	50000	810 u	730 u
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene**	14	94 j	730 u
Dibenzofuran	6200	65 j	730 u
Diethylphthalate	7100	810 u	730 u
Dimethylphthalate	2000	810 u	730 u

Table 2 Phase II - Investigation One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Surface Soils - Semivolatile Organic Compounds

	Clean-up		
	Objective	SS-20	SS-23
Contaminant	(TAGM 4046)	5/91	5/91
Flourene**	50000	810 u	730 u
Fluoranthene**	50000	1500	730 u
Hexachlorobenzene*	410	210 j	730 u
Hexachlorobutadiene*	NE	810 u	730 u
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene*	NE	810 u	730 u
Hexachloroethane	NE	810 u	730 u
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene**	3200	420 j	730 u
Isophorone	4400	810 u	730 u
N-Nitorosodiphenylamine	NE	810 u	730 u
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NE	810 u	730 u
Naphthalene**	13000	120 j	730 u
Nitrobenzene	200	810 u	730 u
Pentachlorophenol	1000	4000 u	3500 u
Phenanthrene**	50000	930	67 j
Phenol	30	810 u	730 u
Pyrene**	50000	1400	730 j
bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	NE	810 u	730 u
bis(2-chloroisoprpyl)ether	NE	810 u	730 u
S-Area SVOCs		210	ND
PAHs		9,474	1,048
Other SVOCs		4,365	2,000

All Values (ug/kg)
u- Compound analyzed but not detected
j- Estimated value

NE - Not established

Table 3
Phase II - Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Surface Soils - Pesticide/PCBs

	Cleanup Objective (TAGM 4046)	SS-20 5/91	SS-23 5/91
4,4-DDD	2900	40 u	36 u
4,4-DDE	2100	28 j	18 u
4,4-DDT	2100	40 u	36 u
Aldrin	41	20 u	18 u
Alpha- BHC	110	20 u	18 u
Aroclor-1016	1000	200 u	18 u
Aroclor-1016	1000	200 u	18 u
Aroclor-1221	1000	200 u	18 u
Aroclor-1232	1000	200 u	18 u
Aroclor-1242	1000	200 u	18 u
Aroclor-1248	1000	200 u	18 u
Aroclor-1254	1000	400 u	36 u
Aroclor-1260	1000	400 u	36 u
Beta- BHC	200	20 u	18 u
Chlordane	540	200 u	180 u
Delta- BHC	300	20 u	18 u
Dieldrin	44	40 u	36 u
Endosulfan II	900	40 u	36 u
Endosulfan I	900	20 u	18 u
Endosulfan sulfate	1000	40 u	36 u
Endrin	100	40 u	36 u
Endrin Ketone	NE	40 u	36 u
Gamma-BHC	60	20 u	18 u
Heptachlor	100	20 u	18 u
Heptachlor epoxide	20	2.1 j	18 u
Methoxychlor	NE	200 u	18 u
Toxaphene	NE	400 u	36 u
Total Pesticides		30.1	ND

All Values (ug/Kg)

u- Compound analyzed but not detected

j- Estimated value

ND - Not detected

NE - Not established

Table 4
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Surface Soil

	Cleanup						
	Objective		TYPICAL				
	(TAGM 4046)		RANGE **	SS-20		SS-23	
ALUMINUM	SB		1000-25,000	9,140.0		8,590.0	
ANTIMONY	SB			1.2	11.1	1.1	UJ
ARSENIC		or SB	3-12	5.4	J	2.4	J
BARIUM		or SB	15-600	113.0	J	69.7	
BERYLLIUM		(HEAST) or SB	0-1.75	1.2	ŪJ	1.1	ŪJ
CADMIUM	10	,	0.01-2	1.2	UJ	1.1	UJ
CALCIUM	SB		130-35,000	110,000.0		127,000.0	
CHROMIUM	50		1.5-40	75.0	J	19.1	J
COBALT	30 (or SB	2.5-60	9.3	J		J
COPPER	25 (or SB	<1-15	37.3	J	15.1	J
CYANIDE	***			1.2	U	1.1	U
IRON	2000	or SB	17,500-25,000	13,100.0		14,900.0	
LEAD	400 '	****	1-12.5	120.0	J	33.0	
MAGNESIUM	SB		2,500-6,000	58,600.0		58,200.0	
MANGANESE	SB		50-5,000	554.0	R	574.0	R
MERCURY	0.1		0.042-0.066	1.7	J	3.0	J
NICKEL	13 (or SB	0.5-25	21.4	J	21.4	j
POTASSIUM	SB		8,500-43,000	1,750.0		3,220.0	
SELENIUM	2 (or SB	<1-0.125	1.2	R	1.1	R
SILVER	SB			1.5	UJ	1.3	UJ
SODIUM	SB		6,000-8,000	443.0	U	350.0	U
THALLIUM	SB			1.2	UJ	1.1	UJ
VANADIUM	150 (or SB	25-60	23.8	J	21.5	U
ZINC	20 (or SB	37-60	220.0	J	150.0	J

Notes: All values reported in mg/kg (ppm).

- U Indicates element was analyzed for but not detected.
- UJ Not detected, detection limit is estimated
- B Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit, but less than the contract required detection limit.
- NA Not analyzed.
- R Rejected by data validator.
- J Indicates an estimated value.
- SB Site background
- *** Some forms of Cyanide are complex and very stable while other forms are pH dependent and hence are very unstable. Site-specific form(s) of Cyanide should be taken into consideration when establishing soil cleanup objective.
- **** Background levels for lead vary widely. Average background levels in metropolitan or suburban areas near highways are much higher and typically range from 200-500 ppm. The USEPA's interim Lead Hazard Guidance (July 14, 1994) establishes a residential screening level of 400 ppm.

Table 5
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Surface and Subsurface Soil - Lead and Chromium Concentrations

		SB-29SR 5/91 4-7'	175 0.079 0.885			
u.		SB-28W 5/91 5-11'	371 0.16 0.225			
SS-23 5/91 0-2'	33 N A	SB-27W 5/91 5-13.5'	179 0.223 1.87			
SS-20 5/91 0-2'	120 0.018 0.26	SB-7F 2/96 Comp	3100 11 NA	SB-7E BLD DUP 2/10/95 8-10'	29.3 132 66.7	
SB-33K 2/10/95 0-2'	115 0.5 U NA	SB-33E 10/14/91 4-8'	320 0.5 U 0.5 U	SB-7E 2/10/95 8-10'	14.2 77.2 74.1	
SB-33J 2/10/95 0-2'	527 0.7 NA	SB-33D 10/14/91 4-8'	330 1.6 0.5 U	SB-7D 2/10/95 8-10'	42.8 292 81.2	
SB-33I BLD DUP 2/10/95 0-2'	318 0.8 NA	SB-33C 10/14/91 6-10'	36 0.5 U 0.5 U	SB-7C 2/10/95 8-10'	16.1 246 78.2	
SB-331 2/10/95 0-2'	302 0.5 U NA	SB-33B 10/14/91 4-8'	32 0.5 U 0.5 U	SB-7B 2/9/95 10-12'	10.3 40.7 79.0	
SB-33H 2/10/95 0-2'	294 NA	SB-33A 10/14/91 4-7'	41 0.5 U 0.5 U	SB-7A 2/9/95 10-12'	13.4 19.1 80.4	
SB-33G 2/10/95 0-2'	151 21 NA	SB-33 5/15/91 4-7'	1510 0.66 39.1		1.5 - 40 1 - 12.5	
SB-33F 2/10/95 0-2'	52.7 0.5 NA	SB-33 5/15/91 2-4'	121 0.018 0.16		Cleanup Objective (TA <u>GM 4046)</u> 50 400	
Surface Soils Location: Date Collected: Depth:	Lead (mg/Kg) TCLP Lead (mg/L) EPTOX Lead (mg/L)	Subsurface Soils Location: Date Collected: Depth:	Lead (mg/Kg) TCLP Lead (mg/L) EPTOX Lead (mg/L)	Location: Date Collected: Depth:	Chromium (mg/Kg) Lead (mg/Kg) % Total Solids	

Notes: U - Not Detected NA - Not Analyzed

O'Brien & Gere Enginees, Inc. I:\(\text{Inc.}\) I:\(\text{DIV71\PROJECTS\1736\27349\4_\) N&D\ONEACRE\TABLE5.\(\text{WB2}\)

Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Subsurface Soil - Volatile Organic Compounds
Niagara Falls, New York Table 6

_		
SB-33W 5/91 4-6'		
SB-33SR 5/91 2-4'	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
SB-33SR 5/91 2-4'	**************************************	
SB-29W 5/91 7-8' RE	888888886555548885888588888888888888888	
SB-29W 5/91 7-8'	**************************************	
SB-29SR 5/91 4-6'	**************************************	
SB-28W 5/91 6-8'	๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๘๘๘๘๑๑๑๘๑๑๑๔๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑๑	
SB-28S 5/91 2-4'	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
SB-27W 5/91 5-6'	トトトトトトには SE SE トトト	
SB-27S 5/91 2-4'	\[a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	
QCTRPB 2/10/95 		
SB-7E BLD DUP 2/10/95 8-10'	55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	
SB-7E 2/10/95 8-10'	666666666666666666666666666666666666	
SB-7D 2/10/95 8-10'	- 555555566558665557777777777777777777777	
SB-7C 2/10/95 8-10'	£ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	
SB-7B 2/9/95 10-12'	2	
SB-7A 2/9/95 10-12'	666666666666666666666666666666666666	
Location: Date Collected: Depth:		
Cleanup Objective (TAGM 4046)	800 600 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	
	1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Butanone 2-Butanone 2-Hexanone 4-Methyl-2-pentanone Acetone Bromodichloromethane Bromodichloromethane Carbon disulfide Carbon disulfide Carbon disulfide Chlorobenzene* Chloroethane Chloroethane Chloroethane Chloroethane Chloroethane Chloroethane Trichloroethene* Trichloroethene* Trichloroethene* Trichloroethene	

Notes:

Concentration units in ug/kg (ppb).

J - Estimated value.

U - Not detected.

UJ - Not detected, detection limit is estimated.

N - Spiked sample recovery not within control limits.

B - Analyte is found in the associated blank as well as in the sample.

ND - Not detected.

Maximum Concentration Detected at De-listed Buffalo Avenue Site (O'Brien & Gere, 1991a and NYSDEC) SB-27 through SB-29 and SB-33 collected as part of the Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation.

NE - Not established.

Table 7
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Subsurface Soil Semivolatile Organic Compounds
Niagara Falls, New York

1,000 1,00	2/9/95 10-12' 420 U 420 U
13000 U 13000 U 13000 U 12000 U 15000 U 1500	U U U U C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
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U 130000 U 1200000 U 459 U 45000 U 500 U	U 420 U 1100
13000 U 13000 U 12000 U 12000 U 1450 U 1450 U 1500 U 13000 U 13000 U 12000 U	U 420
13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 12000 U 12	1100 U 420
130000 U 130000 U 120000 U 120000 U 12000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 12000 U 10000 U 12000	U 420 U 420
J 7700 J 5500 J 4300 J 120000 U 450 U 450 U 500 U <	420 U 420 U 420 U 420 U
9 32000 U 32000 U 310000 U 310000 U 10000 U 10000 U 1200	¬=
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13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 20 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500	> =
1 7400 J 5600 J 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 450 U 500 U	U 420
1 3200 U 3200 U 3200 U 31000 U 1000 U 1100 U 1100 U 1200 U 1200 U 13000 U 13000 U 12000 U 1400 U 1500 U 12000 U 12	·
13000 U 13000 U 28000 J 6500 JU 450 U 450 U 150 JU 140 J 90 U 17000 J 14000 J 28000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 JU 570	U 1
J 14000 11000 J 28000 19000 JD 570 440 JD 300 J 200 J 15000 12000 J 140000 E 77000 JD 3300 1900 JD 1600 1000 J 15000 U 13000 U 120000 E 78000 JD 2800 JD 1200 910 J 13000 U 13000 U 130000 U 130000 U 120000 JD 3000 1700 JD 1400 J 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 JD 300 1400 930 J 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 450 U 450 U 500 U 500 J 12000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 100 J 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 450 U 450 U 450 U 500 U 500 U 500 J	420 U 420 U 420 U 420 U
15000 12000 <th< td=""><td>29</td></th<>	29
U 13000 U 1400 D 1400 D 1500 U	190 J 110 J 250 J 420 U
U 13000 U 13000 U 13000 U 13000 U 13000 U 13000 U 12000 U 210 JD 1400 930 U 13000 U 12000 U 12000 U 220 JD 1400 500 U 500 U <td< td=""><td>¬ =</td></td<>	¬ =
13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 2400 U 220 JD 190 J 120 U 12000 U 120000 JD 3600	420
J 12000 J 9400 J 140000 E 80000 JD 3600 2000 JD 1500 1000 J 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 39 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 50 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 50 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 50 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 50 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 50 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 50 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 50 U 13000	420 U 420 U 420 U 420 U
J 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 39 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 12000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U	J 140
1 1	37 J 420 U
U 5400 J 4100 J 4800 J 120000 U 330 J 190 JD 75 J 62 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 J 20000 12000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 4500 U 4500 U 500 U 85 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 4500 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 120000 U 4500 U 4500 U 500 U 500	450 420
U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U	38
J 2000 12000 J 140000 E 150000 D 4100 E 4400 JD 2400 1400 U 13000 U 12000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 85 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U	420 U 420 U
U. 13000 U 13000 U 8300 J 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 85 U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 13000 U 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500	J 140
U 13000 U 13000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500	420 U 420 U
))

Table 7
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Subsurface Soil Semivolatile Organic Compounds
Niagara Falls, New York

ND - Not detected. DL - Dilution RE - The sample was reanalyzed due to a surrogate failer, yielding the same results as the first analysis. TICs - Tentatively Identified Compounds. (*) - "S" Area indicator Parameters. (*) - Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons.	338900 JN 130000 J 57100 JN 30000 BJN 30000 BJN 500000 BJN 30000 BJN 30000 BJN	3400 3400 4280 4283 3202 2164 934200 934200 28020 28020 14039 13798 122800 122800 3140 3140 1265 982	U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 BJ 120000 U 450 U 4500	90000 71000 JD 2800 2200 JD 1000 710 120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 210000 E 9900 JD 3000 4800	U 120000 U 450 U 4503 U U 310000 U 1100 U 11003 U	U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U J 6400 JD 560 360 JD 99 J	U 120000 U 450 U 4503 U U 120000 U 450 U 4509 U	120000 U 120000 U 450 U 4500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 500 U 550	4500 11 500 11 500 U	SB-7D SB-7D DL SB-7E DL BLD DUP BLD DUP RE 2/10/95 2/10/95 2/10/95 2/10/95 2/10/95 8-10' 8-10' 8-10'
ge of the GC/MS	300000 J 20000 BJN	ND 97700 23100	13000 U 13000 U 3200 BJ	21000 13000 U	13000 U 32000 U	13000 U 3100 J	13000 U	13000 U	1 00007	SB-7C RE 2/10/95 8-10'
n ran	266000 JN 20000 BJN	ND 125600 39700	13000 U 13000 U 13000 U	28000 2900 J 47000	13000 U 32000 U	13000 U 4700 U	13000 U	13000 U		SB-7C 2/10/95 8-10'
I limits. as well as in the	8200 JN 20000 BJN	ND 728 47	420 U 420 U 240 BJ	130 J 420 U	420 U 1100 U	420 U	420 C	420 U		SB-7B RE 2/9/95 10-12'
opb). ot within contro ociated blank is se concentrations.	3800 J 30000 BJN	ND 759 38	180 J 420 U 420 U 420 U	160 J 420 U	420 U 1100 U	420 U 420 U	420 C	420 U	41-01	SB-7B 2/9/95 10-12'
Concentration units in ug/kg (ppb). J - Estimated value. U - Not detected. N - Spiked sample recovery not within control limits. B - Analyte is found in the associated blank as well as in the sample. E - Identifies compounds whose concentrations exceed the calibration ran	500 J 30000 BJN	ND 2241 55	360 J 420 U 420 U 130 BJ	210 J 420 U	420 U 1000 U	420 U 420 U	420 U	420 O	10-12	SB-7A RE 2/9/95 10-12'
Concentration units J - Estimated value U - Not detected. N - Spiked sample is B - Analyte is found E - Identifies compo	700 J 40000 BJN	ND 1733 292	380 J 410 U 410 U 150 BJ	270 410 U	410 U	0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 -	0.4 0.0 0.0	410 U	21-01	SB-7A 2/9/95 10-12'
									Deptn:	Location: Date Collected: Denth:
.2			50000 NE NE 50000	20000 30	200 200 1000	빌빌	3200	뷜	(1 AGM 4046)	_
Notes:	Total TICs Total TICs in Blanks	Total "S" Area Indicator Parameters. Total PAHs Other VOCs	Pyrene(**) bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Pentachiolophiellor Phenanthrene(**) Phenol	Naphthalene(**) Nitrobenzene	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene(**) Isophorone	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene(*) Hexachloroethane		

Table 7
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Subsurface Soil Semivolatile Organic Compound
Niagara Falls, New York

