

January 29, 2013

Mr. Howard Brezner New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Region 4 1130 N. Westcott Road Schenectady, New York 12306

RE: Submittal of the "On-Site Hydraulic Gradient Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92" at the Congress Street Facility, SI Group, Inc. CHA Project No. 15091.5002

Dear Mr. Brezner:

On behalf of SI Group, Inc., enclosed is the proposed "On-Site Hydraulic Gradient Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92" (On-Site Work Plan). The On-Site Work Plan has been prepared in response to the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) letter received on December 26, 2012 requesting that SI Group modify the "Off-Site Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92" (Off-Site Work Plan) to determine if the groundwater collection trench is providing an inward gradient from OW5A-92 toward the Site.

As an alternative to modifying the Off-Site Work Plan, we have prepared this separate On-Site Work Plan to document the presence of an inward gradient. If an inward gradient can be demonstrated, the NYSDEC has indicated that implementation of the "Off-Site Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92" will not be required.

If you have any questions, please call me at (518) 453-2899.

Sincerely, Me In

Keith Cowan, CPG Project Manager

ecc: Mr. Howard Brezner, NYSDEC Region 4, hsbrezner@gw.dec.state.ny.us

Mr. Robert Cozzy, NYSDEC, rjcozzy@gw.dec.state.ny.us

Mr. S. Ezekwo, EPA Region 2, Ezekwo.Sam@epamail.epa.gov

Mr. Charles Gardner, SI Group, chuck.gardner@siigroup.com

Mr. Kevin Kogut, SI Group, kevin.kogut@siigroup,com

Mr. Andy Barrett, SI Group, andy.barrett@siigroup.com

Mr. Mark Normandin, SI Group, mark.normandin@siigroup.com

Mr. Glen Golden, SI Group, glen.golden@siigroup.com

Mr. Keith Cowan, CHA, kcowan@chacompanies.com

On-Site Hydraulic Gradient Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92

SI Group, Inc. Congress Street Facility Schenectady, New York

NYSDEC Site Code: HW447007

CHA Project Number: 15091.4002.31000

Prepared for: SI Group, Inc. Congress Street Facility Schenectady, New York

Prepared by:



January 2013

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Congress Street Site is located in the City of Schenectady in Schenectady County, New York at Congress Street and Tenth Avenue as shown in Figure 1. The Site encompasses an area approximately 7 acres in size with approximately 5.1 acres having been developed. SI Group, Inc. owned and operated a chemical manufacturing facility at the Congress Street Site from approximately 1910 to 1997 when manufacturing activities ceased at the Site. In 1995, SI Group completed a Remedial Investigation that identified groundwater contamination in the shallow groundwater in the sections of the site where the process buildings were located.

As a result of the investigation, New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) issued a Record of Decision (ROD) in March 1998 that required the installation of a groundwater collection system (GWCS) to intercept the migration of contaminated groundwater from moving off-site. The GWCS consists of a 700-foot long collection drain connected to a wetwell (WW1) and four extraction wells (two on-site and two off-site) designated as PW1, PW2, PW3 and PW4. Contaminated groundwater is pumped from the GWCS and sent to an on-site treatment system.

The performance and effectiveness of the GWCS is monitored, which includes quarterly sampling of groundwater monitoring wells. The results of the monitoring program are reported to NYSDEC quarterly and are summarized in an annual performance monitoring report.

Since December 2008, 2,4-dimethylphenol has been detected in monitoring well OW5A-92, which is located off-site and down-gradient of the GWCS. The levels of 2,4-dimethylphenol have generally increased since the initial detection in 2008. In addition, the contaminants normally associated with the Site have not been detected in monitoring well OW5A-92.

In January 2011, SI Group submitted the 2010 Annual Operation and Maintenance Report for the Groundwater Collection System, which included the most recent concentration of 2,4-dimethylphenol detected in monitoring well OW5A-92. As a result of the 2010 Annual Operation and Maintenance Report, in a letter dated May 17, 2011, the NYSDEC requested an investigation to determine if a source of contamination is present between the GWCS and monitoring well OW5A-92.

In response to the NYSDEC request, an "Off-Site Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92" (Off-Site Work Plan) to investigate the area between the groundwater



collection trench and monitoring well OW5A-92 was prepared and submitted to the NYSDEC on June 20, 2011. The NYSDEC provided comments on the Off-Site Work Plan in a letter dated August 3, 2011. Their comments were addressed and a revised Off-Site Work Plan was submitted on August 18, 2011. The NYSDEC approved the revised Off-Site Work Plan in a letter dated September 7, 2011.

