



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

Facility Identification Data

Name: GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC

Address: 3807 HIGHLAND AVE

NIAGARA FALLS, NY 14305

Owner/Firm

Name: GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC

Address: PO BOX 157

BEVERLY, OH 45715-0157, USA

Owner Classification: Corporation/Partnership

Permit Contacts

Division of Environmental Permits:

Name: LISA M CZECHOWICZ

Address: NYSDEC - REGION 9

270 MICHIGAN AVE

BUFFALO, NY 14203-2915

Phone:7168512165

Division of Air Resources:

Name: CHERYL WEBSTER

Address: NYSDEC - REGION 9

270 MICHIGAN AVE

BUFFALO, NY 14203-2915

Air Permitting Contact:

Name: MATT GREENE

Address: GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC

PO BOX 157

BEVERLY, OH 45715

Phone:7409848608

Permit Description

Introduction

The Title V operating air permit is intended to be a document containing only enforceable terms and conditions as well as any additional information, such as the identification of emission units, emission points, emission sources and processes, that makes the terms meaningful. 40 CFR Part 70.7(a)(5) requires that each Title V permit have an accompanying "...statement that sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions". The purpose for this permit review report is to satisfy the above requirement by providing pertinent details regarding the permit/application data and permit conditions in a more easily understandable format. This report will also include background narrative and explanations of regulatory decisions made by the reviewer. It should be emphasized that this permit review report, while based on information contained in the permit, is a separate document and is not itself an enforceable term and condition of the permit.

Summary Description of Proposed Project

Globe proposes to perform an overhaul of its electric arc furnace No. 11 (EAF No. 11) at its Niagara Falls facility, and to install a multiclone cooler for the EAF No. 11 induced draft fan baghouse system. That work is referenced collectively in this application as the "project" for ease of discussion.



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

Globe anticipates that the project would increase annual operating time by improving reliability and reducing maintenance downtime, and would improve the ability of the furnace to sustain operation at the higher end of its current achievable load capability without negatively impacting reliability. Notably, the project would not result in an increase in the furnace's short-term achievable load or its maximum achievable hourly emission rates.

The project would include improvements for the furnace hood and enclosure, which would improve emission capture efficiency. In addition, the project would improve electrical efficiency, for which Globe has been awarded a New York State Energy Research and Development Authority (NYSERDA) grant.

Finally, the project would include work to enable the facility to use electrodes that are a hybrid between the prebake electrodes currently utilized at this facility and the bake-in place electrodes that were previously utilized. These hybrid electrodes are used at facilities overseas. Due to materials availability issues, Globe anticipates that it would continue using prebake electrodes, rather than hybrid electrodes, following the overhaul outage. However, it would perform most of the work needed to utilize hybrid electrodes during the overhaul, and it would perform the remaining work and begin utilizing hybrid electrodes as soon as market conditions allow.

The multi-clone cooler is part of the air pollution control system designed to allow for heavies (i.e. larger pieces of wood, coal, etc.) to drop out in the gas stream, and to reduce off-gas temperatures. The multi-clone improves the operational life of the induced draft fans, reverse air fans, dust collection filter media, and associated hardware.

Attainment Status

GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC is located in the town of NIAGARA FALLS in the county of NIAGARA.

The attainment status for this location is provided below. (