	Cleanup	Location:	SB-27SR	SB-27W	SB-27W	SB-28SR	3B-28SR	SB-28W	SB-29SR	SB-29W	SB-33SR	SB-33W	SB-33W
	Objective (TAGM 4046)	Date: Depth:	5/91 (2-5)	5/91 (5-13.5)	5/91 (5-13.5) DL	5/91 (2-5)	5/91 (2-5) DL	5/91 (5-11)	5/91 (4-7)	5/91 (7-11)	5/91 (2-4)	5/91 (4-7)	5/91 (4-7) DL
Phenol	30		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	17 J	1700 U	8400 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	y		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
2-Chlorophenol	Ä		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	980 U	1700 U	8400 U
1.3-Dichlorobenzene*	Ä		740 U	730 J	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	O89	1700 U	8400 U
1.4-Dichlorobenzene*	빙		740 U	2300	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	390 J	120 J	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
1.2-Dichlorobenzene*	Ш		740 U	380 J	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	200 J	740 U	790 U	089 O	1700 U	8400 U
2-Methylphenol	₩ Z		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
4-Methylphenol	N.		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 N	82 J	8400 U
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	I Ш		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 O	1700 U	8400 U
Hexachloroethane	Ш		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 N	1700 U	8400 U
Nitrobenzene	200		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
Isophorone	4400		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
2-Nitrophenol	¥		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	980 U	1700 U	8400 U
2 4-Dimethylphenol	W.		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 O	1700 U	8400 U
his/2-Chloroethoxy)methane	쒿		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 N	1700 U	8400 U
	III Z		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
1.2.4-Trichlorohenzene(*)	I II		740 U	006	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	280 J	140 J	790 U	089 0	1700 U	8400 U
Nanhthalene(**)	13000		740 U	1100	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	580 J	740 J	f 69	680 U	15000	8700
4-Chloroaniline	E N		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
Hexachlorobutadiene (*)	! !!		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 O	1700 U	8400 U
4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	! W		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 U
2-Methylnaphthalene (**)	! W		740 U	560 J	8700 R	78 J	7500 U	170 J	370 J	47 ا	O89	17000	9200
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (*)	罗		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	980 U	1700 U	8400 U
2,4.6-Trichlorophenol	Y		740 U	850 R	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 O	1700 U	8400 U
2,4.5-Trichlorophenol (*)	N.		3600 U	4100 R	42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 N	3300 U	8100 U	41000 U
2-Chloronaphthalene (**)	N.		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	680 U	1700 U	8400 U
	¥		3600 U	4100 U	42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 U	3300 ח	8100 U	41000 U
Dimethyl phthalate	2000		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 0	1700 U	8400 N
Acenaphthylene (**)	50000		740 U	320 J	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	97 J	200 J	790 U	089 N	620 J	8400 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	N		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089	1700 U	8400 U
3-Nitroaniline	Ä		3600 U	4100 U	42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 U	3300 U	8100 U	41000 U
Acenaphthene (**)	41000		740 U	340 J	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	550 J	330 1	790 0	36 J	11000	6300 7
2,4-Nitrophenol	Ä		3600 U		42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 U	3300 U		41000 U
4-Nitrophenol	N		3600 U	4100 R	42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 N	3300 N	8100 U	41000 U
Dibenzofuran	6200		740 U	1500	460 J	750 U	7500 U	500 J	610 J	790 U	089 0	0009	3000
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	₩ W		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	O 089	1700 U	8400 N
Diethylphthalate	7100		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 0	1700 U	8400 N
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	N.		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 n	1700 U	8400 N
Fluorene (**)	20000		740 U	2000	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	750 J	760	790 N	089 0	11000	6200 J
4-Nitroaniline	Ŋ		3600 U	4100 U	42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 N	3300 N	8100 U	41000 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	N.		3600 U	4100 R	42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 U	3300 N	8100 U	41000 U
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	Ä		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 O	1700 U	8400 N
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	Ä		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 0	1700 U	8400 U
Hexachlorobenzene (*)	410		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 0	1700 U	8400 U

Phase II Investigation One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Subsurface Soil Semivolatile Organic Compound Niagara Falls, New York Table 7

	Cleanup I Objective	Location: Date:	SB-27SR 5/91	SB-27W 5/91	SB-27W 5/91	SB-28SR 5/91	3B-28SR 5/91	SB-28W 5/91	SB-29SR 5/91	SB-29W 5/91	SB-33SR 5/91	SB-33W 5/91	SB-33W 5/91
	(TAGM 4046)	Depth:	(2-5)	(5-13.5)	(5-13.5) DL	(2-5)	(2-5) DL	(5-11)	(4-7)	(7-11)	(2-4)	(4-7)	(4-7) DL
Pentachlorophenol	1000		3600 U	4100 R	42000 R	3600 U	36000 U	4500 U	3600 U	3900 U	3300 U	8100 U	41000 U
Phenanthrene (**)	20000		740 U	14000 J	4900 J	250 J	7500 U	4700	3900	460 J	410 J	52000 J	37000
Anthracene (**)	20000		740 U	1800	700 J	750 U	7500 U	1200	920	790 U	81 J	14000	8300 J
Carbazole	¥		A A	A V	۷	Ϋ́	N A	A V	Ā	Ϋ́	A V	ΑN	Ϋ́
Di-n-butylphthalate	8100		740 U	850 U	8700 R	130 J	7500 U	920 U	740 U	110 J	110 J	1700 U	8400 U
Fluoranthene (**)	20000		740 U	15000 J	5700 J	310 J	7500 U	5400	4200	490 J	630 J	62000 J	43000
Pyrene (**)	20000		740 U	10000	£600 J	280 J	7500 U	4200	3600	4 10 J	500 J	57000 J	39000
Butylbenzylphthalate	20000		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	O89	1700 U	8400 U
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	빙		1500 U	1700 U	17000 R	1500 U	15000 U	1800 U	1500 U	1600 U	1400 U	3400 U	17000 U
Benzo(a)anthracene (**)	224		740 U	0009	3000	200 J	7500 U	2800	2500	250 J	370 J	36000 J	22000
Chrysene (**)	400		740 ∪	4600	8700 R	190 J	7500 U	3000	2200	250 J	380 J	31000 J	22000
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	20000		400 J	4 30 J	20000 J	32000 J	39000	200 J	260 J	290 J	130 J	610 J	360 J
Di-n-octylphthalate	20000		740 U	850 U	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	920 U	740 U	790 U	089 N	1700 U	8400 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (**)	224		740 U	0009	2800 J	230 J	7500 U	3500	3000	260 J	440 J	50000 J	27000
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (**)	224		740 U	2200	1400 J	120 J	7500 U	1800	1600	110 J	220 J	17000	12000
Benzo(a)pyrene (**)	61		740 U	4200	2300 J	130 J	7500 U	2300	510 J	170 J	300	32000 J	21000
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (**)	3200		740 U	1400	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	740 J	670 J	790 U	Ր 96	13000	14000
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene (**)	<u>4</u>		740 U	250 J	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	260 J	160 J	790 U	089 O	590 J	2000 J
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (**)	20000		740 U	1000	8700 R	750 U	7500 U	610 J	390 J	790 U	089 O	8600	11000
Total "S" Area SVOCs			Q	4310	4310	Q	Q	870	1000	Q	Q	2	Q
			Q	70700	70700	1788	1788	32657	26050	2516	3463	323620	323620
Other SVOCs			Q	21150	21150	39130	39130	200	1170	400	257	6692	6692

Notes:

Concentration units in ug/kg (ppb).
J - Estimated value.
U - Not detected.
R - Rejected
* - "S" Area Indicator
** - PAH Compound

Phase II Investigation One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Subsurface Soil - PCB/Pecticides Niagara Falls, New York Table 8

SB-33W 5/91 4-7		110 U	110 U	35 J	110 U	110 U	110 U	110 U	110 U	320 U	320 U	320 U	320 U	320 U	320 U	320 U	1100 U	320 U	Ą	1100 U	1100 U	2200 U	1100 U	1100 U	1100 U	1100 U	1100 U	2200 U	2200 U	35
SB-33SR 5/91 2-4'		17 U	17 U	17 U	17 U	17 U	7.5 J	17 U	21	34 ∪	34 ∪	7.5 J	10 J	3 4 ∪	% ⊃	% ⊃	170 U	¥ ⊃	Ϋ́	170 U	170 U	340 ∪	170 U	340 ∪	340 U	46				
SB-29W 5/91 7-11'		20 U	20 U	20 ∪	20 U	20 U	20 ∩	20 ∪	20 U	4 ⊃	4 0 ∪	4 0 ∪	4 ∪	4 0 ∪	4 ∪ 0	04 0	200 U	0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 +	ž	200 U	200 U	400 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	200 U	400 U	400 U	Q
SB-29SR 5/91 4-7'		19 U	2200 J	6.8 J	16 J	19	22	19 U	19 U	37 U	27 J	37 J	37 U	37 U	37 U	37 U	190 U	37 U	Š	190 U	190 U	370 U	190 U	190 U	190 U	190 U	190 U	370 U	370 U	2263.8
SB-28W 5/91 5-11'		23 U	2900 J	30 J	120	16 J	23 U	23 U	23 U	. 56	45 U	92	45 U	45 U	45 U	26	230 U	45 U	¥	230 U	230 U	450 U	230 U	230 U	230 U	230 U	230 U	450 U	450 U	3273
SB-28SR 5/91 2-5'		18 U	18 U	18 U	18 U	18 U	5 J	18 U	18 U	0 9£	36 U	0 9E	36 U	17 J	0 9£	36 U	180 U	36 U	∀ Z	180 U	180 U	360 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	360 U	360 U	22
SB-27W 5/91 5-13.5'		S8 ∪	n 88	88 C	88 U	98 U	88 U	0 88	88 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	180 U	880 U	180 U	Ϋ́	880 U	880 U	1800 U	880 U	880 U	880 U	2200	880 U	1800 U	1800 U	N
SB-27SR 5/91 2-5′		19 U	19 U	19 U	19 U	19 U	19 U	19 U	19 U	38 U	38 U	38 ∪	38 U	38 U	38 U	38 U	190 U	38 U	Ϋ́	190 U	190 U	380 U	190 U	190 U	190 U	190 U	190 U	380 ∪	380 U	Q
SB-7E BLD DUP 2/10/95 8-10'				2.3 JP							5 UB	2 ∩	5 UB	4.8 BJP	5 UB	49 B	25 U	5 UB	2 ∩	1.6 BJP	2.5 U	. 250 U	20 C	100 U	20 N	20 20	20 U	20 N	20 O	13.3
SB-7E DL 2/10/95 8-10'		23 U	23 U	110	20 JP	23 UB	23 U	23 U	23 ∪	21 JP	36 JP	45 U	56 BP	42 J	45 UB	22 BJ	230 UB	45 UB	45 U	23 UB	23 U	2300 U	450 U	n 006	450 U	450 U	450 U	450 U	450 U	241
SB-7E 2/10/95 8-10'				63 EP																			45 U	n 06	45 U	45 U	45 U	45 U	45 U	241
SB-7D 2/10/95 8-10′				2.1 U																			41 U	82 U	41 U	41 U	4 ∪	41 U	41 U	4.31
SB-7C 2/10/95 8-10'		2.1 U	2.1 U	2.1 U		2.3 BP															2.1 U	210 U	43 U	85 U	43 U	43 U	43 ∪	43 U	43 U	29.98
SB-7B 2/9/95 10-12'				2.1 U																	2.1 U	210 U	42 U	84 U	45 U	42 U	42 U	4 2 U	42 U	0.532
SB-7A 2/9/95 10-12'				2.1 U					2.1 U	4.2 U	4.2 U	_	4.2 UB	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2.1 U	210 U	42 U	83 U	42 U	42 U	42 U	42 U	42 U	0.19
Location: Date Collected: Depth:	Clean-up Objective (TAGM 4046)	QN	23.0	QN	22.0	6.7	11.0	24.0	Q	11.0	19.0	2	2	16.0	7.0	21.0	Q	Q	Q	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	Q	Q	QN	
		alpha-BHC	beta-BHC	delta-BHC	Lindane	Heptachlor	Aldrin	Heptachlor epoxide	Endosulfan I	Dieldrin	4,4'-DDE	Endrin	Endosulfan II	4,4'-DDD	Endosulfan sulfate	4,4'-DDT	Methoxychlor	Endrin ketone	Endrin aldehyde	A-Chlordane	G-Chlordane	Toxaphene	PCB-1016	PCB-1221	PCB-1232	PCB-1242	PCB-1248	PCB-1254	PCB-1260	Total

Notes: Concentration units in ug/kg (ppb).

J - Estimated value.
J - Estimated value.
U - Not detected.
N - Spiked sample recovery not within control limits.
B - Analyte is found in the associated blank as well as in the sample.
P - Analyzed by ICP techniques.
E - The flag identifies compounds whose concentrations exceed the calibration range of the GC/MS instrument for that specific analysis.

ND - Not detected.
NA - Not Analyzed
DL - Dilution.
Maximum Concentration Detected at De-listed Buffalo Avenue Site.
(O'Brien & Gere 1991a)

Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Subsurface Soil - PCB/Pecticides
Niagara Falls, New York Table 8

	Clean-up Objective (TAGM 4046)	Location: Date Collected: Depth:	SB-7A 2/9/95 10-12'	SB-7B 2/9/95 10-12'	SB-7C 2/10/95 8-10'	SB-7D 2/10/95 8-10'	SB-7E 2/10/95 8-10'	SB-7E DL 2/10/95 8-10'	SB-7E BLD DUP (2/10/95 8-10'	SB-27SR 5/91 2-5'	SB-27W 5/91 5-13.5'	SB-28SR 5/91 2-5'	SB-28W 3 5/91 5-11'	SB-29SR 5/91 4-7'	SB-29W 5/91 7-11'	SB-33SR 5/91 2-4'	SB-33W 5/91 4-7'
4,4'-DDD	2900		4.2 U	0.074 BJP				42 J	4.8 BJP	38 U	180 U	17 کا	45 U	37 U	40 ∪	34 ∪	320 U
4,4'-DDE	2100							36 JP		38 U	180 U	36 U	45 U	27 J	40 U	34 U	320 U
4,4'-DDT	2100							22 BJ	49 B	38 U	180 U	36 U	26	37 U	40 U	34 U	320 U
A-Chlordane	밀							23 UB	1.6 BJP	190 U	880 U	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
Aldrin	41		2.1 U	2.1 U	2.1 ∪	2.1 U	2.3 U	23 U	2.5 U	.19 U	88 U	5 J	23 U	22	20 U	7.5 J	110 U
Dieldrin	4							21 JP	9.8 P	38 U	180 U	36 U	56	37 U	40 ∪	34 U	320 U
Endosulfan I	006							23 U	2.5 U	19 U	88 U	18 U	23 U	19 U	20 U	21	110 U
Endosulfan II	006							56 BP	\supset	38 U	180 U	36 U	45 U	37 U	40 ∪	10 J	320 U
Endosulfan sulfate	1000							45 UB	5 UB	38 U	180 U	36 U	45 U	37 U	40 U	34 ∪	320 U
Endrin	100							45 U	5 U	38 U	180 U	36 U	92	37 J	40 ∪	7.5 J	320 U
Endrin aldehyde	焸							45 U	\supset	Ą	Ą	Ϋ́	Ą	Š	Ϋ́	ΑN	Y Y
Endrin ketone	밀							45 UB	5 UB	38 U	180 U	36 U	45 U	37 U	40 ∪	34 ∪	320 U
G-Chlordane	밀							23 U		190 U	880 U	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
Heptachlor	•							23 UB		19 U	88 U	18 U	16 J	19	20 U	17 U	110 U
Heptachlor epoxide	20							23 U	1.2 JP	19 U	88 U	18 U	23 U	19 U	20 U	17 U	110 U
Lindane	Ä							20 JP		19 U	88 U	18 U	120	16 J	20 U	17 U	110 U
Methoxychlor	₩.							230 UB	25 U	190 U	880 U	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
PCB-1016	10000							450 U	20 N	190 U	880 U	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
PCB-1221	10000							n 006	100 U	190 U	880 U	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
PCB-1232	10000							450 U	20 N	190 U	880 U	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
PCB-1242	10000							450 U	20 N	190 U	2200	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
PCB-1248	10000							450 U	50 U	190 U	880 U	180 U	230 U	190 U	200 U	170 U	1100 U
PCB-1254	10000							450 U	20 N	380 U	1800 U	360 U	450 U	370 U	400 U	340 U	2200 U
PCB-1260	10000							450 U	20 N	380 U	1800 U	360 U	450 U	370 U	400 U	340 U	2200 U
Toxaphene	R							2300 U	250 U	380 U	1800 U	360 U	450 U	370 U	400 U	340 U	2200 U
alpha-BHC	110				2.1 U			23 U	2.5 U	19 U	88 U	18 U	23 U	19 U	20 U	17 U	110 U
beta-BHC	200				2.1 U			23 U	2.5 U	19 U	98 U	18 U	2900 J	2200 J	20 U	17 U	110 U
delta-BHC	300				2.1 ∪			110	2.3 JP	19 U	0 88 0	18 U	30 7	6.8 J	20 ∪	17 U	35 J
Total	10000		0.19	0.532	29.98	4.31	241	241	13.3	S Q	QN	22	3273	2263.8	S	46	35

Notes: Concentration units in ug/kg (ppb).

J - Estimated value.
U - Not detected.
N - Spiked sample recovery not within control limits.
B - Analyte is found in the associated blank as well as in the sample.
P - Analyzed by ICP techniques.
E - The flag identifies compounds whose concentrations exceed the calibration range of the GC/MS instrument for that specific analysis.
ND - Not detected.
NA - Not Analyzed
DL - Dilution.
Maximum Concentration Detected at De-listed Buffalo Avenue Site.
(O'Brien & Gere 1991a)
NE - Not established.

Phase II Investigation One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Niagara Falls, New York Table 9

Subsurface Soil Inorganics

	••	
SB-33W 5/91 (4-7)	3880 8.8 J 10.9 J 1240 1.3 U 26.4 J 13.1 UJ 164 1.3 U 32000 293 J 6000 293 J 6000 293 J 6000 1.3 U 1.3 U	0.66 39.1 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
SB-33SR 5/91 (2-4)	4960 2.1 J 3.4 J 118 1.1 U 1250 J 126 UJ 32.0 121 U 9920 121 J 78900 546 0.40 14.7 93.1 10.5 R 10.5 R 10.5 R 10.5 R 10.5 R	0.018 0.16 0.017 0.01 NA
SB-29W 5/91 (7-11)	11000 1.1 UJ 3.4 J 93.1 1.1 U 56400 13.9 J 11.2 UJ 28.9 1.1 U 9440 322 J 0.10 U 37.8 435 1.1 R 1.3 U 670 U 1.3 U 670 U 1.3 U 37.8	<u> </u>
SB-29SR 5/91 (4-7)	11200 4.3 J 5.8 J 107 1.2 U 1.2 U 72900 57.0 J 11.9 UJ 69.5 3.8 19000 175 J 24100 456 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.8 1.1 R 1.1 R 1.1 U	0.079 0.885 NA NA NA NA
SB-28W 5/91 (5-11)	3850 22.0 J 6.3 J 76.0 1.4 U 35600 708 14.5 UJ 87.1 1.4 U 77200 371 J 7630 244 J 56.9 56.9 56.9 56.9 1.4 R 1.7 U 873 U 1.4 U	0.16 0.225 0.024 0.0024 0.0002
SB-28SR 5/91 (2-5)	7880 1.1 UJ 4.7 J 86.5 1.1 U 1.720 J 29.4 J 11.3 UJ 22.9 1.1 U 14100 88.1 50200 1270 19.3 1270 11.1 U 678 U 1.1 U 678 U 1.1 U	4 4 4 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2
SB-27W 5/91 (5-13.5)	4610 135 J 7.5 J 38.2 1.3 U 55800 J 26.7 5.3 U 87.2 9.87 7500 J 1470 J 44.7 J 3.6 62.2 145 1.3 U 269 U 1.3 U	0.223 1.87 NA NA NA NA
SB-27SR 5/91 (2-5)	4620 1.1 UJ 4.1 J 4.9.7 1.1 U 1.29000 J 1.15 U 9200 J 47.3 66600 J 676 J 676 J 676 J 1.1 R 1.3 U 1.3 U 1.3 U 1.1 R 1.1 U	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Z Z Z Z Z Z
Location: Date Collected: Depth:	1 ypical Range 1000-25000 3 - 12 15 - 600 0 - 1.75 0.01 - 2.0 130 - 35000 1.5 - 40 2.5 - 60 < 1 - 15 < 17500 - 2.5 - 60 < 1 - 15 < 17500 - 2.5 - 60 < 1 - 15 < 17500 - 2.5 - 60 < 1 - 15 < 17500 - 2.5 - 60 < 1 - 15 < 17500 - 25000 0.042 - 0.066 0.042 -	
Clean-up Objective (TAGM 4046)	SB 7.5 or SB 300 or SB 0.16 (HEAST) or SB 10 SB 25 or SB *** 2000 or SB 25 or SB 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 8	ng/L) Regulatory Limit 5 5 5 5 6 0.2
	Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Beryllium Cadmium Cadmium Calcium Chromium Copper Copper Copper Copalt Copper Magnesium Magnesium Magnesium Magnesium Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium Vanadium	Leachability Testing (mg/L) TCLP Lead EP TOX Lead TCLP Chromium EPTOX Chromium TCLP Mercury

Notes:

All concentrations reported in mg/kg (ppm), except as noted.
** - Referenced from Bowen (1979), Shacklette et al (1984), Shacklette et al (1971), Walsh et al (1977).
U - Indicates element was analyzed for but not detected.
B - Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit but less than the contract required detection limit.
J - Indicates an estimated value. (GC/MS only).
TCLP and Eptox results in mg/L (ppm).