As shown in Figure 2, the main CSX/Amtrak railroad line between Albany and Schenectady is located in the proposed investigation area. The proposed investigation would require CSX approval since the investigation is to be completed on CSX property. In addition, all field work must be coordinated with CSX to ensure that all safety procedures are followed during the investigation.

Since the time that SI Group received approval of the proposed Off-Site Work Plan in September 2011, they have been diligently working to obtain the necessary approvals from CSX to implement the Off-Site Work Plan. To date, however, approval has not been granted. Additionally, in late October 2012, CSX informed CHA that ownership of the rail line adjacent to the Congress Street site has been transferred to Amtrak and permission to access the property will now need to be received from Amtrak. In its letter dated December 26, 2012, the NYSDEC acknowledged these efforts but requested that SI Group modify the investigation work plan to determine if the groundwater collection trench is providing an inward gradient from OW5A-92 toward the Site.

Based on this request, SI Group has prepared this "On-Site Hydraulic Gradient Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92". The data obtained from this investigation will be used to determine if an inward gradient is present toward the groundwater collection trench. If an inward gradient can be demonstrated, the NYSDEC has indicated that implementation of the "Off-Site Investigation Work Plan Associated with Monitoring Well OW5A-92" will not be required.

The field investigation will be conducted in accordance with the procedures contained in this Work Plan.

2.0 BACKGROUND

In accordance with the Record of Decision issued in March 1998, SI Group has completed quarterly groundwater monitoring of the GWCS since the system was installed in 2002.

In December 2008, 2,4-dimethylphenol was detected in monitoring well OW5A-92 at a concentration 13 μ g/L. As shown in Figure 2, monitoring well OW5A-92 is located off-site between the collection trench and the Cowhorn Creek. Field personnel noted a slight fertilizer odor in the well at the time of sampling and observed that the nearby railroad right-of-way appeared to have been sprayed with a defoliant/herbicide, as evidenced by browned vegetation in a large swath parallel to the tracks.

As a result of the detection of 2,4-dimethylphenol in monitoring well OW5A-92, the level of 2,4-dimethylphenol has continued to be monitored. The following table provides a summary of the amount of 2,4-dimethylphenol detected in well OW5A-92 since December 2008.

Sample Date	2,4-Dimethylphenol
12/9/2008*	13
3/16/2009	290
5/8/2009	430 E
6/8/2009	220
6/8/2009*	190
9/14/2009	230
12/15/2009	2100
3/15/2010	3600
6/15/2010	3400 E
9/9/2010	1300
12/9/2010	6970
3/14/2011	4140
06/13/2011	4200 E
09/01/2011	4800 EJ
12/12/2011	3300
3/26/2012	3000
6/15/2012	2400
9/12/2012	370

^{*}Sample analyzed by TestAmerica. All other samples analyzed by AES. All units are in $\mu g/L$.

E = Exceeds calibration range.

The analyses of the groundwater samples collected from OW5A-92 continue to not detect other VOCs and SVOCs which are being detected in other on-site monitoring wells. As shown in the table below, the primary parameters being detected in the wet well and the pumping wells include: benzene, (1-methylethyl)-, chlorobenzene, ethylbenzene, toluene, xylene, 2,4-dimethylphenol, 2-methylnaphthalene, acenaphthene, naphthalene, and phenol. The only parameters detected in monitoring well OW5A-92 during the September 2012 monitoring event were 2,4-dimethylphenol and naphthalene. These data suggest that there is a significant difference in the nature of the chemical contamination in monitoring well OW5A-92 versus the wet well and pumping wells.