Table 10
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Ground Water Volatile Organic Data

	NYS Class GA Water Quality Standards	MW-7S 6/91	MW-7S 9/91	MW-7D 6/91	BL Dup MW-7D 6/91	MW-7D 9/91
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHENE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	1	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
1,1-DICHLOROETHENE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	0.6	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
1,2-DICHLOROETHENE (TOTAL)*	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
2-BUTANONE MEK	50	10 u		10 u	10 u	
2-HEXANONE	NE	10 u		10 u	10 u	
4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE	NE	10 u		10 u	10 u	
ACETONE	5	10 u		10 u	10 u	
BENZENE*	. 1	0.8 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE	NE	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
BROMOFORM	NE	5 u	1 u	5 u	5 u	1 u
BROMOMETHANE	5	10 u	0.4 u	10 u	10 u	0.4 u
CARBON DISULFIDE	60	5 u		5 u	5 u	
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
CHLOROBENZENE*	5	5 u	6 j	5	5 u	2.7
CHLOROETHANE	5	10 u	0.4 u	10 u	10 u	0.4 u
CHLOROFORM	7	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
CHLOROMETHANE	NE	10 u	0.4 u	10 u	10 u	0.4 u
CIS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE	0.4	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
ETHYLBENZENE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
STYRENE	NE	5 u	0.0	5 u	5 u	2.0
TETRACHLOROETHENE* TOLUENE	5	5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
TOTAL XYLENES	5 5	5 u 5 u	0.2 u	5 u	5 u	0.2 u
TRANS-1,3-DICHLOROPROPANE	NE	<u>5 u</u> 5 u	0.2 u 0.2 u	<u>5 u</u> 5 u	5 u 5 u	0.2 u 0.2 u
TRICHLOROETHENE*	NE 5	5 u	0.2 u 0.2 u			
VINYL ACETATE	NE	5 u	∪.∠ u	5 u 5 u	5 u 5 u	0.2 u
VINYL ACETATE VINYL CHLORIDE*	2	Ծ u 10 u	0.4 u	5 u 10 u	5 u 10 u	0.4 u
Total S-Area VOCs	2	ND	0.4 u 6	10 u 5	ND	0.4 u 2.7
Other VOCs		ND	ND	ND	ND	2.7 ND
Other VOO3		IND	ND	שאו	שוו	ND

Notes: Data from Buffalo Avenue Site Investigation Report;

O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.; 1991C

Results presented in ug/kg (ppb)

U - Compound Analyzed but not detected

J - Indicates an estimated value (GC/MS only)

B - Analyte is found in the associated blank as well as in the sample.

RE - Sample reanalyzed due to quality control assurances.

* - "S" Area Indicator

NE - Not established

Table 11
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue
Ground Water - Semivolatile Organic Compounds

	NYS Class			
	GA Water		BL Dup	
	Quality	MW-7D	MW-7D	MW-7S
	Standards	6/91	6/91	6/91
-				
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene*	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
1,2-Dichlorobenzene*	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
1,3 - Dichlorobenzene*	NE	12 u	12 u	6 j
1,4 - Dichlorobenzene*	NE	12 u	12 u	6 j
2-Chloronaphthalene*	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
2,4,5 - Trichlorophenol*	1	62 u	62 u	62 u
2,4,6 - Trichlorophenol	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
2,4-Dichlorophenol	1	12 u	12 u	12 u
2,4-Dimethylphenol	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
2,4-Dinitrophenol	5	62 u	62 u	62 u
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	5	12 u	12 u	12 u
2-Chlorophenol	50	12 u	12 u	12 u
2-Methylphenol	5	12 u	12 u	12 u
2-Nitroaniline	5	62 u	62 u	62 u
2-Nitrophenol	5	12 u	12 u	12 u
2-Methylnaphthalene**	50	12 u	12 u	12 u
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	NE	25 u	25 u	25 u
3-Nitroaniline	5	62 u	62 u	62 u
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	NE	62 u	62 u	62 u
4- methylphenol	50	12 u	12 u	12 u
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	5	12 u	12 u	12 u
4-Chloroaniline	5	12 u	12 u	12 u
4-Chlorophenol-phenylether	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
4-Nitroaniline	NE	62 u	62 u	62 u
4-Nitrophenol	5	62 u	62 u	62 u
Acenaphthene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Acenaphthylene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Anthracene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Benzo(a) anthracene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Benzo(a)pyrene**	0.002(ND)	12 u	12 u ·	12 u
Benzo(b)fluoranthene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Benzo(k)fluoranthene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Benzoic Acid	NE	62 u	62 u	62 u
Benzyl alcohol	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	5	12 u	12 u	12 u
Bis(2ethylhexyl)phthalate	5	12 u	12 u	12 u
Butylbenzylphthalate	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Chrysene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Di-n-butylphthalate	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Di-n-octylphthalate	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u

Table 11 Phase II Investigation One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Ground Water - Semivolatile Organic Compounds

	NYS Class			
	GA Water		BL Dup	
	Quality	MW-7D	MW-7D	MW-7S
	Standards	6/91	6/91	6/91
Dilement				
Dibenzofuran	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Diethylphthalate	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Dimethylphthalate	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Fluoranthene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Fluorene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Hexachlorobenzene*	0.04	12 u	12 u	12 u
Hexachlorobutadiene*	0.05	12 u	12 u	12 u
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene.*	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Hexachloroethane	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Isophorone	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
N-Nitorosodiphenylamine	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Naphthalene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Nitrobenzene	0.4	12 u	12 u	12 u
Pentachlorophenol	1	62 u	62 u	62 u
Phenanthrene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
Phenol	1	12 u	12 u	12 u
Pyrene**	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
bis(2-chloroisoprpyl)ether	NE	12 u	12 u	12 u
(= -:		, <u></u>	12 U	12 U
Total S-Area SVOCs		ND	ND	12
PAHs		ND	ND	ND
Other SVOCs		ND	ND	ND

All Values (ug/L)

u- Compound analyzed but not detected j- Estimated value

NE - Not established

* - "S" Area Indicator

** - PAH Compound

Table 12
Phase II Investigation
One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Site
Ground Water - Pesticides/PCBs

	NYS Class GA Water Quality Standards	MW-7S 6/91	MW-7S 9/91	BL DUP MW-7S 9/91	MW-7D 6/91	BL DUP MW-7D 6/91
4,4-DDD	0.3	0.2 u	0.001 u	0.01 u	0.2 u	0.2 u
4,4-DDE	0.2	0.2 u	0.001 u	0.01 u	0.2 u	0.2 u
4,4-DDT	0.2	0.2 u	0.001 u	0.01 u	0.2 u	0.2 u
Aldrin	ND(<0.01)	0.07 u	0.071	0.067	0.07 u	0.07 u
Alpha- BHC	ND(<0.05)	0.064 j	0.81	0.089	0.07 u	0.07 u
Aroclor-1016	NÉ	0.7 u			0.7 u	0.7 u
Aroclor-1016	NE	0.7 u			0.7 u	0.7 u
Aroclor-1221	NE	0.7 u			0.7 u	0.7 u
Aroclor-1232	NE	0.7 u			0.7 u	0.7 u
Aroclor-1242	· NE	0.7 u			0.7 u	0.7 u
Aroclor-1248	NE	0.7 u			0.7 u	0.7 u
Aroclor-1254	NE	2 u			2 u	2 u
Aroclor-1260	NE	2 u			2 u	2 u
Beta- BHC	NE	0.07 u	0.093	0.016	0.07 u	0.07 u
Chlordane	0.05	0.07 u	0.007 u	0.07 u	0.07 u	0.07 u
Delta- BHC	ND(<0.05)	0.07 u	0.017	0.004	0.07 u	0.07 u
Dieldrin	0.004	0.2 u	0.001 u	0.01 u	0.2 u	0.2 u
Endosulfan II	NE	0.2 u	0.001 u	0.01 u	0.2 u	0.2 u
Endosulfan I	NE	0.07 u	0.034	0.046	0.07 u	0.07 u
Endosulfan sulfate	NE	0.2 u	0.001 u	0.01 u	0.2 u	0.2 u
Endrin	ND	0.2 u	0.013	0.014	0.2 u	0.2 u
Endrin Aldehyde	5	0.2 u			0.2 u	0.2 u
Endrin Ketone	5	0.2 u	0.02 u	0.02 u	0.2 u	0.2 u
Gamma-BHC	ND(<0.05)	0.33 u	0.004 u	0.004 u	0.07 u	0.16
Heptachlor	. 0.04	0.07 u	0.004 u	0.004 u	0.07 u	0.07 u
Heptachlor epoxide	0.03	0.07 u	0.008	0.008	0.07 u	0.07 u
Methoxychlor	35	0.7 u	0.02 u	0.02 u	0.7 u	0.7 u
Toxaphene	0.06	2 u			2 u	2 u
Total Pesticides		0.064	1.046	0.24	ND	0.16
Total PCBs*		0.09	ND	ND	ND	ND

All Values (ug/L)

u- Compound analyzed but not detected

j- Estimated value

ND - Not detected

NE - Not established

* - Standard applies to sum of PCBs

Ground Water - Inorganic Analyses One-Acre Site - Buffalo Avenue Phase II Investigation Table 13

BL DUP MW-7D MW-7D SOLUBLESOLUBLE 6/91 9/91	0.05 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.001 UJ 0.007 J 182 J 0.007 J 0.008 U 0.006 U 0.006 U 0.006 U 0.006 U 0.006 U 0.006 U
11	0.05 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.01 U 0.02 U 0.002 U 0.002 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U
MW-7D SOLUBLE 6/91	0.05 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.003 U 0.005 U 0.01 U 0.02 U 0.02 U 0.004 144 0.017 0.002 U 0.002 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U
MW-7D TOTAL 9/91	0.005 R 0.026 0.286 0.000 U
BL DUP MW-7D TOTAL 6/91	13.4 J 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 586 0.005 U 0.02 U 0.01 U 0.089 J 180 J 0.089 J 0.089 J 0.005 U 0.006 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U
MW-7D TOTAL 6/91	3.171 J 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 514 J 0.02 U 0.017 J 137 J 0.05 U 0.000 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.005 U
BL DUP MW-7S SOLUBLE 9/91	0.01 UJ 0.005 U 0.000 U
MW-7S SOLUBLE 9/91	0.002 R 0.01 0.003 0.003
MW-7S MW-7S SOLUBLE SOLUBLE 6/91 9/91	0.05 U 0.07 0.046 0.005 U 0.005 U 0.01 U 0.02 U 0.01 U 0.01 U 0.01 U 0.000 U 0.000 U 0.000 U 0.000 U 0.000 U 0.000 U 0.000 U
BL DUP MW-7S TOTAL 9/91	0.15 R 3.46 J 0.054 J 0.749 0.021
MW-7S TOTAL 9/91	0.075 R 0.068 J 0.979 1.01 J
MW-7S TOTAL 6/91	10.4 J 0.34 0.01 0.034 0.01 U 0.01 U 920 0.18 0.27 1.04 J 30.5 0.05 0.05 0.01 U 0.01 U 0.02 U 0.05 U
NYS Class GA Water Quality Standards	0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.04 0.05
	ALUMINUM ANTIMONY ARSENIC BARSENIC BARIUM CADMIUM CALCIUM CALCIUM CALCIUM CALCIUM COBALT CONDUCTIVITY COPPER CYANIDE HEXAVALENT IRON LEAD MAGNESIUM MAGNESIUM MAGNESIUM MANGANESE MERCURY NICKEL POTASSIUM SILVER SODIUM THALLIUM THALLIUM THALLIUM TURBIDITY VANADIUM ZINC PH

E - Indicates a value estimated or not reported due to the presence of interference N - Indicates spike sample recovery is not within control limits W - Post digestion spike for Furnance AA analysis is out of control limits (85-115%), while sample absorbance is less than 50% of spike absorbance * Indicates duplicate analysis is not within control limits .

B - Indicates a value greater than or equal to the instrument detection limit but less than the contract required detection limit UJ - indicates that detection level is an estimated value and element was not detected

Notes:

Table 14

Phase II Investigation Water Treatment Plant - One Acre Site Niagara Falls, New York

TCLP Analyses

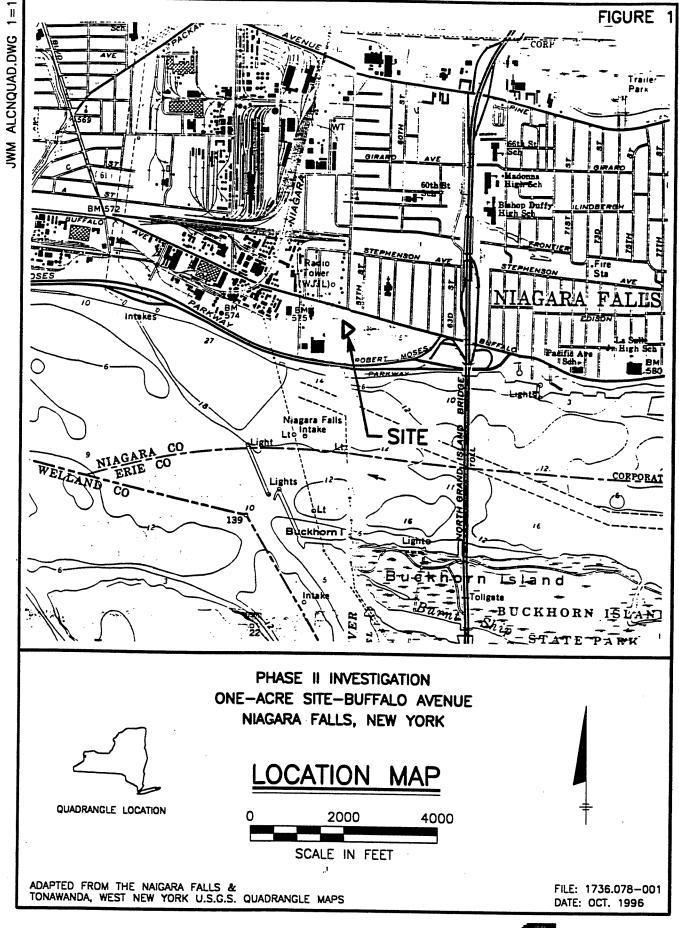
Location:	Maximum	
	Concentration	SB-7F
Date Collected:	Per Part 261*	2/19/96
Pyridine	5	0.085 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	7.5	0.008 U
2-Methylphenol	****	0.007 J
3&4-Methylphenol	****	0.018
Hexachloroethane	0.13	U 800.0
Nitrobenzene	2	0.008 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	0.5	0.008 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	2	0.008 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	400.0	0.008 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	0.13	0.008 U
Hexachlorobenzene	0.13	0.008 U
Pentachlorophenol		0.004 U
Vinyl Chloride	0.2	<.002
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.7	<.001
Chlorobenzene	100.0	<.001
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5	<.001
Chloroform	6	<.001
Benzene	0.5	<.001
Trichloroethene	0.5	<.001
2-Butanone	*************	<.001
Tetrachloroethene	0.7	<.001
Carbon tetrachloride	0.5	<.001
Arsenic	5	<5.0
Barium	100.0	<10
Cadmium	1.0	<1
Chromium	5.0	<5
Lead	5.0	11
Mercury	0.2	<.0005
Selenium	1.0	<.1
Silver	5.0	<.5
		,,
Lindane	0.4	<.00025
Heptachlor	0.008	<.00025
Heptachlor Epoxide		<.00025
Endrin	0.02	<.00050
Methoxychlor	10.0	<.0025
Chlordane	0.03	<.0025
Toxaphene	0.5	<.0025
	-	

Notes: Results reported in mg/L (ppm)

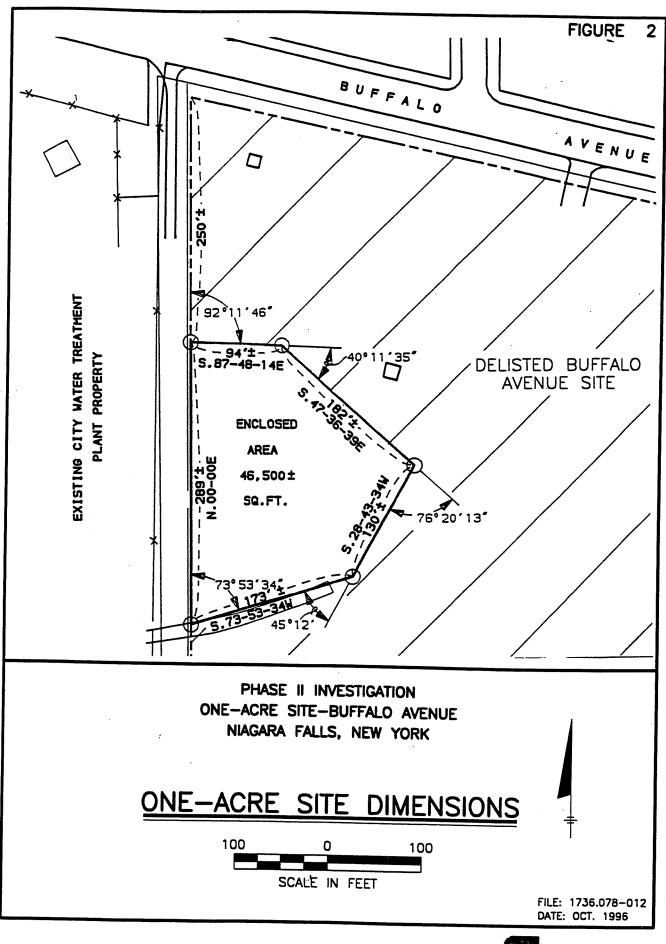
J - Estimated value

U - Not detected

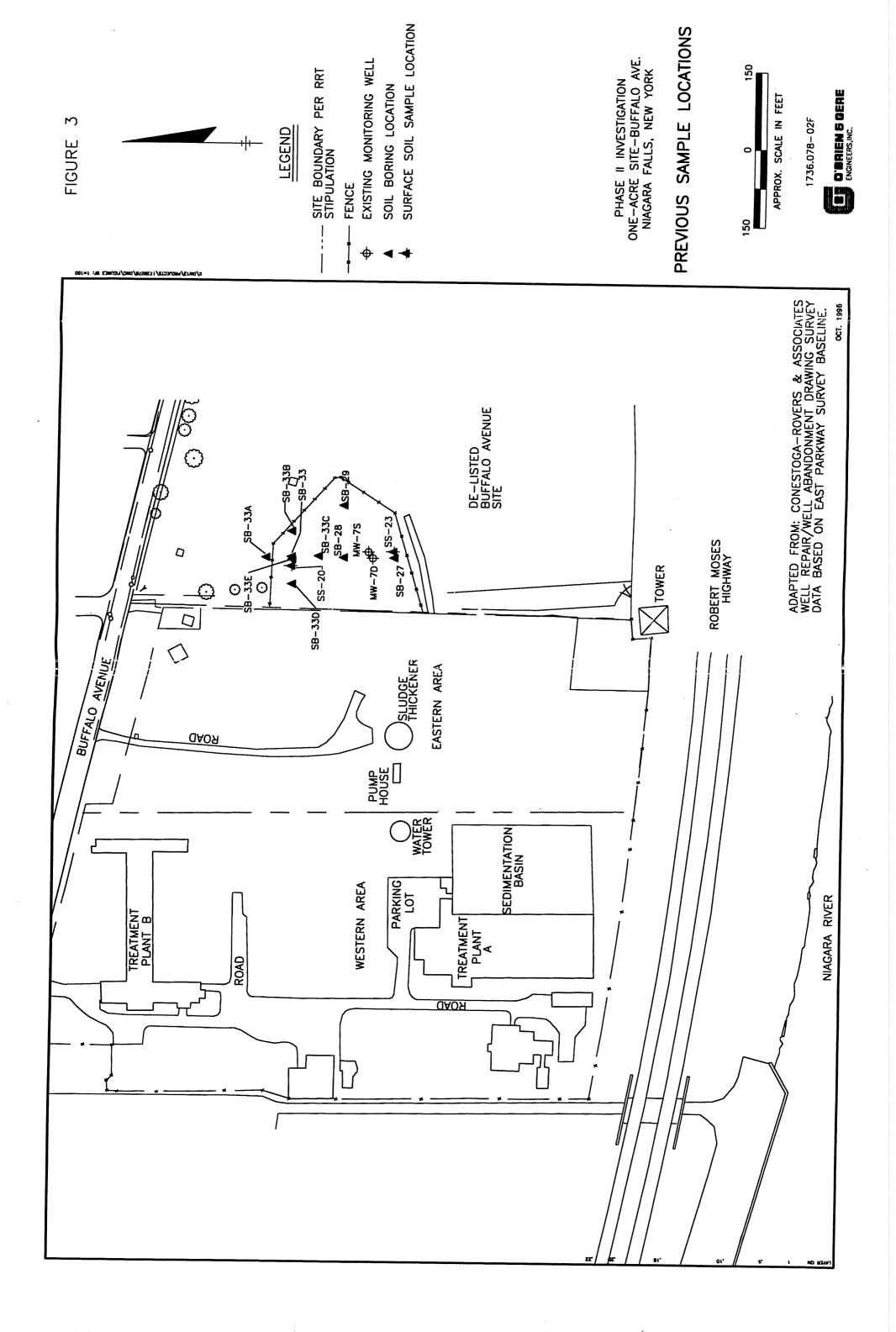
^{* - 40}CFR Part 261 Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste

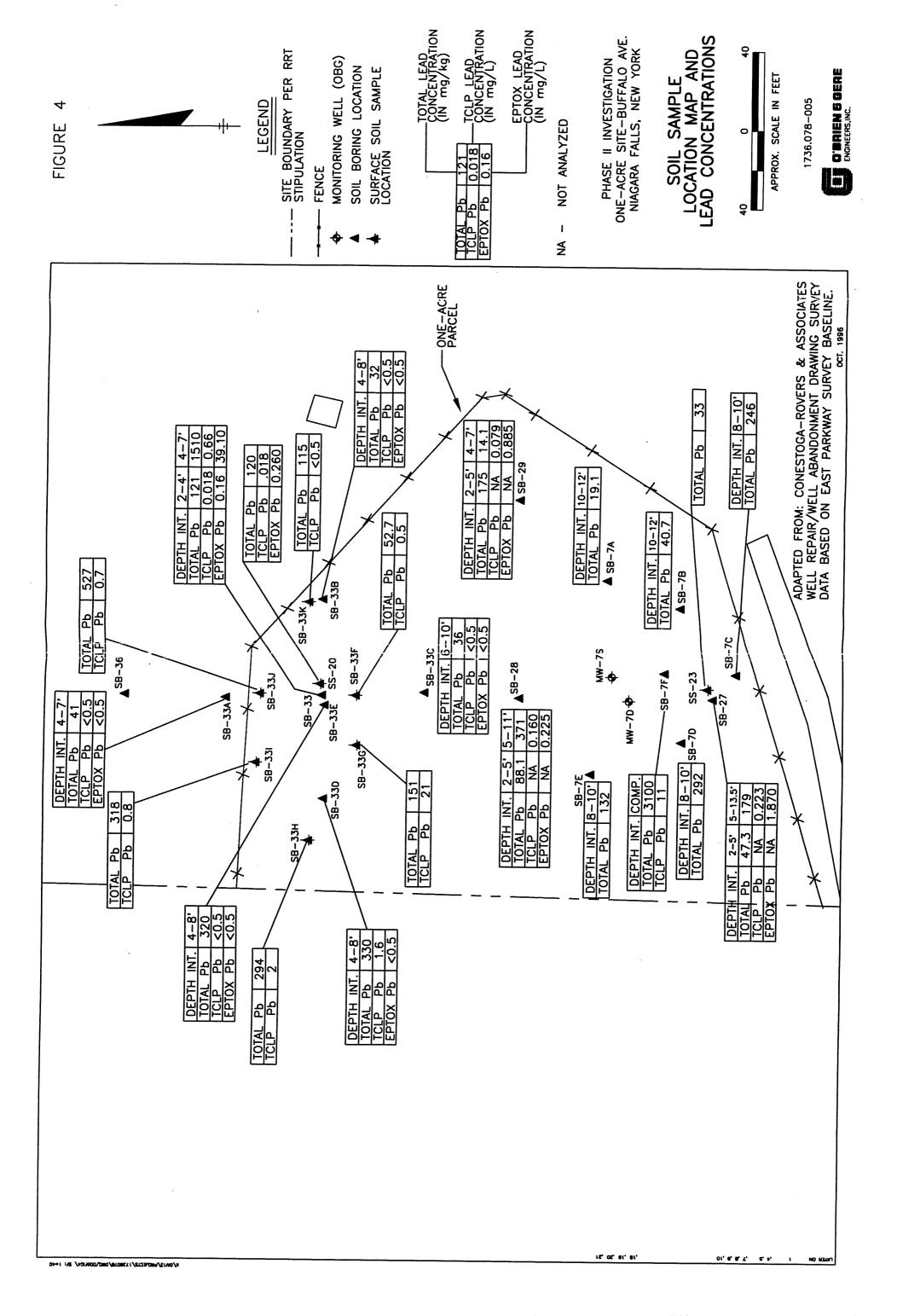


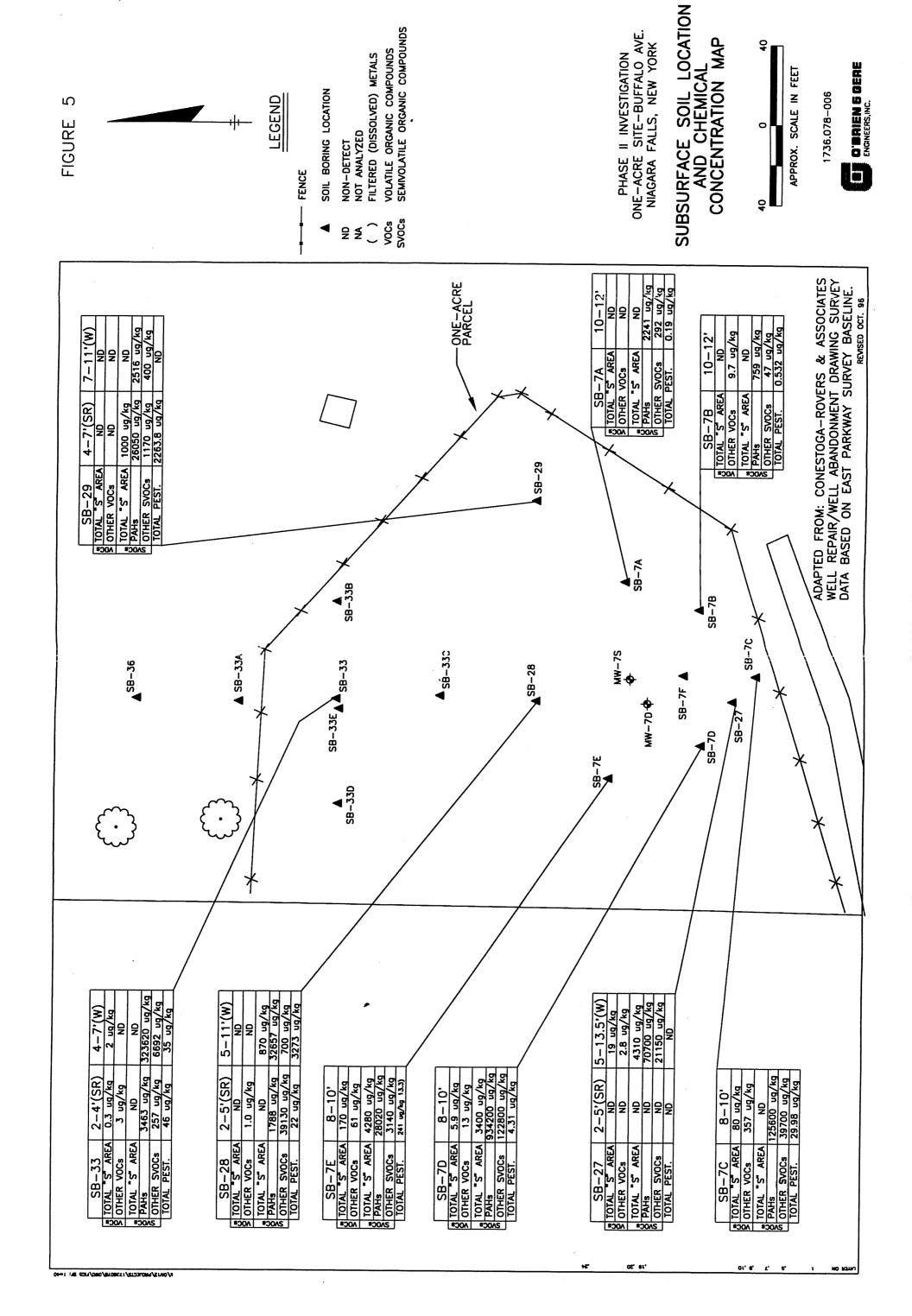


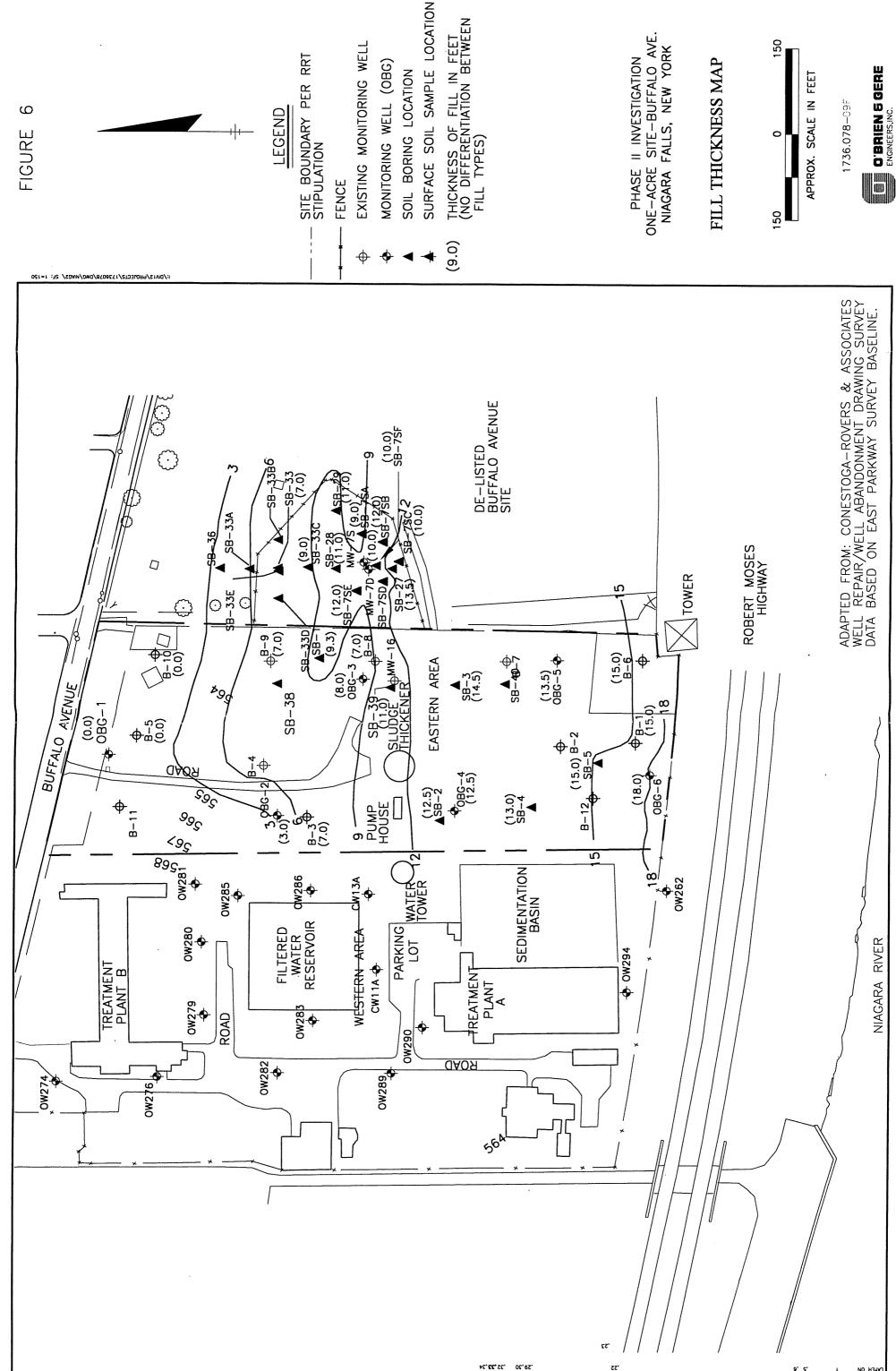












NO BEAN

Appendix A

Soil Boring Logs and Monitoring Well Completion Diagrams

'BRII	 =N &	GERE EN	IGINEERS.	INC:		TEST BORING LOG	REPORT OF E	BORING SB	-27	
CLIENT		•	iagara Falls		2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011	SAMPLER Split Spoon 2"				
į		-	_			HAMMER: 140 lbs. FALL: 30°	LOCATION:	N500 E1100		
10JB	T LO	CATION:	Buffalo Ave	Site		ANALYTICAL SAMPLES DEPTH ID# ANALYSIS	START DATE: END DATE:	5/14/91 5/14/91		
FILEN) <u>:</u>	1736.046				2-4' SB-27SR TCL VOC				
		IPANY:	Parratt-Wolff	, Inc.		5-6' SB-27W TCL VOC 2-5' SB-27SR TCL Para.	LEGEND:	Grout Sand Pac		Screen Riser
OBG GI		Jim Lensin GIST:	g John Mason			5-13.5' SB-27W TCL Para. GROUND ELEVATION: 572.1'	4	Peliets		•
PTH							STRATUM		RELD 1	TESTING
BELOW		DEPTH	BLOWS	PENETR/	.N.	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	CHANGE GENERAL	EQUIPMENT	PID	HEAD-
GRADE 0	NO.	(FEET)	A6**	RECOVERY	VALUE		DESCRIPT	INSTALLED		SPACE
										
L										
<u>2</u>	1	2-4'	6-6-6-6	2'/1.5'	12	Dry, red brown, fine to very fine SAND,	SHOT ROCK		0	0
3						some angular <u>m</u> edium gravel, some medium sand, little silt				
		4 6	6.5.5.0							
4	2	4-6'	6-5-5-3	2'/2'	10	(4-5') Same as above			0	0
5						(5-6") Moist, black, medium SAND, some fine	5'			
6	3	6-8'	4-3-7-6	2'/1'	10	sand, white lime (reacts w/HCL) and purple zones	MISC FILL		0	0
		•				Same as above, moist to wet, possible ash	*			
7										
8	4	8–10'	9-6- 5-12	2'/2'	11	Same as above, concoidally-fractured black			0	0
9						glass-like particles, reddish clasts, very fine gravel, white zone, ~1" thick near top				
10	5	10-12'	16-12- 10-8	2'/0.5'		Wet, black to red to purple, medium to coarse SAND, some fine gravel			0	0
11										
1 12	6	12-14'	12-4-6-6	2'/2'	10	(12-13.5') Same as above			0	
						(12 10.5) 02.110 25 25010				
13						(13.5-14") Laminated CLAY and SILT	13.5			
14						Bottom of Fill 13.5 ft.	NATIVE	500,000		
15						Bottom of Boring 14.0 ft.	CLAY			
16										
17										
18										
										
19										
20										
and and	Head	space analy	rsis values rep	orted in ppm	using HN	U model PI-101.				