Sample ID:	OW5A	WW1	PW1	PW2	PW3
Sample Date:	9/12/2012	9/11/2012	9/11/2012	9/11/2012	9/11/2012
Parameter					
Benzene	ND	ND	ND	6.8	ND
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	ND	5.4 J	99	170	6.1
Chlorobenzene	ND	ND	1.8 J	8.1	1.5 J
Ethylbenzene	ND	180	150	370	ND
Toluene	ND	12	ND	11	ND
Xylenes, Total	ND	566	31	3000	ND
2,4-Dimethylphenol	370	140	ND	ND	ND
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	2.9 J	52	330	ND
2-Methylphenol	ND	9.9 J	ND	ND	ND
4-Methylphenol	ND	8.7 J	ND	ND	ND
Acenaphthene	ND	ND	42	51 J	ND
Dibenzofuran	ND	ND	20	ND	ND
Fluorene	ND	ND	3.3 J	ND	ND
Naphthalene	38 J	22	120	2600	ND
Phenol	ND	5.8 J	ND	ND	2.3 J

ND = Parameter not detected above the associated reporting limit.

J = Estimated

In addition, the operation of the collection system is monitored by the amount of groundwater removed from the wet well and the groundwater elevation in the wet well. Groundwater elevations in the wet well along with the flow data show that the collection trench is working as specified with no significant change to indicate that the system is being bypassed. An analysis of groundwater elevations along with the fact that the collection trench is operating as specified indicates that there is minimal, if any, gradient between the collection trench and OW5A-92, which would further suggest that the recent detections are not a result of movement of contamination off-site.

Based on discussions with Amtrak personnel who are responsible for track maintenance between Schenectady and Rensselaer, approximately 70 railroad ties were replaced in May of 2008 in the



area directly adjacent to the Congress Street facility. These railroad ties were new and were pretreated with creosote before they were installed. In addition, Amtrak personnel confirmed that herbicides have been applied annually each spring since at least May 2009. Either of these conditions may have contributed to the recent detections in OW5A-92.

As previously noted, the purpose of this investigation is to determine if an inward gradient is present toward the groundwater collection trench and to characterize groundwater flow in the area adjacent to the trench.

3.0 PROJECT ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITY

The supplemental investigation activities are being conducted by SI Group under the supervision of the SI Group Project Manager, who is the prime contact for communication with the NYSDEC. Field oversight and coordination are to be provided by CHA. The CHA Project Manager is responsible for the delivery of CHA services. The project organization chart and a brief description of the duties of key personnel are presented below. Resumes for CHA staff providing environmental services are included in Appendix A.

SI Group

SI Group Project Manager

• Responsible for the overall environmental program of the Congress Street Facility

<u>CHA</u>

Keith Cowan, C.P.G – CHA Project Manager

- Responsible for following the approved Work Plan and obtaining approval by the NYSDEC for all modifications to the project;
- Provide overall and day-to-day project management;
- Ensure all resources of CHA are available on an as required basis;
- Participate in key technical negotiations with the NYSDEC, as necessary;
- Provide managerial guidance to CHA's technical group;
- Evaluate data; and,
- Prepare and coordinate the issuance of report.

Mark Corey, P.E. - CHA Quality Assurance/ Quality Control (QA/QC)

- Conduct internal audit of field investigation and sampling;
- Assist in preparation and review of report; and,
- Provide technical representation for field activities.

Sarah Newell - Technical Manager/ Project Coordinator

- Responsible for the preparation of the Work Plan;
- Provide immediate supervision of all on-site activities;
- Assist in preparation and review of report;



- Provide technical representation for field activities; and,
- Responsible for maintenance of the field equipment.

Jamie Herrick, Field Oversight and Quality Control Coordinator

- Will serve as Field Team Leader;
- Work with field crew to prepare for field activities and conduct investigations;
 and,
- Will be on Site to
 - 1. Provide oversight and coordination of field activities.
 - 2. Ensure that required QC procedures are followed for soil boring and piezometer installation activities and data collection.
 - 3. Initiate informal and/or formal corrective actions as necessary.
 - 4. Maintain and report QC records (i.e. chain-of-custody, field equipment calibration, etc.).
 - 5. Report to the Project Manager.

Howard Brezner, NYSDEC Project Manager

• Approve this Work Plan and any modifications to the project

4.0 FIELD SAMPLING PLAN

4.1 OBJECTIVES

The investigation to be performed will entail boring and piezometer installation along with groundwater elevation measurements to document groundwater conditions in the area directly within and adjacent to the groundwater collection trench.