O'BRIE	N&	GERE EN	GINEERS, I	NC.		TEST BORING LOG SAMPLER Split Spoon 2"	REPORT OF E	ORING 35	-20	
CLIENT: PROJEC		•	agara Falis Buffalo Ave	. Site		HAMMER: 140 lbs. FALL: 30° ANALYTICAL SAMPLES	LOCATION: START DATE:	5/15/91		
	_	1736.046				DEPTH ID # ANALYSIS 2-4' SB-28Si) TCL VOC	END DATE:	5/15/91		
BORING FOREMA OBG GE	COM	IPANY: Jim Lansin	Parratt-Wolff	, Inc.		6-8' SB-28W TCL VOC 2-5' SB-28SR TCL Para. 5-11' SB-28W TCL Para. GROUND ELEVATION: 573.0'	LEGEND:	Grout Sand Pac Pellets	k	S
DEPTH BELOW GRADE	NO.	DEPTH (FEET)	BLOWS	PENETR/ RECOVERY	"N" VALUE	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRATUM CHANGE GENERAL DESCRIPT	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED	PID PID	H
0					1			10000		+
1 2 3	1	2-4'	8-8-10-8	2'/1.5'	18	Dry, red/brown to clive green, very fine to fine SAND, some fine to medium angular, dark gray dolomite gravel, little silt and	SHOT ROCK		0	
4	2	4-6'	6-6-6-5	2'/1'	12	medium sand, trace clay Same as above			0	
	-	70	0003	2/1	12	Salife as above				١
5						Changing to dry, black to red/brown, fine to	5'			l
						medium SAND, little coarse and very fine sand,				1
6	3	6-8'	6-5-3-3	2'/2'	8	trace silt	MISC FILL		0	1
					·	Same as above, black sand with white specs,	· .			
7						trace black glass—like clasts				
		0.101	() ()							
. 8	4	8-10'	6-3-5-4	2./2.	8	Same as above			0	
9										
		-3								
10	5	10-12'	3-4-5-6	2'/1'	9	Same as above, wet			0	1
										1
11						Changing to damp, olive green to brown,	11'	7		ı
						silty CLAY	NATIVE			
12	6	12-14'	9-8-13-14	2'/1'	21	Moist, red/brown to olive green, silty CLAY,	CLAY		0	
13	 		•		ļ	trace fine gravel				
13	 				-					
14					 	Bottom of fill 11.0 ft.	1	[200000000]		ı
			<u> </u>	· ·	†	Bottom of Boring 14.0 ft.				
15										
]				
16	<u> </u>									
<u></u>	_					4				
17	+-				ļ					
18	┼	 			-	4				
		 			 	4				
19	T				1	4				
		1			1	†			1	1
20					1	1	1	1	1	-

, B	RIFA	1 & C	SERE ENG	SINEERS, I	NC.			REPORT OF B	oring SB-2	29	
CUE	NT:		City of Nia	igara Falls Buffalo Ave			SAMPLER Split Spoon 2" HAMMER: 140 lbs. FALL: 30" ANALYTICAL SAMPLES	LOCATION: START DATE:	N600 E1200 5/15/91		
FILE			1736.046				DEPTH ID # ANALYSIS 4-6' S8-29SR TCL VOC		5/15/91		
OF	ing Ema	COM N:	Jim Laneing	Parratt-Wolff,	Inc.		7-8' SB-29W TCL VOC 4-7' SB-29SR TCL Para. 7-11' SB-29W TCL Para. GROUND ELEVATION: 573.1'	LEGEND:	Grout Sand Pack Pellets		Srreen Riser
EP.	тн		DEPTH (FEET)	BLOWS	PENETR/ RECOVERY	"N"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	STRATUM CHANGE GENERAL DESCRIPT	EQUIPMENT INSTALLED		HEAD- SPACE
<u> Grv</u>	0										•
<u></u>	1 2	1	2-4'	6-6-5-8	2'/0	11	No recovery				
<u> </u>	3						Auger: Dry, red/brown, fine SAND, some silt, trace gravel	SHOT ROCK			
-	5	2	46'	9-10- 10-11	2'/1'	20	Same as above Auger: trace black graphite—like chips			0	0
	6	3	6-8'	10-13- 13-14	2'/2'	26	(6–7") Same as above	,		0	0
	7 8	4	8-10'	15-16-	2'/1'	27	(7-8") Dry to moist, black (shiny), medium to coarse SAND, little fine gravel, graphite—like clasts Moist, black to light green, medium SAND,	MISC FILL		0	0
<u></u>	9						little gravel and fine sand				
<u>'_</u>	10	5	10-12'	2-2-4-5	2'/2'	6	(10-117) Same as above, wet			0	0
	11						(11-12') Dry to moist, brown to olive green, fine SAND, some very fine sand, black spots	11 NATIVE	'		
	12	6	12-14'	12-13- 18-13	2'/1'	31	Dry to moist, red/brown to olive green silty CLAY			0	0
	13			·			-				
F	14	-			·		Bottom of Fill 11.0 ft. Bottom of Boring 14.0 ft.				
F	15	-					7				
	16										
F	17						7				
	18										
E	19						3				
. F	20								<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

are Sile	N 9	CEDEEN	IGINEERS,	INC		TEST BORING LOG REPORT OF BORING PAGE 1 OF 1	3B-33	
OBHIE	iv a	<u> </u>				SAMPLER Split Spoon 2°		
CLIENT:		City of N	iagara Falis			HAMMER: 140 lbs. LOCATION: N700 E11	ю	
PROJEC	TLO	CATION:	Buffalo Ave	. Site		ANALYTICAL SAMPLES START DATE: 5/15/91		
						DEPTH ID# ANALYSIS END DATE: 5/15/91		
FILE NO	<u>:</u>	1736.046)			2-4' SB-33SR TCL VOC 4-6' SB-33W TCL VOC LEGEND: SE Grout		Screen
BORING	CON	IPANY:	Parratt-Wolff	, inc.		2-4' SB-33SR TCL Para.		Riser
FOREM	NN:	Jim Lansir				4-7' SB-33W TCL Para. Pellet	, –	_
OBG GE	OLO	SIST:	John Mason		1	ROUND ELEVATION: 573.1'	BBD	TESTING
DEPTH						CHANGE	1.100	1 COTTING
BELOW		DEPTH	BLOWS	PENETR	"N"	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION GENERAL EQUIPME		HEAD-
GRADE	NO.	(FEET)	/6"	RECOVERY	VALUE	DESCRIPT INSTALL	D	SPACE
0								
1								
							İ	
2	1	2-4'	15-12-	2'/1'	21	Ory, red/brown to brown, fine SAND, some SHOT ROCK	0	0
			9-9			ilt and very fine sand, little angular dark		
3						ray dolomite fine gravel		1
	_	4 61	6543	0100				
4	2	46'	5-5-4-3	2'/2'	9	Aoist, black, medium to coarse SAND, some 4' Ine sand, little graphite, trace green lime MISC FILL	0	0
5			·			ine sand, little graphite, trace green lime MISC FILL and glass		1
						no Area		
6	3	6-8'	4-3-3-2	2'/2'	6	6-7') Same as above	0	0
7						7-8') Moist to wet, olive green to brown/orange 7		
	<u> </u>					slayey SILT, some very fine sand NATIVE	_	
8						Sottom of Fill 7.0 ft. SILTY		1
9	_					Sottom of Boring 8.0 ft. SAND		
—	 							1
10								
11								1
<u> </u>	-							1
12	-			1			1	
13	\vdash							
	1	 			 			
14								
15	<u> </u>					·		
16	-					•		
10	\vdash				 			
17							ł	
				1	1		;	
18							1	
	<u> </u>							
19	-							
20	\vdash	<u> </u>						
		1		1	1			
PID and	Head	ispace ene	iveis values re	nosted in non	ioo Li	U model PI-101.		

* d:	FIE	ii Ce	ENE E	lelileen	3 11/2	TEST BORING LOG	REP	ORT OF		RINC
Clien	rt:	City	of Niaga	ra Falla		Sampler: 2*Split Spoon		SB-7A		
Proj.	Loc	One Niag	Acre Site ara Faile	investigati , NY	on	Hammer: 140 lbs.	Page 1			
File N		1736		ervices inc		Fail: 30°	Start Da	te: 2/9/9: e: 2/9/9:	5	
Foren	nan:	····patiy		winnich	•		Screen		Grou	
OBG	Geol	ogist:		n O'Dell	T		Riser		Sand	Pac
Depth Below		Dept	h Blows	Penetr/	"N"		Stratum Change		FI	eld sting
Grade		1		Recovery		Sample Description	General	Equip.	LIG.	1
0	1	0-2	34-13	2.0/1.3	25	Dry, brown, medium dense, SILT, some very	Descript	installed	(ppm)	
1	 	 	12-10			Tine to fine sand, little fine angular			0.9	
						gravel, trace organics (plant roots).				
2	2	2-4	9-9-7-7	2.0/1.5	16	Damp, brown, medium dans, our				
3						Damp, brown, medium dense, SILT, some very fine to fine sand, little fine angular	.		0.8	
			1			gravel.] .	I	- 1	
4	3	4-6	7-8-5-6	2.0/1.3	13	Demo ii			- 1	
				,	- 13	Damp, medium brown to olive, medium dense SILT and fine sand, little clay.		.	0.3	
5						tire saire, ittue ciay.				
6	4	6-8	4-5-4-4	2.0/1.2		·	1			
				2.0/1.2	9	Damp, medium brown to olive, loose SILT and			0.7	
7]					fine SAND, some clay to 7.5 ft., then black cinders and white ash.				
8	5	8-10	10-14	20%						
			9-8	2.0/1.4	23	Damp, red to medium brown, medium dense			0.2	
•						SILT, some clay, an ash and cinder layer at 9.0-9.5 ft., then organics (plant stalks).			V.E	
10	6	10-12				re, men organics (plant stalks).		1		
-	-	10-12	8-10 12-13	2.0/1.5	22	Damp to wet, brown to olive green, medium		1		
1						dense, SILT, some fine sand, some clay			2.1	I
2	7				'	ittle cinders, trace angular gravel.				
+	' +	12-14	6-7-3-2	2.0/1.7	10	Saturated, dark olive green, medium dense,				
3	_				v	ery fine SAND and SILT.		I	0.7	- 1
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eadsp	- 1		- nu sulle	>e.				1	1	

	1:11:		H====	3)(d1)(E3)		TEST BORING LOG	RED	ORT OF		511.6
Cile	nt:	CI	V of Nic	gara Falls			''			HING
		Or	e Acre S	ite investiga	M	Sampler: 2*Split Spoon	Don't	SB-7B		
)].	. Lóc	: Mi	ngara Fa	ila, NY	HON		Page 1	Of 1		
	No.:					Hammer: 140 lbs.	-COLLIO	11:		
		17	36.078			Fall: 30"	Start Da	te: 2/9/9:	5	
	man:	; ompai	ıy. Sub Ken	Services in Swinnich	C.		End Date	9: 2/9/ <u>9</u>	5	
		logist	Cha	Mu O,Dell			Screen		Gro	
					7		Riser		Sand	d Pack
rt				1	1		Stratum			onite
9101		De	oth Blow	,	"N"	Samula B	Change			eld
rao:	No			Recover	y Value	Sample Description	General	Equip.	No.	sting
_	1-1	<u> </u>		2.0/1.0	23	Dry, brown to gray, medium dense, medium to	Descript	installed	(mag)	
1	+	+	10-8	3		coarse GRAVEL, little silt, trace fine to			1.3	
		+				medium sand, trace fine gravel.				
_	2	2-4	35-18	3 2.0/1.3	+				Ì	'
			14-13		32	Dry to damp, reddish brown to brown, dense,	1 1	1		
3					†	fine SAND, some slit, some fine to coarse gravel, little clay.		- 1	0.4	
4	3	4-8			1	e		1	- 1	- 1
4	-	+ ***	3-4-3-3	2.0/1.2	7	Damp to wet, brown, loose, SILT and fine			- 1	
			+			SAND, little clay, trace fine angular gravel.		- 1	0.0	
1						Amon Aidadi'		- 1		
\bot	4	6-8	4-3-4-5	2.0/1.5	7					
4						Same as above.				
Ţ						1	1		0.3	
1	5	8-10	5-2-1-1							į
士		- 10	3-2-1-1	2.0/0.3	3 S	sturated, black, very loose CINDER and ASH,				
1 100						ttle recovery.			1.0	
,-	\Box							- 1	-	
+	6	10-12	5-6-6-4	2.0/1.5	12 S	aturated brown to blood		- 1		1
·	\dashv				ar	aturated, brown to black, medium dense, SILT and very fine SAND, some cinders, little fine	1		.5	1
	\dashv				an	gular gravel, trace clay.			-	
I	7	12-14	4-5-5-10	2.0/1.4						1
,					10 Sa	sturated, olive green to brown, medium		1		
-	\perp					rise, very fine SAND, some silt (clive)		10	.8	
+-	+				sitt	ninations, turning to brown clay, little	·			1.
_ ر	- -								- 1	
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				(ell)(sage		, a		SB-7C	;	
Clien	K:		f Niagai	ra Falls Investigation		Sampler: 2*Split Spoon	Page 1			
Proj.	Loc:	Niaga	ra Falls,	, NY NY	on	Hammer: 140 lbs.	Location	ı:		
File N	io.:	1736.0	78			Fall: 30°	Start Da	te: 2/10/1		
Borin	g Co			ervices inc.	· ·	1	End Date Screen			
Foren		1-4-		Maddox			Riser		Gro	ut d Pac
OBG	Georg	ogist:	Chawr	O'Dell	<u> </u>					tonite
Depti			·				Stratum			ield
Below		Depth	Blows	Penetr/	"N"	Sample Description	Change	. .		eting
Grade	No.		/6*	Recovery	1	Cample Description	General Descript	Equip.	HS	
0	1	0-2	2-4	2.0/1.5	18	Dry to damp, medium brown to gray, medium	Descript	Installed		<u>) </u>
			14-13			dense, SILT, some clay, little very fine sand			0.6	
1	<u> </u>					to 1.5 ft., then coarse gravel.				İ
2	2	2-4	7-9-7-8	0.0/4.4						
	+-	2-7	1-9-1-0	2.0/1.4	16	Damp, medium brown, medium dense, SILT,			0.2]
3	1	 	 			some clay, little very fine to fine sand.				
4	3	4-6	7 -9-8 -12	2.0/0.5	17	Dry, brownish gray, medium dense, medium to			0.9	ĺ
5						coarse, angular GRAVEL, little silt, little			U.9	
J						very fine sand.				
6	4	6-8	10-8-8-7	2.0/0.7	16	Domp. dock horses to the con-				l
				0.0/0.1		Damp, dark brown to black, medium dense, fine to medium SAND, some cinders, little white			0.5	
7						ash, little silt, trace coarse gravel.				
8						·		l		
-	5	8-10	2-3-5-5	2.0/1.2	8	Wet, black, loose CINDERS, some silt, little			1.1	
9						orange brick, little fine angular gravel,				
						little fine to coarse sand.		ĺ		
10	6	10-12	7-3-4-4	2.0/1.8	7	Saturated, olive green, loose, fine SAND,		İ		
						some siit, little medium sand.			0.3	
11										
12	7	12-14	4-5-7-5	2.0/2.0	12	Sama an abassa As an as	1			
				2.0/2.0	_'	Same as above, to 13.5 ft., then medium brown, medium dense, CLAY, some silt, trace			0.0	
13						horizontally and vertically bedded organics		1		
14						(plants).			l	
' -							İ	1	ł	
15										
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	space			ace.						

6%:1	IE	203	BEEN	[e]])[==;];	% I) is	TEST BORING LOG	REP	ORT OF		IIN
Client	:	City	1 Niagai	a Felia		···		SB-7D		
		One A	cre Site	investigati	^	Sampler: 2*Split Spoon	Page 1	of 1		
Proj. i	Loc:	Niaga	ra Falls,	NY	-	Hammer: 140 ibs.	Location	1:		
File N		1736.0		ervices inc.		Fall: 30"	Start Da	te: 2/10/9 2/10/9	95 95	
Forem	an:	·· p- a y .	Dave A	Maddox			Screen		Grou	_
OBG (gist:		O'Dell		,	Riser		Sand	Pa
Depth			1				Stratum			old
Below			Blows	Penetr/	'N"	Sample Description	Change		Tea	itin
Grade		`		Recovery	Value	- Pro Description	General	Equip.	HS	
<u> </u>	1	0-2	3-4-4-5	2.0/1.7	8	Dry, medium brown, loose, SILT, some very	Descript	Installed	(ppm)	
1						fine to fine sand, little fine to medium			0.1	
						angular gravel, trace cinders.		ļ	' 	
2	2	2-4	4-6	3040		•	1 1		- 1	
-+		• ~	11-11	2.0/1.0	17	Dry, light to medium brown, medium dense,	1 1		0.9	
3			. 1-11			Tine SAND, some silt, some fine to coarse		l	U. U	
						angular gravel, little medium sand, trace	1		. 1	
4	3	4-6	3-8-7-6	2.0/0.8		coarse sand.				
				0/0.8	15	Damp, medium brown, medium dense, SILT,			0.1	
5						some very fine sand, little clay, trace fine angular gravel.				
						anguar graver.] [1	
6	4	6-8	6-6-8-6	2.0/1.0	14	Damp to wet, brown to black medium dense,				
7						ine SAND, some sitt, little cinders, little			0.4	
'	\dashv					fine to medium angular gravel, trace orange				
8	5	8-10				DINCK.				
	- +	0-10	3-6	1.2/1.1	87	Wet, black, loose SILT, some fine to coarse				
9	\dashv		81/0.2		!	land, little black cinders, little fine			1.8	
_	- -				!	ingular gravel to 9.0 ft., then very dense		1 .		
10	\dashv					ravel/cobble, (spoon refusal).				
					——!	luger/spoon refusal at 9.2 ft. Apparent				
11					I	arge piece of shot rock. Boring terminated				
					——	t 9.2 ft.				
12										
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orehole	was g	routed to	the surfac	;e.			1	1	1	
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TEST BORING LOG REPORT OF BORING Carien & Ceres and Needs in (SB-7E Client: City of Niagara Falls Sampler: 2*Split Spoon Page 1 of 1 One Acre Site investigation Location: Proj. Loc: Niagara Fails, NY Hammer: 140 lbs. Start Date: 2/10/95 File No.: 1736.078 Fall: 30" End Date: 2/10/95 Boring Company: SJB Services Inc. Screen Foreman: Dave Maddox Grout Riser **OBG Geologist:** Sand Pack Chawn O'Dell Bentonite Stratum Depth Field Change Below Depth Blows Testing Penetr/ "N" Sample Description General Grade No. Equip. (feet) /6" Recovery H8 Value Descript Installed 6-12 (ppm) 2.0/0.5 Damp, dark brown, medium dense, SILT, little 12-14 0.3 very fine sand, little fine gravel, trace ciay. 2 2 2-4 10-11 2.0/0 20 No recovery. 9-9 3 4 3 4-6 14-14 2.0/1.3 24 Damp, white, medium dense, ASH, some brown 10-7 1.1 sift, little fine to medium angular gravel, 5 trace sand, trace cinder (moderate odor). 6 4 8.8 11-11 2.0/1.5 Damp, brown to black, medium dense, 5-5 0.3 CINDER and SILT, little gravel, little white ash. A 5 8-10 8-4 2.0/2.0 Damp to wet, white, brown, black, medium 11 3.5 7-13 dense, SILT, CINDERS and ASH, little fine 9 gravel, trace orange brick (moderate odor). 10 6 10-12 6-5-5-5 2.0/1.5 10 Wet, brown to black, medium dense SILT, some 2.9 black cinders, little white ash, little fine 11 angular gravel, little fine to coarse sand. 12 12-14 3-3-5-8 2.0/1.8 8 Wet, olive green to brown, loose, fine SAND 0.0 and SILT to 13.0 ft., then CLAY, some silt. 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 The borehole was grouted to the surface. 1S - Headspace