4.2 FIELD PROCEDURES AND PROTOCOLS

4.2.1 Boring Installation

Four (4) borings will be installed using standard Geoprobe® drilling techniques. The boring locations, all of which are on-site and upgradient of monitoring well OW5A-92, are shown on Figure 3. Two (2) borings (GP01-13 and GP02-13) will be installed within the groundwater collection trench, approximately 25 feet apart. The remaining two (2) remaining borings (GP03-13 and GP04-13) will be installed approximately 8 to 10 feet downgradient of borings GP01-13 and GP02-13, adjacent to the site fencing.

Based on the design report and associated drawings for the installation of the groundwater collection trench (Conestoga-Rovers &Associates, March 1999), a 60 mil high density polyethylene (HPDE) liner was installed over the top of the collection trench in order to prevent surface water infiltration into the groundwater collection trench. A 12-inch layer of common fill and 6-inch layer of topsoil overlay the HDPE liner. In order to preserve the integrity of the HDPE liner, each boring will be hand-cleared to the top of the liner. The liner will then be cut by hand, creating an opening for the Geoprobe® drilling equipment.

Soil cores will be collected continuously in four (4) foot increments from grade to final depth using a Macrocore® sampling device. The soil core will then be screened in the field for visual, olfactory, and photoionic evidence of contamination. The maximum depth of the borings installed within the groundwater collection trench will be to a depth of three (3) feet above the collection pipe, or approximately 10 feet below ground surface (bgs). The maximum depth of borings GP03-13 and GP04-13 is expected to be 10 to 15 feet bgs; the depth will be determined in the field based on the depth to groundwater. The depth and location of each boring may vary depending upon geologic conditions.



Before drilling at each boring location and after drilling at the last location, the drilling equipment and all sampling equipment will be decontaminated in accordance with the protocols established in Section 5.0. Drill cuttings will be managed as described in Section 4.3.

4.2.2 Piezometer Installation

In order to obtain water level measurements and groundwater samples during this and potentially future investigations, a permanent piezometer will be installed in each of the four (4) borings.

The borings will be converted to piezometers (PZ01-13 through PZ04-13) constructed using either a 5- or 10-foot section of 1-inch diameter, 10-slot PVC screen and finished with the requisite length of solid PVC riser pipe. The screen will be installed to straddle the water table. A sand pack, consisting of a minimum thickness of one (1) inch, will be placed within the annulus between the borehole and the well screen. Alternatively, a pre-packed well screen may be used in lieu of the placement of a field installed sand pack. A 2-foot bentonite seal will then be placed above the screen. The remaining borehole between the bentonite seal and the HDPE liner system will be backfilled with bentonite-cement grout.

Each piezometer will be completed with a locking well-cap. A steel protective casing will be placed over the PVC riser, extending approximately one (1) to two (2) feet below the HDPE liner. The protective casing penetration will be sealed with a section of geosynthetic clay liner (BentoMat or similar) and granular bentonite. The surface seal (above the HDPE liner) will be completed with quick setting concrete placed into a Sono TubeTM.

4.2.3 Water Level Measurements

A minimum of 24 hours after installation of each piezometer, water level measurements will be collected from the new piezometers as well as from the rest of the monitoring wells in the current hydraulic monitoring network (Figure 2).

Water level measurements will be obtained by measuring the distance from the marked location of the top of the riser to the top of the water column using an electronic water level indicator. All measurements will be obtained to nearest hundredth of one foot accuracy.

Water level measuring equipment that comes in contact with ground water will be cleaned in accordance with Section 5.0 to ensure that cross-contamination does not occur.



4.2.4 Survey

After collection of the depth to groundwater measurements, the elevation of the top of the casing and the ground surface elevations at the new piezometer locations, along with their horizontal locations, will be surveyed by CHA personnel and tied into the existing site survey data. The survey data is necessary to determine the overall direction of groundwater flow in the vicinity of the groundwater collection trench.

4.3 INVESTIGATION DERIVED WASTE

Soils generated during the investigation that do not contain any field evidence of contamination (visual, olfactory or photoionic) will be dispersed on the ground in the immediate vicinity of the associated boring. Any soil that is determined to be potentially contaminated based on field observations will be placed in DOT approved 55-gallon drums which will be temporarily staged onsite for characterization and final disposition.

All decontamination water will be considered to be contaminated and will be placed in DOT approved 55-gallon drums which will be temporarily staged on-site for characterization and final disposition.

All gloves, PPE, sampling materials, etc. will be collected on a daily basis and disposed of as solid waste.