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PAGE 1 OF 2 NYPA, BUFFALO AVE. JOB # 13796-002 CLIENT: MW-7D BORING 573.03 SURFACE ELEVATION (FT) 575.18 TOP OF CASING ELEVATION (FT) 11/17/87 DATE STARTED: 11/19/87 DATE FINISHED: 14.15 14.2 DEPTH TO WATER (FT) 14.0 12/8/87 12/10/87 DATE 12/2/87 AS BUILT DIAGRAM **DESCRIPTIONS** DK BR-GRAY TOPSOIL, LITTLE ORG MATTER 17 3/11 DIAMETER GUARD PIPE WITH TRACE PERSON 14/16 FILL LOCKING CAP FILL, LT BR-BR RED SILTY-GRAVEL, LITTLE ROCK FONT, TR CLAY, TR ORG MATTER 7/5 11 7/8 CEMENT BENTONITE GROUT 3 6/7 13 17/16 DK BLK-GRAY CINDER, TRACE ASH 23/9 13 LITTLE GRAVEL, TRACE SLAG 5/3 5 3/4 14 54/6 10 GRIFGRY SILT, TR'ORG MATTER, TR'ROCK 19 3/3 • FONT, TRACE CLAY 4/6 DK BLK CINDER, LITTLE ONG MATTER, TRACE 7 3/7 16 GRY FINE BAND, TRACE BILT 8/12 RED-BR CLAY, TR ORG MATTER (LAKE BED CLAY 2/4 24 15 6/6 a 9 WR 2.4 WR WRAWH WH/1 11 WR/WR WHAM 12 WR/WR 24 WHAMH WRWR 25 WHWH 14 WR/WR 24 TILL, RED-BR SELTY-GRAVEL, LITTLE ROCK 1/18 19/37 30 16 16/25 12 M 32/46 BENTONTE PELLET SEAL 7/40 42/66 18 31/55 2" DIAMETER PVC WELL SCREEN, 35 GRY-GRAVEL (DOLOMITE), SOME SILT, TRACE 100:5 C.010": WELL: SLOT: SIZE CLAY

DAMES & MOORE

NYPA, BUFFALO AVE. 13796-002 CLIENT: MW-7S **BORING** 573.52 SURFACE ELEVATION (FT) 575.86 TOP OF CASING ELEVATION (FT) DATE STARTED: 11/18/87 11/18/87 DATE FINISHED: SAMPLE NUMBER 10.8 10.63 10.5 DEPTH TO WATER (FT) 12/10/87 DATE 12/2/87 12/8/87 AS BUILT DIAGRAM DESCRIPTIONS 4" DIAMETER GUARD PIPE WITH LOCKING CAP 17/19 1 16 DK BR-BLK TOPSOIL LITTLE ORG MATTER CEMENT BENTONITE GROUT T878 TRACE FINE BAND, TRACE ROCK FOMT 2" DIAMETER PVC RISER PIPE FILL, RED-SR. GRAVELLY, SELT. LITTLE. ROCK 13 6/17 POMT, TR ONG MATTER, TR CLAY FILL .48 .7.5-3" SENTONITE PELLET SEAL 13 12/5 LIGHT BROWN 7/11 27. DIAMETER PVC. WELL-SCREEN, 2 BLK CINDER, TR GRAPHITE ROOS, TR BLAG 5/22 COTO" WELL SLOT SIZE 27/21 12 5 3/3 RED BR-BR SLAG, TR WHETE FUSED PEBBLES 9/9 TR GLASS, ORANGE RESIDUE (INCINERATOR 10 WASTED 14 4/6 BLK CINDER, LITTLE SILT, TR PAPER 4/4 DK GRY SILT, LITTLE CLAY, TR CINDER 3/6 24 a. CLAY BLK-BR, LITTLE SKT, (LAKE BED 9/12 15 BORNO TERMINATED AT 14.0 PEET 20 25 30 w MOST PROSABLE CONSTIONS SASED UPON INTERPRETATION OF PRESENTLY AVAILABLE DATA. VARIATIONS FROM THESE CONSTITUTES MAY OCCUR. DAMES & MOORE

TEST BORING LOG REPORT OF BORING ्राहरू स्वास्त्र विश्वनाम् विश्वनाम् OBG SB-7SF. Client: City of Niagara Falls Sampler: 2" Split Barrel Page 1 of 1 One Acre Site Location: Approx. 10 ft South -Proj. Loc: Niagara Falls, New York Hammer: 140 lbs. Southeast of MW-7S Start Date: 2/7/96 File No.: 30" 1736.078 Fall: End Date: 2/7/96 Boring Company: SJB Services, Inc. Screen Grout Foreman: Jeff Leavell Riser Sand Pack **OBG Geologist:** Chawn O'Dell Bentonite Stratum Field Depth Change **Testing Below** Blows Depth "N" Penetr/ **Sample Description** General Equip. HNU Grade No. /6" (feet) Recovery Value **Descript** Installed UV ppm 0-2 27-52 2'/2' Pale brown (5YR 5/2), damp (frozen), 82 0.1 30-20 extremely dense, fine to medium SAND 1 some slit, little coarse sand, little fine to coarse angular gravel, trace organics (plant roots) 2 2 2-4 14-12 2'/1.5' 26 Moderate brown (5YR 4/4), damp. 0.3 14-8 medium dense, fine to medium SAND. some SILT little clay, trace subangular 3 to angular coarse sand and fine to coarse gravel 4 3 4-6 3-3 2'/0.2' 9 Moderate brown (5YR 4/4), moist, 1.4 6-8 loose, very fine SAND, some silt, little clay, trace medium to coarse sand, 5 trace fine angular gravel 6 4 6-8 2'/0.2' 8 Moderate brown (5YR 4/4), moist. 1.9 4-5 loose, very fine SAND, some silt, little clay, trace medium to coarse sand trace fine angular gravel 8 5 8-10 3-5 2'/1.2' 12 Black (N1), saturated, medium dense 4.1 7-10 CINDERS and fine to medium angular GRAVEL 9 10 6 10-12 5-3 2/1.1 Olive gray (5Y 4/1), saturated, loose, 3.2 4-7 fine SAND, some medium sand, little silt, trace organics to approximately 11.5 ft, then light brownish grav (5YR 6/1), moist, medium dense, SILT, some clay trace organics The borehole was backfilled to the surface with a mixture of cuttings and cement/bentonite grout.

CPO:ers/sb-7sf

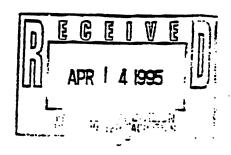
Appendix B

Purge Water and Decontamination Fluids Laboratory Characterization



April 13, 1995

Mr. Al Zaepfel Industrial Monitoring Coordinator City of Niagara Falls Wastewater Treatment Plant P. O. Box 69 Niagara Falls, New York 14302



Re: City of Niagara Falls

Eastern Area

File: 1736.078

Dear Al:

In accordance with our recent conversations, enclosed are the results of the laboratory analysis performed on a composite water sample obtained from five 55-gallon drums located at the City of Niagara Falls Water Treatment Plant. The sample was composited from a grab from each one of the drums. As requested, the sample was analyzed for metals, PCB's, organics, pH, and SOC.

These drums contain water collected during ground water sampling activities at the one-acre Eastern Area adjacent to the construction site for the City's new water treatment plant. On behalf of the City of Niagara Falls Water Treatment Plant, we are requesting permission to discharge approximately 275 gallons of water to the Niagara Falls Wastewater Treatment Plant via a sanitary

If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Very truly yours,

O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.

Robert P. Lannon, Jr., P.E.

Managing Engineer

RPL:bk

Mr. Robert E. Game, City of Niagara Falls CC:

Mr. Richard R. Roll, City of Niagara Falls

Ms. Karen L. Moran, O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc. Ms. Deborah Y. Wright, O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc.



ACTS TESTING LABS, INC

25 Anderson Roa Buffalo, NY 14225-492 Tei (716) 897-333 Fax (716) 897-087

Technical Report #5B-1679E R
Project # 1736.076
Project Name City Niagara Falls Water T. Plant
REVISED

April 4, 1995 Page 1 of 4

Mr. Robert P. Lannon, Jr. O'BRIEN & GERE ENGINEERS, INC.

SUBJECT:

Analysis of one (1) water sample for various parameters. The sample was received on March 13, 1995.

RESULTS:

See Pages Two and Three.

EXPERIMENTAL:

Organochlorine Pesticides in water were determined according to United States Environmental Protection Agency Method 608: Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs.

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in water were determined according to United States Environmental Protection Agency Method 60&: Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs.

Priority Pollutant Purgeables in Water were determined according to United States Environmental Protection Agency Method 624: Purgeables.

Priority Pollurant Semi-volatile compounds in water were determined according to United States Environmental Protection Agency Method 625: Base/Neutrals and Acids.

The analyses were determined according to procedures listed in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater," 17th Edition, 1989.



April 4, 1995 Technical Report #5B-1679ER Page 4 of 4

EPA 625	
	ACTS #5B-1679E
	COMPOSITE DRUM #1.23.45
2-Chlorophenol	< 1
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	< 1
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	< 1
12-Dichlorobenzene	< 1
2.4-Dichlorophenol	< 10
124-Trichlorobenzene	< 1
Naphthalene	< 1
Heachlorobutadiene	< 1
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	< 1
Heachlorocyclopentadiene	< 1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	< 1
Dimethyphthalate	< 1
Acenaphthene	< 1
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	< 1
Heachlorobenzene	< 1
Phenanthrene	< 1
Dibutyiphthalate	< 1
Fluoranthene	< 1
Pyrene	< 1
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	< 1
Benzo(a)anthracene	< 1
Chrysene	< 1
Dichlorotoluene	< 1*
Trichlorotoluene	< 1♥
Terrachlorobenzene	< 1°
Dichlorobenzotrifloride	< 1*
EPA 608	
·······	• • •
Heptachlor	< 0.05
Endosulfan sulfate	< 0.05
PCB 1016	< 0.25
PCB 1221	< 0.25
PCB 1232	< 0.25
PCB 1242	< 0.25
PCB 1248	< 0.25
PCB 1254	< 0.25
PCB 1260	< 0.25
Mirex	< 0.10
Dechlorane	< 1.0

• Estimated Values



April 4, 1995 Technical Report #5B-1679ER Page 3 of 4

RESULTS:

	ACTS #5B-1679E
_	COMPOSITE DRUM #1,23,45
Cadmium, Total	< 0.005
Chromium, Total	< 0.01
Copper, Total	< 0.01
Cyanide, Total	< 0.003
Lead, Total	< 0.03
Nickel, Total	< 0.01
Phenois, Total	0044
Phosphorus, Total	
pH, Total	< 0.05
	9.10
Mercury, Total	< 0.0002
Zinc, Total	1.03 . 002
Total Suspended Solid	
Soluble Organic Carb	on 3.1

Results are reported as milligrams per liter (mg/L). *Duplicate

***	ACTS #5B-16	79E
EPA 624	COMPOSITE DI	
Benzene	0.5	0
Toluene	< 0.5	
Ethylbenzene	< 0.5	
M.PXylenes	< 1	
O-Xylene	< 0.5	
Vinyl Chlorine	< 0.5	
1,1-Dichloroethene	< 0.5	
Methylene Chloride	43B	•
Trans 1,2-Dichloroethene	< 0.5	
Chloroform	0.6	0
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	< 0.5	
Carbon Tetrachloride	< 0.5	
Trichloroethene	< 0.5	
Bromodichloromethane	< 0.5	
trans 1,3 Dichloropropene	< 0.5	
cis 1,3-Dichloropropene	< 0.5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethene	< 0.5	
Tetrachloroethane	< 0.5	
Dibromochloromethane	< 0.5	
Chlorobenzene	12	٥
Bromoform	< 0.5	-
1,1,2.2, Tetrachloroethane	< 0.5	
2-Chlorotoluene	< 0.5	
4-Chlorotoiuene	< 0.5	
B-Found in method blank a	30 0 mg/f	
Results are reported as mid	momme per liver	(nor /T)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Programs her met	(W/L).



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ACIS TESTING LABS, INC.

Charles E. Heath

Charles E. Harrice Manager, Chemistry Laboratory

ФС

ACIS TESTING LABS, INC.

Elizabeth R. Hausler, Supervisor Gas Chromatography Laboratory

ACTS TESTING LABS, INC.

Lisa M. Clerici, Supervisor Wet Chemistry Laboratory

Appendix C

Niagara Falls Background Concentrations (letter from NCHD to NYSDEC dated 1987)



HEALTH DEPARTMENT
HUMAN RESOURCES BUILDING
MAIN POST OFFICE BOX 428
10th AND EAST FALLS STREET
NIAGARA FALLS, NEW YORK 14302

December 4, 1987

New York State IEC 50 Wolf Road Room 222 Albany, New York 12233

Attention: Mr. fmar Nagi

Dear Mr. Nagi:

This letter is a response to your request for information on background concentrations of various substances in Niagara Falls area soil. As we discussed, this department has access to the results of thousands of soil sample analyses from the Niagara Falls area. We have compiled background profiles for arsenic, chromium, copper, lead and zinc. That information was previously provided to you. While we have not formally compiled background profiles for other compounds, we have observed fairly consistent patterns of occurrence for the following parameters:

- 1) BHC/HCCH We have observed that one or more isomers occur in concentrations of up to 1 ppm each in about one sample in ten of soils from the Misgara Falls area. The occurrence seems to be sporatic, without pattern and in both surface and subsurface soils. The occurrence of this substance seems to be distributed throughout the area and we have no scenario as to what the source of this substance is.
- 2) <u>DDT/DDE/DDD:</u> These compounds are detected in about one sample in ten to twenty in concentrations of up to 0.5 ppm for DDT and 0.3 ppm for DDE and DDD. When they are detected the concentrations are typically in a ratio of about 3:2:1 (DDT: DDE: DDD). The compound have rarely been reported in samples collected at depths exceeding 12 inches in the Niagara Falls area. It appears that when these compounds are detected that they are remanents of historic DDT pesticide application.

Fi.

- Other Pesticides: Other pesticide compounds are occassionally detected in area soil samples in small concentrations. Our policy has been to regard such detections as background if they occur in less than 10% of the samples, in concentrations less than .5 ppm and where the compound cannot be attributed to any specific source.
- PAH and Related Commounds: One or more of these compounds in concentrations up to 10 ppm each are commonly reported in nearly all surface (less than 12 inches) soil samples from the Niagara Falls area. These compounds are also reported in 10% of the deeper samples at concentrations up to 1 ppm each. Concentrations are higher when ash or asphalt pieces are present in the sample. Phthlate compounds are common in all area soil samples. We assume these compounds have been deposited as airborne particles from combustion sources, vehicle emission, industrial processes, etc. and they seem to be present throughout the Niagara Falls area.
- detected in area soils occassionally in concentrations less than 0.1 ppm. We have noted a trend that these compounds are detected fairly commonly in the less than 1 ppb range when detection limits are adequately low. Several scenarios have been suggested as to the possible source of these contaminants.
- 6) Fhenol: 5 to 10% of the general soil samples taken in this area report phenol in the 0.5 to 1 ppm range. Total recoverable phenolies are reported in about 75% of the samples in detectable quantities.
- 7) Other Semi-volatile Compounds: Other semi-volatile compounds occur only occassionally (less than 5% of the samples), in particular, other acid extractable semi-volatile compounds occur only rarely in quantities over 2 to 3 times detection limits.
- 8) <u>Methylene Chloride/Acetone:</u> These compounds have been reported in most soil samples from the Miagara Falls area in concentrations up to 0.15ppm and occassionally much higher These "detections" have often been attributed to the laboratory error or sampling problems but their is still some controversy as to whether or not this is completely correct. It probably was a more substantial factor in older analyses where these compounds were even more predominate. Reports of the occurrence of these compounds is equally common in both shallow and deep soils.
- 9) Toulene/Benzene Toulene is reported inabout 20% of area soil samples and benzene in about 10%, both in concentrations up to about 20 to 30 ppb. Petroleum product use may be responsible for some of this substance.

- 10) Other Volatiles: Other volatile compounds are rarely observed as "background".
- provided. In addition to these we note that antimony is reported in about 10% of samples, usually less than 2 to 3 times the detection limits. Cadmium is detected in 30 to 50% of soil samples, with an average concentration of about 1 ppm (using non-dectectable reports as zero for averaging). We would typically consider cadmium over 10 ppm as elevated. Mercury is detected in about 50% of soil samples. We have previously used 0.1 to 0.2 ppm as a typical background range for mercury.

The above guidelines should be considered flexible and not yet fully documented, but we have compared data from several area studies (USCS "Preliminary Evaluation of Chemical Migration to Groundwater and Niagara River..." 1984; NUS, Investigation of eighteen sites in LaSalle Area, Niagara Falls, 1986; Woodward Clyde, Soil sampling from proposed Texas Brine Corporation ROW, 1986; NCHD, Investigation of surface soil contamination at Gratwick Park, 1986) and there seems to be a general agreement of these data sets and the guidelines given above. The above data sets comprise over 500 individual soil samples from the area.