5.0 DECONTAMINATION

Prior to mobilization, the drill rig shall be thoroughly cleaned to remove oil, grease, mud, and other foreign matter. Subsequently, before initiating drilling at each boring location, samplers, drill steel, and associated equipment will be cleaned to prevent cross-contamination. All cleaning will be conducted at a predetermined on-site location. Cleaning will be accomplished using the procedures outlined in the following sections.

5.1 SMALL EQUIPMENT

The decontamination procedure for all manual sampling and water level measurement equipment is:

- 1. Disassemble equipment, as required.
- 2. Remove gross contamination from the equipment by brushing and then rinsing with tap water.
- 3. Wash and scrub with low phosphate detergent;
- 4. Thoroughly rinse with tap water; and
- 5. Air dry.

Field personnel will use a new pair of outer gloves before handling sample equipment after it is cleaned.

5.2 LARGE EQUIPMENT

A temporary equipment decontamination pad will be constructed for the drill rig, which will be decontaminated before leaving the Site. The drill rig will be decontaminated by first removing gross contamination from the equipment by brushing or wiping. All equipment will then be thoroughly washed using a high-pressure steam cleaner.

The water generated from decontaminating equipment will be collected by placing 10-mil polyethylene sheeting over an approximately twenty-foot by twenty-foot area with raised sides and one low spot to direct the water to one corner of the pad. The collected water will be pumped into a steel drum(s) and managed as investigation derived waste in accordance with Section 4.3.

6.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY PROTOCOL

6.1 General

The work to be completed during the off-site investigation will require site workers to perform tasks where personal safety could be compromised due to chemical, physical, and biological hazards. While conducting fieldwork, site workers may be exposed to chemical contaminants including a wide variety of organic compounds. Additionally, site workers may be exposed to physical hazards, including but not limited to, heavy machinery, excavations, fast-moving trains, and trip/fall hazards. Since the majority of the work to be completed will be done within the railroads right-of-way, compliance with the railroads safety requirements will be required.

A Site Health & Safety Plan (HASP) (Appendix B) has been prepared for the use of CHA and their employees. Properly trained and experienced CHA subcontractors may also use the HASP as a guideline document. The requirements and guidelines in the HASP are based on a review of available information and an evaluation of potential on-site hazards from previous studies and information available to date.

This HASP will be discussed with site personnel and will be available on-site for review while work is underway. All personnel conducting site activities must be familiar with the procedures, requirements and provision of this plan, and in the event of conflicting plans/requirements, personnel must implement those safety practices which afford the highest level of protection. CHA's Field Team Leader will also serve as CHA's Health and Safety Coordinator and is responsible for implementation of this HASP into daily site activities. A copy of the Site Health and Safety Plan is included in Appendix B.



7.0 REPORTING

An "On-Site Hydraulic Gradient Investigation Report" will be prepared summarizing the information generated during implementation of this Work Plan. The report will be prepared in general accordance with DER-10 Technical Guidance for Site Investigation and Remediation.

The report will include the following information and data pertaining to the On-Site Investigation:

- Field logs, including but not limited to: boring logs and piezometer installation logs;
- Groundwater piezometric surface map;
- Cross section(s); and,
- A narrative that summarizes the results of the investigation.



8.0 SCHEDULE

The following schedule has been developed based upon assumed durations of field investigation activities and may be extended or abbreviated based upon actual conditions encountered.

Table 8-1: Project Schedule

Task	Start Date
Field Investigation Initiated	Within 30 Days of receiving NYSDEC approval of Work Plan and after ground thaws*
Submittal of On-Site Hydraulic Gradient Investigation Report to NYSDEC	Within 45 days of completing field investigation

^{*}Due to the necessity of hand-clearing the boring locations, the field investigation may be delayed due to weather and site conditions.



FIGURES

CONGRESS STREET PLANT SI GROUP, INC.

SCHENECTADY, NEW YORK

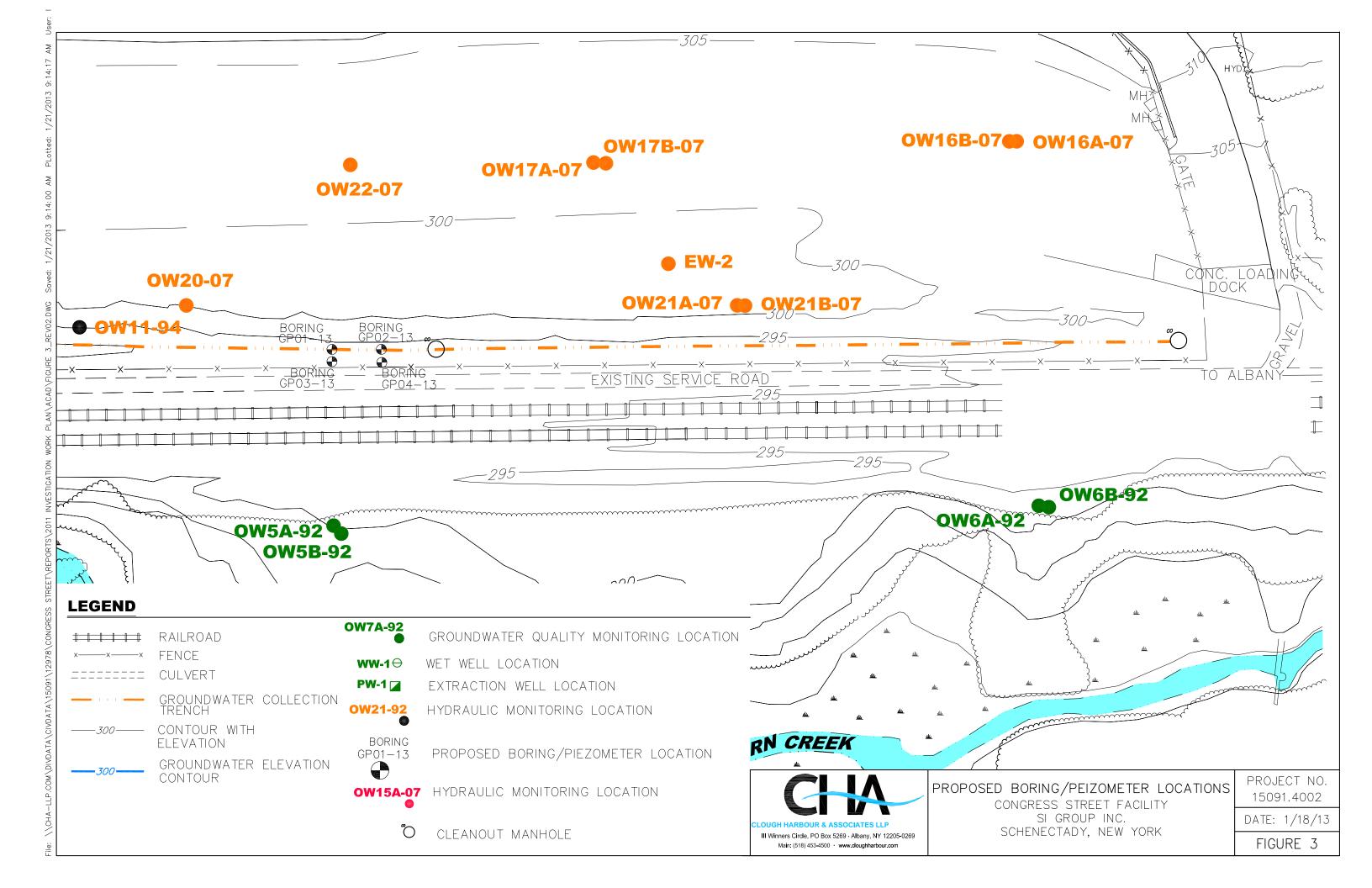
ile: M:\12978\Congress Street\acad\FIG-1.1.dwg User: 330 1/4/2005 11:05

15091.2002.1102

III Winners Circle, PO Box 5269, Albany, NY 12205 www.cloughharbour.com

DATE: 06-08-11

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APPENDIX A

CHA Staff Resumes

APPENDIX A CHA RESUMES

Keith Cowan - CHA Project Manager

Education: University at Buffalo, B.A. Geology

Certified Professional Geologist

Mr. Cowan has over 14 years of experience in the environmental consulting industry. His experience includes remedial investigations and feasibility studies (RI/FS), solid and hazardous waste landfill investigations and closure projects, environmental site characterizations and hazardous materials assessments for large facility decommissioning projects, environmental compliance projects, public and private Brownfield projects, as well as site remediation.