Please note that reference to background in the above discussion refers to both naturally occurring substances and man-made substances which are typically present across a wide area and not apparently related to a localized source such as a particular disposal site or industrial process.

I hope that you find the above ghidelines useful. Feel free to contact me with any questions at 716-284-3128.

Sincerely, Milali

Michael E. Hopkins

Assit. Public Health Engineer

MEH:1j

cc: Hessrs. Vanghan & Davald

Mr. Tygert - DEC - Buffalo

Ms. L. Rusin -NYSDOH - Buffalo

Mr. R. Transntano - NYSDH - Albany

Appendix D

NYSDEC - S-Area and Buffalo Avenue Analytical Tables

TABLE 1 S-AREA SITE SPECIFIC PARAMETERS
Vinyl Chloride
1,2-dichloroethene, Total
Trichloroethylene
Tetrachloroethylene
Benzene
Chlorobenzene
1,2-dichlorobenzene
1,3-dichlorobenzene
1,4-dichlorobenzene
1,2,3-trichlorobenzene
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene
1,2,3,4-tetrachlorobenzene
1,2,4,5-tetrachlorobenzene
Hexachlorobutadiene
Octachlorocyclopentene
Total Organic Halides (TOX)
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Hexachlorobexzene
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol

:ers/div12/5notes&d/table1

Bowshole Alfall Millary						מומח ממנים	THE STATE OF COMPLETE LED IN SOIL SAMPLES	AMPLES						
Date Sampled Sampled Sample Depth Sample Description	B-2 1983 • 15-17 Native	B-3 1983 • 20-22 Native	B-6 1983 • 20-22 Native	B-7 1983 • 30-37 Native	B-8 1983 • 5-7 Ashes	B-8 1983 • 10-12 Native	B-9 1983 • 10-12 Native	B-10 1983 • 25-27 Native	B-11 1983 • 5:7	B-12 1983 • 30-32	SB-38 5/16/91 2-6	SB-39 5/16/91 2*-11'	SB-40 \$/17/91 2'-5'	SB-40 5/17/91 5-12
December 14 position	12.0	0.6	12.0	15.0	N/A	8,0	8.0	00	00	16.0	N/A	N/A N/A	Shot Rock N/A	Ashe N/A
र थ बाहराद	By/dn	ng/kg.	ug/kg.	ug/kg	8y/8n	ng/kg	ng/kg	By/8n	ug/kg	ug/kg	up/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ng/kg
					S.An	S-Area SSPL Volatiles	8							
1,2-Dichloroethene (Total) Trichloroethene Tetrachloroethane	888	999	222	222	₽ 9 8	225	229	<u>8</u> 8 8	889	99!	2 2	88	99	25 ET
					N 1	Other TCL Volatiles		QV	2			99	100	8
Toluene	Æ	QN	QN	ON	QN	ND	QN	QN	Ð	Ð	Ę	CS.	9	
					\$-Area	S-Area SSPL Semivolatiles							Q.	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	22	99	22	88	22	2 2	16	2 5	29	9.9	2	R	QN	(89
1.c.+ intendrocenzene Hexachlorobenzene Hexachlorobutadiene	999	888	999	999	222	225	229	222	299	222	299	222	49J 3500 18000j	3400 1900 1900
					Other 1	Other TCL Semivolatiles				Q.	2	Q	140001	091
Hexachloroethane	QN	ND	ΩÑ	CN	ΩN	Ð	Ð	Q	£	Ę	Ę	9		
						Phthalates					2	2	3100	CN CN
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate Di-n-octylphthalate Di-n-butylphthalate Butylbenzylphthalate	9.0 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	2 G G G	7. O S S	6. S S S	222	2 8 8 9	2 9 9 9	90 Q Q	<u>- 8 8</u>	6 Q Q	610 8 8 8	710J ON 1001	1400 ND 1101	200J ND
					Polywron	Polyaromatic Hydrocarbona		ON ON	2	Q	2101	Ð	QN	S
2-Methynaphthalene Acenaphthene	N/A ON	A S	A S	A/N CIN	A/N GN	N/A	11	V/A	N/A	N/A	QN	1601	Q.	Ę.
Anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene	28	22	22	299	99	2 2 2	2 2 2	299	2 9 9	229	02 Q	991	22	₽₽
Denzo(c) fuorantene Benzo(k) fuorantene Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	2222	9999	9999	<u> </u>	9999	2222	2222	2222	2222	2999	4101 4901 3701 3701	380J 380J 260J	5 <u>5</u> 5 5 5	9999

				SUMMAR	BUFFALO Y OF COMPO	TABLE 2 AVENUE SITI UNDS DETEC	TABLE 2 BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080A BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080A ARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL SAMPLES	SAMPLES						
Borckole/Well Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Description Depth to Native Deposits	B-2 1983 • 15-1 7 Native 12.0	B-3 1983 • 20-27 Native 9.0	B-6 1983 • 20-22: Native 12.0	B-7 1983 • 30-32 Naive 15.0	B-8 1983 • 5-7 Ashes N/A	B-8 1983 • 19-12 Native 8.0	B.9 1983 • 10-12 Native 8.0	B-10 1983 • 25-27 Native	B-11 1983 * 5-7 Natíve	B-12 1983 • 30-32 Native	SB-38 5/16/91 2-6 Adhea	SB-39 5/16/91 2-11' Ashes	SB-40 \$/17/91 2-5 Shot Rock	3B-40 5/17/91 5:12 Ashes
Parameter	Bylän	ugkg	8y/an	87/811	8y/8n	ug/kg	87/8n	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	N/A ug/kg	N/A ug/kg	N/A ug/kg	N/A ug/kg
					Polyaromatic	Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (Continued)	Continued)							
Chrysene Dibenzofuran	S S	Đ Š	S S	O X	Q X	Q	2	£	Q.	QV	3601	3207	1001	£
Fluorene Fluoranthene	2	2	2	2	<u> </u>	¥ Q	¥ Q	₹ <u>2</u>	Y Q	¥ £	£ 8	. S9	2	2
Naphthalene	2 2	<u> </u>	2 2	2 5	2 5	2 2	29	2	2	2	88	6703	150	2 2
Phenanthrene Pyrene	22	22	99	99	225	299	229	999	2 2 !	22	100J 780J	150J 570J	Ø 179	22
					S-Are	S-Area SSPL Penticides			2	⊋∥	6	490)	1303	£
Beta-BHC Delta-BHC Gamma-BHC	<u> </u>	888	ON ON ON	8 8 8 8	222	999	999	999	229	229	ON 12.57	99!	34J	22
						Other TCL Pesticides					601	ON.	QN	₽
4,4.DDB 4,4.DDE 4,5.DDT	229	999	88	99	1	88	l	22	28	25	25	29	2700	. S.
Aldrin Umstable E	22	28		99	22	₽ 9	99	2 5	2 2	29	22.5	€ F {	2200 2200	2 2
Endosulfan I	2 2	22	99	22	2 2	2 2	29	2	29	22	2 2	8 <u>8</u>	520 1400	2 8
Endosulfan II Endosulfan Sulfate Endrin	999	999	229	₽ ₽!	22	999	222	2 2 2	222	222	8 B 8	\$ 22 6	\$ B B	229
		GN.	GN GN	Q		ND Inorganic Compounds		_	£	£	Q .	£ £	S S	⊋ €
Lead Mercury	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A A/N	N A A	N/A	N/A A/N	1640003	2120001	4340001	\$20001
ug/kg Micrograms/kilograms or parts per billion (ppb) ND Non-detect J Estimated concentration N/A Not analyzed Exact sampling date not known	billion (ppb)											017	O.	0/1

			THE C	ONE ACRE BU	TABLE 3 THE ONE ACRE BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080B SUMMARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL SAMPLES	JE SITE, 9320 ED IN SOIL S.	80B AMPLES					
Borchole/Well Number Dato Sampled Sample Depth Sample Description	SB-27 5/14/91 2-5 Shot Rock	SB-27 \$/14/91 5-13.5' Ashes	SB-28 5/15/91 2'-5' Shot Rock	SB-28 5/15/91 5-11' Ashes	SB-29 5/15/91 47 Shot Rock	SB-29 \$/15/91 7-11' Asthes	SB-30 5/15/91 2-11.5 Shot Rock	SB-30 \$/15/91 11.5-12 Ashes	SB-32 5/15/91 Z-4* Shot Rock	\$B-33 \$/15/91 2-4 Shot Rock	SB-33 5/15/91 4-7	MW-6D 11/20/87 1:3'
Parameter	ng/kg	83/8h	8y/8n	S5//Sn	5x/Zn	ag/kg	gy/gu	B3/8n	ug/kg	By/8n	ng/kg	ug/kg
				S-Ar	S.Area SSPL Volatiles	S						
Benzene Chlorobenzene Trichlerentene	999	S e i	22!	22	88	88	22	0.9J ON	<u>8</u> 8	22	8 8	19.1 E
Tetrachloroethane	<u>8</u>	S S	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u> 8	N ON ON	8 8	5 G	0.9J ND	ND 0.31	S 8.0	€ <u>6</u> 2	2 <u>2</u> 2
				ð	Other TCL Volatiles							
2-Butanone Carbon Disulfide	8 9	2	Q.	Ð	Q.	ON	Ð	¥	Q	Ę	Ę	9 KI
Chloroform Tolume	2 2 9	0.87	<u> </u>	99	99	99	22	25 Q	22	99	2 9	99
Total Xylenes	<u> </u>	5 Q	0.80	22	22	22	2 5	2 8	! = <u>9</u>	; R :	2 2 !	5.0 0.0
Styrene Viryl Acetate	<u>8</u> 8	<u>8</u> 8	22	99	99	22	299	2 2 2	299	= 9 9	22	3.3J 5.4
				S-Ares	S-Area SSPL Semivolatiles	11 1				2	S	ON
1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene	29	3803	29	2007	Q.	2	Ð	S	Ð	Ð	Ð	GN CN
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	222	2300	222	3901 2801 2801	N 1201	225	299	229	229	22	22	22
				Other 1	Other TCL Semivolatiles	1 2 2					2	Q
Phenol	, OD	QN	QN	QV	QN	ND	N ON	4700	Q	17.1	6	Ę
					Phthaletes							
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate Di-n-butylphthalate Di-n-octylphthalate	604 E E E	43 O	32000J 130J ND	2007 ND ND	88 8 8	290 11 05 10 05	650J 370J	290J 240J	3601	<u>8</u> <u>9</u> 9	99 S S	300 N
				Polysron	Polygromatic Hydrocarbons	11 f						ON THE
2-Methynaphthalene 4-Methylphenol Acenaphthene	999	560 <u>3</u>	£ 8 €	17 DX 05 0	370J	1	<u> </u>	EE O	31. ON	55	17000 82J	2 2
Acenaphthylene	Q.	3201	<u> </u>	97J	330J 200J	22	9 8	<u>8</u> 8			11000	2 2
				Polysromstic	Polyaromatic Hudocarbone (Cort.)	ر کصور						2
•												

			THE C SUMMARY	NE ACRE BU	TABLE 3 THE ONG ACRE BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080B SUMMARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL SAMPLES	JE SITE, 93208 ED IN SOIL SA	OB MPLES					
Borchole/Well Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Description	SB-27 5/14/91 Z-5 Shot Rock	\$B-27 5/1491 5-13.5 Ashes	SB-28 5/15/91 2-5' Shot Rock	SB-28 5/15/91 5-11' Ashes	SB-29 5/15/91 4-7 Shot Rock	SB-29 5/15/91 7-11' Ashes	SB-30 5/15/91 2-11.5 Shot Rock	SB-30 5/15/91 11.5-12 Ashes	SB-32 5/15/91 2'-4' Shot Rock	SB-33 5/15/91 2-4' Shot Rock	SB-33 5/15/91 4:.7 Ashes	MW-6D 11/20/87 1-3' Native
Parameto	By/an	ng/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ng/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	By/8n	gy/gu	ug/kg
Anthracene Benzo(a)anthracene	22	1800	Z 20	1200	920	ON 1957	433	1603	8	81,5	14000	S
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	99	6000 2200	230J 120J	3500 1800	3000	2601	140	200	<u> </u>	370 440 200	36000J	29
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	22	4200 1000	<u>8</u> 8	2300 610J	510J 390J	<u>5</u> 0	£ 5	2901 3901	99	3007	320001	299
Chrysene Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	99	4600 250J	<u>8</u> 8	3000 260J	2200 160J	250J	<u>\$</u>	\$901 101	2 9	38 5	310001	2 2 !
Dibenzofuran Fluorene	22	1500	22	5001	6107	99	299	653	22!	2 2	0009 9000	22
Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-ed)pyrene	29	15000J	36	2400	4200	<u>§</u> §	2 S	2 8	S <u>4</u>	0. 20. 20. 20.	11000 62000J	22
Naphthalene	2	8 =	2 2	580J	7401	€ 8	2 2	4301	2 5	₹ 5	13000	2
Phenanthrene Pyrene	99	14000J 10000	250J 280J	4700	3600	4607	3103	7307	<u> </u>	\$ 1 5	\$2000J	22
				S-Are	S-Area SSPL Pesticides						food c	ON I
Beta-BHC	£	Ð	Q	29001	22001	Ę	Ę	Ę	-	!		
Delta-BHC Gamma-BHC	2 2	25	25	307	6.81	29	2 2 !	22	2 2	2 2	3.50	22
				3	6	QN	ON.		2	2	Q	Q
				OFF	Other TCL Pesticides							
4,4-DDD	2!	£	173	Ą	Ð	£	Ð	133	£	Ę	Ę	Ę
4.4.DDT	2 <u>2</u>	22	99	<u>6</u> %	<u>E</u> 2	25	2 5	22	29	2	2	2 2 !
Adein Dieldrin	9 €	2 9	25 }	₽:	22	2	2	3.61	3.6	5 25	2 2	2 2
Heptachlor	2 2	2 2	2 2	8 <u>2</u>	<u>2</u> e	2 2	2 2	2 2	⊇ €	2 2	2 9	25
Endosultan I	99	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 2	2 9	2	2	14.	75	2 2	2 2
Endosulfan Sulfate Endrin	99	2 2	99	S 8	385	299	229	2 %	229	<u> </u>	99	<u> </u>
					TCL PCBs					1	Q.	ON
Aroclor-1242	QN	2200	QN	QN	Q.	Ð	QN	QN	Đ.	ΩN	Q.	Q

Date Sampled 5/14/91 Sample Description Shork Rock	SB-27 5/14/91 5-13.5' Ashes	3B-28 5/15/91 Z-5' Shot Rock	SB-28 5/15/91 5-11! Ashes	SB-29 5/15/91 4-7 Shot Rock	SB-29 \$/15/91 7-11'	SB-30 5/15/91 2:11.5 Shot Rock	SB-30 \$/15/91 11.5-12' Ashes	SB-32 5/15/91 7-4 Shot Rock	SB-33 \$/15/91 2.4* Shot Rook	SB-33 5/15/91 4:-7 Ashes	MW-6D 11/20/87 1:3'
Parameter ug/kg	ug/kg	83/8n	ug/kg	gy/go	Ba/8n	87/8n	#3y#n	gy/gu	no/ter	ng/ka	110/kg
			Inon	Inorganic Compounds	<u> 19</u>						
Lead 47300 Mercury 620	179000 3600	88100 670	371000J 5100	175000J 2800	14100J	63400	N/A 0001	00097 CEV	1210001	15100001	DNG

		SUA	THE ONB AC	TABLE 3 THE ONG ACRE BUFFALO AVENUR SITE, 932080B SUMMARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL SAMPLES	E 3 AVENUB SITI ETECTED IN S	S, 932080B SOIL SAMPLES	w.				
Borehola-Well Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Description	MW-6D 11/20/87 5'-6 Native	MW-6D 11/20/87 14-16 Native	MW-7S 11/18/87 8'-10' Ashes	MW-78 11/18/87 10-12' Curders	MW-7D 11/17/87 11.3 Misc. Fill	MW-7D 11/17/87 7-8 Asthes	MW-7D 11/17/87 15-17 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 0-6' Misc. Fill	MW-8D 11/16/87 9-16 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 22-26 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 29-33
Parameter	ug/kg	ga/gu	ug/kg	83/8n	87/8n	ug/kg	ug/kg	By/An	ug/kg	ug/kg	us/kg
				S-Area SSPL Volatiles	Volatiles						
Benzene Chlorobenzene Trichloroethene Tetrachloroethane	8888	2222	<u>8</u> 8 8	2222	<u> </u>	99 QV QV	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2.4J ND ND	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
				Other TCL Volstiles	Volstiles						9
2-Butanone Carbon Disulfide	22	8.5 8	ON 11.9	28	<u>8</u> 8	<u>8</u> 8	88	22	2 2	2 5	29
Chloring Toluene Total Xylenes	222	8 € €	3.6 2.6 5.6	225	999	229	6 8 E	229	₽ ₽!	22	99
Styrene Viryl Acetate	99	2 2	2 2 2	999	2 2 2	222	S S 3	222	222	995	2 D S
				S-Area SSPL Semivolatiles	mivolatiles						
1,2-Dichlorobenzene 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Tirchlorobenzene	8888	8888	8888	8 8 8 8 8 8 8	N N ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON ON	8888	8888	2222	2222	2222	2222
				Other TCL Semivolatiles	nívolatiles						
Phenol	Q.	QN	QN	QN	79.3	QN	Q	QN	QN	QN	QN CN
				Phthalates	***						
Bis(2-ctrylhexyl)phthalate Di-n-burylphthalate Di-n-octylphthalate	999	888	ON ON ON	888	350J 870B 100J	800 110JB 270J	8 2 2	474.5J 1158.1B ND	440J 41000B	88 CN S	1000 140JB
				Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons	drocarbons						
2.Methynaphthalene 4.Methylphenol Accnaphthene Accnaphthylene	8888	8888	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5103 ND 0508 ND 0ND	260J N D S O	2222	2222	2222	9999	222
			Polyer	Polyamentic Hydrocarbons (Continued)	one (Continued						