Mark Corey - CHA Quality Assurance/Quality Control

Education: Mississippi State University, B.S. Civil Engineering

Clemson University, M.S. Environmental Systems Engineering

Licensed Professional Engineer in the State of New York

Mr. Corey is a senior engineer with over 20 years of experience. His design experience includes the areas of site investigation and remediation, environmental compliance across all media, and industrial water and wastewater management.

Sarah Newell - CHA Technical Manager/Project Coordinator

Education: Union College, B.S. Geology

University of Florida, M.S. Geology

Ms. Newell is a Project Geologist in our Environmental Group with 7 years of experience. Her experience includes conducting compliance evaluations, Phase I Environmental Site Assessments, Phase II Subsurface Investigations, and site remediation for both municipal and industrial clients. Ms. Newell has an extensive background in environmental regulatory compliance, specializing in petroleum and chemical bulk storage in the State of New York.

Jamie Herrick - CHA Field Oversight and Quality Control Coordinator

Education: SUNY College of Environmental Science and Forestry

Mr. Herrick has over 18 years experience including 12 years direct experience with solid waste, landfill, and environmental projects. He is versed in State and Federal Rules and Regulations, Safety Issues, and Heavy Construction projects.



APPENDIX B

Health and Safety Plan

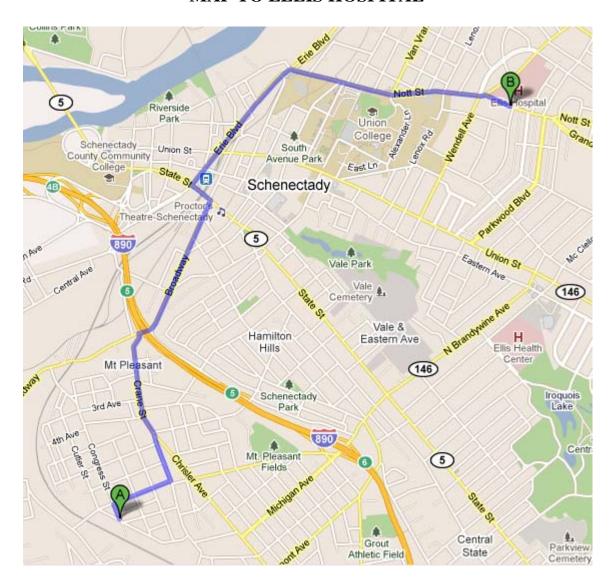


SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN

PROJ	ECT INF	ORMATION							
Project Name	: On-Site	Hydraulic Grad	ient Inves	stigation	CHA Project No. 15091				
Project Start	Date: TI	BD Completion	on Date:	TBD	Weather: TBD				
Project Locat	ion: Cor	igress Street Fa	cility, Sc	henectady	, Project Task: Inv	estigati	on relative to recent detections		
NY (SI Group	, Inc.)				in off-site monitoring	ng well	OW5A-92		
Description of	f Work:	Installation of	several so	oil borings	/piezometers and wate	er level	measurements		
Key Personne	el:	Keith Cowan			Jamie Herrick		Jamie Herrick		
Responsibilitie		Project Manag			Field Team Leader		Site Safety Officer		
Description of	f Hazards	: Physical h	azards a	ssociated	with soil boring/pie	zomete	r installation and water level		
		measureme	nt.						
TASK HAZA	RDS				TASK SAFETY ME	EASUR	ES & PPE		
	Chemica	l Exposure	Yes 🖂	No 🗌	Safety Glasses				
	High Hea	-	Yes \square	No 🖂	Safety Goggles				
Eye	•	ing Debris	Yes 🖂	No 🗌	Face Shield				
Lyc	•	ing Deons	Yes \square	No 🖂	Shaded Lenses				
	Impact Light/Radiation		Yes [No 🖂	Shaded Lenses				
		uiation	Yes 🖂	No 🗌	Murd Uate More	ngo or	White or Plus		
** 1	Impact Electrical Shock					Hard Hat: Orange or White or Blue Reflector Tape (Required for night operations)			
Head	Lack of Visibility		Yes _	No 🖂	☐ Reflector Tape (R	equirec	i for hight operations)		
			Yes Yes	No 🛛	Work Boots		to al Total Doots		
	Chemical Exposure			No ⊠ No ⊠	Ankle Protection		teel Toed Boots		
	High Heat/Cold Impact/Compression		Yes _		Rubber Boots		75 C/75 (Impact/Compression)		
	Slips/Trips		Yes ⊠ Yes ⊠	No	Insulated Boots		d Type 1 or 2 (Conductive) R (Puncture Resistant)		
	Puncture	•	Yes \square	No 🖂	Non-slip Soles		It/70 or 50 or 30 (Metatarsal)		
Foot	runcture		168	NO 🖂	Chemical	IV	11/70 of 50 of 50 (Metatarsar)		
Foot	Slinnery	Wet Surface	Yes 🗌	No 🖂	resistant	ПБ	H (Electrical Hazard)		
	Slippery/Wet Surface Explosive/Flammable		105	110 🖂	Tesistant	H	SD Type I or II (Static		
	Atmospheres		Yes	No 🖂		Dissi	pative)		
	Electrical		Yes 🗌	No 🖂			F		
		l Exposure	Yes 🖂	No 🗌	Work Gloves	□R	ubber Gloves		
		at or Cold	Yes \square	No 🖾	Leather Gloves		litrile Gloves		
	Cuts/Abrasion		Yes 🗌	No 🖾	Latex Gloves	_	nsulated Gloves		
Hand	Puncture		Yes 🗌	No 🖾	☐ Vinyl Gloves		Ietal Mesh Gloves		
	Electrical Shock		Yes	No 🖂	☐ Neoprene Gloves				
	Bloodborne Pathogen		Yes	No 🖂	Butyl Gloves				
	Chemical Exposure		Yes	No 🖂		White o	or Yellow		
	Extreme Heat/Cold		Yes	No 🖂	UV Protection		irst Aid Kit		
D 1 //	Abrasion		Yes 🗌	No 🖾	Coveralls		raffic Cones		
Body/Torso	Impact			No 🖾	Reflective Vest	=	ignage		
	Electrical Arc		Yes		Insect Repellent		- Way Radios		
					Tick Removal				
	Biologica	al Hazards	Yes 🗌	No 🖂	Kit Flashlight		lashlight		
Fall	Fall Haza	ard	Yes 🗌	No 🖂	Harness	F	all Protection Lanyard		
Noise	Noise Ha	nzard	Yes 🖂	No 🗌	Ear Plugs	Е	ar Muffs		

CHA				SITE HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN			
Respiratory	Chemical Ex Confined Spa Particulate E Welding Haz	aces xposure	Yes	No ⊠ No ⊠ No ⊠ No ⊠		ator: 1½ Face or lge: P or 0	
SITE CONTI				- 13			
Site Control/Site Security ¹ :		Fencing around project site by Client/Property Owner		•	M & PT: If yes, sketch inf		√
Confined Spa If Yes, Attach		N					
Decontamination: If Yes, Describe		X Y See Section					
Site Monitoring ² : If Yes, Describe		□ Y ⊠	N				
CONTINGE	NCY PLAN						
Emergency Contacts:		Police: 911 Ambulance: 911 Fire: 911 Hospital: 518-243-42		1235	Client Contact: Mark Normandin Client Phone #: 518- 862-9133 CHA PM Phone #: 518-453-2897 Poison Control: 800-336-6997		862-9133 8-453-2897
Route to Hospital: Communication:		See Attached Cell Phone Nearest Pay Phone Pager					
COMMENTS: ALL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN THE "CONTRACTORS HANDBOOK FOR CSX ROADWAY WORKER PROTECTION" NEED TO BE FOLLOWED WHEN WORKING ON CSX PROPERTY.							
PLAN SIGN-OFF							
Name:		Name:			Name:		Name:
X:		X:		X:			X:
Date:		Date:			Date:		Date:
Name:		Name:			Name:		Name:
X:		X:			X:		X:
Date:		Date:		Date:		Date:	

MAP TO ELLIS HOSPITAL



DRIVING DIRECTIONS

1. Head northwest on Congress St toward Hodgson St	371 ft
2. Take the 2nd right onto 8th Ave	0.3 mi
3. Turn left onto Crane St	
4. Turn right onto Broadway	0.7 mi
5. Turn left onto State St	0.7 mi
6. Take the 1st right onto Erie Blvd	0.1 mi
7. Turn right onto Nott St	0.7 mi
Destination will be on the left	1.0 mi