		SUA	THE ONE AC	TABLE RE BUFFALO A	TABLE 3 THE ONE ACRE BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080B MARY OF COMPOUNDS DEFECTED IN SOIL SAM	TABLE 3 THE ONE ACKE BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080B SUMMARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIT, SAMPIFES					
Borchole/Well Number Data Sampled Sample Depth Sample Description	MW-6D 11/20/87 5'-6 Native	MW-6D 11/20/87 14:16 Native	MW-75 11/18/87 8-10 Ashes	MW-75 11/18/87 10-12 Cinders	MW-7D 11/17/87 1:3 Misc. Fill	MW:7D 11/17/87 7-8' Ashes	MW-7D 11/17/87 15:17 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 7-0 7-0 Misc. Fill	MW-8D 11/16/87 9-16 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 22-26 Marios	MW-8D 11/16/87 29-33' Natice
Parameter	galga	ug/kg	ug/kg	87/8n	B3/Bn	ug/kg	87/81	83/8h	we/kg	87/811	ug/kg
Anthracene Benzofalanthracene	99	99	3300J	8	4200	2800	QN	£	Ð	QN	Ð
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2 2	2 2	2 2	28	4300	3000	2 5	2 5	1417	2 9	2
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(a)pryene	2 2	25	25	2	2000	1200	2	22	€ 2	2 2	22
Benzo(g.h.i)perylene	2	2	2 2	2 2	2700	1600	2 2	22	E 6	2 2	9.5
Cirrysene Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	2 9	2 2	2 2	25	5800	3100	1383	2	180	2	2 2
Dibenzofuran	29	2	29	2	1300) (2)	28	22	99	22	2 2
Fluoranthene	2 2	2 9	2 2	2 5	1500	1200	Ð.	2	R	£	2
Indeno(1,2,3-od)pyrene	2	Ð	2	2	7800	1200	<u> </u>	2 2	350) R	2 2	2 2
Naphunaiche Phenanthrene	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 5	1800	069	Ð,	2	2	2	2 2
Pyrene	Ð	Q.	2 8	<u> </u>	7600	7800 5600	3901 3101	22	170J 68J	2 2	2 2
				S-Area SSPL Pesticides	Pesticides						
Beta-BHC	Ð	Q	£	Ð	QN	QN	£	Ę	. §	Ę	1
Delta-BHC Gamma-BHC	22	2 2	2 5	99	2 5	2 5	29	2	2	22	2 2
						- Or	2		Q	2	Q.
				Ound 1CL Pestingues	cationdes						1
4,4-DDE	2 2	2 5	25	29	99	2	2	292	Q.	Ð	Ð
4,4'-DDT	2	2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 2	2 5
Dieldrin	2 2	2 2	2 5	2 9	2 2	2 9	29	2!	2	£	2
Heptachlor	2	2	2	2	2 2	9 9	2 2	2 2	2 2		2 2
Endosulfan II	2 2	2 5	<u>e</u> §	2 5	2 9	2 9	2	2	£	£	2
Endosulfan Sulfate Endrin	99	2 2	29	225	222	229	229	229	22!	<u> </u>	22
				TCL PCBs	1					CN	QN
Aroclor-1242	£	Ę	C _Z	Ę	#						
			- Gu	CNI	Q	CIN	CN	Q.	QN QN	Q.	Ð

	SUA	THE ONE AC	TABLE 3 RE BUFFALO AN	TABLE 3 THE ONE ACRE BUFFALD AVENUE SITE, 932080B MARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL SAME	TABLE 3 THE ONE ACRE BUFFALO AVENUR SITE, 932080B SUMMARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL SAMPLES					
Borchole/Well Number Data Sampled 11/20/87 Sample Depth 5:-6 Sample Description Native	MW-6D 11/20/87 14-16 Native	MW-75 11/18/87 8'-10 Ashes	MW-75 11/18/87 10-12 Cinders	MW-7D 11/1787 1'3' Misc. Fill	MW-7D 11/17/87 7-8 Ashes	MW-7D 11/17/87 15:17 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 0-6 Misc. Fill	MW-8D 11/16/87 9.16 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 22:26 Native	MW-8D 11/16/87 29-33 Native
Parameter 19/19	83/8n	ug/kg	By/da	ug/kg	87/8n	8y/8n	87/8n	ue/ka	us/kg	tse/kg
•			Inorganic Compounds.	mpounds			a			
Lead DNU Mercury ND	DNG Q	DNG 8.8	DNU 56	DNU	ONG	DNU	DNU	DNG	DNG	DNC

		V ADJAC SUMMAR	VATER TREA ENT TO THE Y OF COMPO	TABLE 4 TTMENT PLA BUFFALO A	TABLE 4 WATER TREATMENT PLANT PROPERTY JACENT TO THE BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080A ARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN SOIL SAMPLES	Y , 932080A L SAMPLES			
Borehole/Well Number Date Sampled Sample Depth Sample Description	280 5/13/87 4'-8' Native	281 5/7/87 4:-8' Native	284 6/1/87 6-8' Native	285 5/11/87 4'-8' Misc Fill	286 5/13/87 4'-8' Slag/Misc	287 6/5/87 6'-20.8' Ash/Misc	291 6/18/87 2:-19.8' Ash/Slag	294 5/27/87 12'-30' Ashes	294 5/27/87 30'-32' Native
Parameter	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg	ug/kg
			S-Are	S-Area SSPL Volatiles	les				
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	ND	24	ND	39	33	18	QN
			S-Area	S-Area SSPL Semivolatiles	atiles				
Trichlorobenzene, Total	ND	QN	QN	ND	201	QN	1400	333	QN
letrachlorobenzene, Total	Q Ş	2 5	2 9	<u>Q</u> :	580	QN	1190	2360	158
Octachlorocyclopentene	ND ND	<u> </u>	2 2	87 G	0 Z	000 C	463 CN	8450	267 ND
Hexachlorocyclodecane,	Q:	QN	ND	Q.	267	Q.	28	13200	291 291
l otal Perchloropentacyclodecane	ND	ND	Q	Q —	QN	ND	QN	633	ND
			Miscel	Miscellaneous Analyses	ses			17. 4	
Total Organic Carbon Total Organic Halides	ND ND	ND ND	ND ON	ND ON	ND 200	59000 300	ND 200	46000	ON 100
ug/kg Micrograms/kilograms or parts per billion (ppb ND Non-detect Note: Samples were only analyzed for S-Area Site Sp	s or parts per b alyzed for S-Aı	illion (ppb) ea Site Specifi	o) ecific Parameters.						

			SUM	SUMMARY OF CON	BUFFALK PPOUNDS DE	TABLE \$ BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080A INDS DETECTED IN SHALLOW GR	TE, 932080A HALLOW GRO	TABLE \$ BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080A MPOUNDS DETECTED IN SHALLOW GROUNDWATER SAMPLES	AMPLES					
Well Number Data Sampled Screened Interval Material Screened	B-1 127/82, 176/83 29.0-34.0 Native	B-2 12/7/82, 1/26/83 19.0-24.0 Native	B-3 127/82, 176/83 26.5-31.5 Native	B-4 12/7/82, 1/26/83 29,0-34,0 Native	B-5 127/82, 1/26/83 5.0-10.0 Native	B-6 12/1/82, 1/26/83 17.0-22.0 Native	B-7 12/7/82, 1/26/83 31.5-36.5 Native	B-8 12/7/82, 17.6/83 29.0-34,0 Native	B-9 12/7/82, 1/26/83 7/0-12.0 Native	B-10 127782, 172683 28.0-33.0 Native	B-11 12/7/82, 1/26/83 5.0-10.0 Native	B-12 12/7/82, 176/83 31.0-36,0 Native	MW-16S 9/19/91 5.0-15.0 Ash/Native	Ground.* Water Standard
Parameter	Jøn	J/800	l/ga	Van	Væn	1/8m	Van	l/gn	(/ān	/ <i>8</i> %	Von	l/gn	ľan	Vân
					S.A	S-Area SSPL, Volatiles	ila							
Benzene	=	=	16	Q.	100	QN	QN	QN	29	Ð	Ð	Q	Ę	Ę
					Ţ	TCL Semivolatiles	¥.							
2-Methylpantane 4-Hydroxyl 4-Methyl-2-Pentarone Hexanoic Acid Octanoic Acid Caprolactam Phenol	45555 8	7	8 8 8 8 8 8	22222	88888	88888	ON 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	88888	99999	2555	5555	22222	N/A N/A N/A N/A	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X
						Phthalates		₽	9	0	10	01	QZ	-
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate Di-n-butylphthalate	8 8	ON ON	100 15	300 ND	£ 5	ND 22	92 =	310	29	8 9	70	Q	Ð	\$0
						S-Area SSPL Pesticides					QN	QN	Ð	\$0
Alpha-BHC Beta-BHC	<u> </u>	0.05 ON	<u> </u>	<u>8</u> 8	0.07 ND	<u>8</u> 8	88	ON ON	ON ON	8.8	2 2	E S	8000	2 5
					A S	Other TCL Pesticides	8							
Heptachlor Epoxide Endosulfan	Ø 8	88	8 B	Ø Ø	0.07 OIN	<u>8</u> 8	₽9	ON ON	ND 0.29	22	88	₽ €	₽ 9	ď ×
					Inon	Inorganic Compounds	ds.				4			CA
Lead Mercury	OD 98	400	120 72	8 B	ND 510	€ &	ND 310	N 25	ND 220	25	Ð.	S 3	640]	25
					Misos	Miscellaneous Analyses	ß					S.	07/	7
Total Organic Carbon Total Organic Halides	40600 81	74600 139	58800 21	S S	110000	16200 63	36400 27	65200 16	203000	10300	41800	10600	N/A	SS
 Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values. Standards or guidance values are for Class GA waters. No standard 	and Guidance Va	ilues. Standards	or guidance valu	es are for Class (3A waters.		ug/l M J Es	Micrograms/liter or parts per billion (ppb) Estimated concentration	or parts per billi tration	m (ppb)		1	Non-detect Not analyzed	C.

	SUMMARY O	COMPOUND	S DETECTED	O AVENUE SI IN SHALLOW	GROUNDWAT	ER SAMPLES			
Well Number Date Sampled	MW-63 12/10/87	MW-68 6/91	MW-7S 12/10/87	MW-78 6/91	MW-7S 9/91	MW-8S 12/9/87	MW-8S 6/91	MW-8S 9/91	Ground-
Screened Interval Material Screened		-8.0 ∨ium		5.0-12.0 Ash/Cinders			11.0-21.0 Alluvium		Water Standard
Parameter	υ ρ /Ι	ug/l	υ ε/ 1	ug/l	υφ/1	ug/l	ug/l	ng/l	ug/l
			S-Area SSP	L Volatiles	3-4-9-2				
Benzene Chlorobenzene	ND ND	ND ND	1.73B ND	0.8J N/A	ND 6	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND 5
		Verter	S-Area SSPL S	iemivolatiles		aga ta	·		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	6J 6J	N/A N/A	ND ND	ND ND	N/A N/A	5 4.7
			Other TCL Se	mivolatiles					
Benzoic Acid	ND	ND	1200	ND	N/A	ND	ND	N/A	NS
			Phthali	ates		r Brysnik in			
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	2700B	ND	2200B	ND	N/A	410B	ND	N/A	50
	T		S-Area SSPL	Pesticides					
Alpha-BHC Beta-BHC Delta-BHC Gamma-BHC	ND ND ND ND	ND 0.09 ND 0.046J	ND ND 2.76 ND	0.064J ND ND ND	0.81 0.093 0.017 ND	ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND 0.049J	ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND
			Other TCL P	esticides			•		
Aldrin teptachlor Epoxide Indosulfan I Indrin	ND ND 0.01J ND	ND ND ND ND	1.67 0.12 4.38 ND	ND ND ND ND	0.071 0.008 0.034 0.013	ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND	NS ND NS ND
			Inorganic Con	npounds		art i ja			
ead fercury	DNU ND	78J ND	8861 50.6	1040J 0.6	979 N/A	DNU 2.1	4J 0.5	N/A N/A	25 2
Ambient Water Quality Standards and yl Micrograms/liter or parts per billion (j D Non-detect S No standard Compound detected in blank Estimated concentration /A Not analyzed NU Data not useable do to QA/QC problet	до	es. Standards or	guidance value	s are for Class (GA waters.				-

			SUMMA	W ADJACE SUMMARY OF COMPC	VATER TREA SNT TO THE E	TABLE 7 WATER TREATMENT PLANT PROPERTY ACENT TO THE BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080A GOUNDS DETECTED IN SHALLOW GROUNDWATER SAMPLES	F PROPERTY NUE SITE, 933 LOW GROUN	080A DWater sal	PLES					
Well Number Date Sampled Screened Interval Material Screened	CW-11A 3/3/88 11.0-26.0 F/A/C	CW-13A 3/8/88 1.5-16.5 Fill	OW-261 4/22/88 22.8-27.8 Alluvium	OW-262 4/19/88 27.4-32.4 Alluvium	OW-263 4/22/88 21.0-26.0 Alluvium	OW-280 3/25/88 4.1-9.1 A/C	OW-281 3/22/88 4.0-9.0 Clay	OW-284 3/22/88 40-9.0 F/A/C	OW-285 3/23/88 5.3-10.3 F/A/C	OW-286 3/23/88 6.2-11.2 E/A/C	OW-287 3/25/88 9.8-20.8	OW-291 3/24/88 8.3-20.5	OW-294 3/9/88 25.0-30.0	Ground.* Water Standard
Parameter	1/60	Van	Į, An	(An	l/gu	ug/	l/8n	l/8m	l/m) John	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Lig/I	Alluvium us/l	/an
					S-Ar	S-Area SSPL Volatiles	R							
Chlorobenzene	Ð	S	QN	QN	Q	ΩN	ON	ON	Ø.	QN	ON	=	Ð	\$
					S-Area	S-Area SSPL Semivolatifes	2							
Trichlorobenzene, Total Tetrachlorobenzene, Total	6 8	28	Ø Ø	<u>8</u> 8	<u>8</u> 8	25	<u>8</u> 8	<u>8</u> 8	99	% Q	Q e	180	88	\$0.4
					Misce	Miscellancous Analyses	8							
Total Organic Carbon Total Organic Halides	ON 1900	ON 100	ON 88	22	ON 009	ON 100	22	24000 ND	₽9	S S	28	S S	29	SN S
Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values. Standards or guidance values are for Cle ug/1 Micrograms/liter or parts per billion (ppb) ND Non-detect NS No standard F/A/C Fill/Alluvium/Clay F/A Fill/Alluvium/Clay A/C Alluvium/Clay A/C Samples were only analyzed for S-Area Site Specific Parameters Note:	and Guidance Val m (ppb) Area Site Specific	lucs. Standards	or guidance valu	ies are for Class	uss GA waters.						S.		e i	Ž

117 11 27 /	1	1	POUNDS DET		T		I LEO			
Well Number Date Sampled	MW-6D 12/10/87	MW-6D 6/91	MW-6D 9/91	MW-7D 12/10/87	MW-7D 6/91	MW-7D 9/91	MW-8D 12/10/87	MW-8D 6/91	MW-8D 9/91	Ground
Screened Interval Material Screened		32.0-42.0 Till/Bedrock		:	34.0-44.0 Till/Bedrock			35.0-45,0 Bedrock		Wate Stands
Parameter	ug/l	u ₈ /l	ug/l	ug/I	ug/l	ug/l	ug/l	ug/I	ug/l	ug/l
			S-A	rea SSPL Volat	ila					
Benzene Chlorobenzene Trichloroethene	1.5JB ND ND	ND ND ND	ND ND ND	1.5J ND 1.2J	ND 5 ND	ND 2.7 ND	1.2J ND · ND	ND 3J ND	ND 3.3 ND	ND 5 5
				Phthalates					, no	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate Di-n-butylphthalate	65B 25	ND ND	N/A N/A	95B ND	ND ND	N/A N/A	74B ND	ND ND	N/A N/A	50 NS
			S-Ar	ea SSPL Pestici	des					
Gamma-BHC	ND	0.086	ND	ND	0.16	N/A	ND	0.045	N/A	ND
			Oth	er TCL Pesticid	65 (1987)				<u> </u>	
Heptachlor Epoxide	1.8J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
			Inor	ganic Compoun	ts ·					
Lead Mercury	DNU ND	12J ND	N/A N/A	DNU 0.2	16.9J ND	22.0 N/A	DNU 0.3	132J ND	N/A N/A	25 2
Ambient Water Quality Standard ug/l Micrograms/liter or parts per bill ND Non-detect NS No standard Estimated concentration Compound detected in blank Not analyzed DNU Data not useable do to QA/QC pr	ion (ppb)	/alues. Standard	s or guidance v	alues are for Cla	ss GA waters.					

		SUMMARY C	WA' ADJACENT OF COMPOUT	TER TREAT	TABLE 9 MENT PLANI FFALO AVE	TABLE 9 WATER TREATMENT PLANT PROPERTY ADJACENT TO THE BUFFALO AVENUE SITE, 932080A SUMMARY OF COMPOUNDS DETECTED IN BEDROCK GROUNDWATER SAMPLES	, 32080A NDWATER 8	SAMPLES			
Well Number Date Sampled Screened Interval Material Screened	OW-200 8/26/87 30.6-46.2 Bedrock	OW-200 9/1/87 46.2-61.0 Bedrock	OW-201 10/8/87 31.5-46.3 Bedrock	OW-201 10/9/87 46.3-61.3 Bedrock	OW-202 10/27/87 37.0-52.0 Bedrock	OW-202 10/28/87 52.0-67.0 Bedrock	OW-215 12/9/87 37.7-55.6 Bedrock	OW-215 12/10/87 55.6-70.6 Bedmek	OW-216 1/21/88 30.8-45.8 Bedmek	OW-216 1/26/88 45.8-60.8 Bodinek	Ground-* Water Standard
Parameter	T/8n	l/gn	l/gu	//an	l/gu	l/dn	l/ån	l/8n	Vøn	J/dn	l/an
				S-Area	S-Area SSPL Volatiles	es.					
Chlorobenzene	QN	QN	ND	ND ON	ND	QN	QN ON	QX	QN	6580	5
				S-Area S	S-Area SSPL Semivolatiles	tiles					
Trichlorobenzene, Total Tetrachlorobenzene, Total Hexachlorobutadiene Hexachlorobenzene Octachlorocyclopentene		88888	99999	99999	99999	22222	5555	5555	2222	3880 3230 216 50	5 5 5 0.35
				S-Area	S-Area SSPL Pesticides)		047	g.
Total BHC	QN	QN	ND	QN	ON	UN	ND	QN	QN	282	QN.
				Miscell	Miscellaneous Analyses	es					
Total Organic Carbon Total Organic Halides	<u>8</u> 8	N N	28	28	<u>R</u> 8	22	ND 400	22	£ £	ND 37000	NS N
* Ambient Weter Ought. Co.		1. 01								T SARLE	CK

Ambient Water Quality Standards and Guidance Values. Standards or guidance values are for Class GA waters.
Micrograms/liter or parts per billion (ppb)
Non-detect
No standard
Samples were only analyzed for S-Area Site Specific Parameters.

ug/l ND NS Note: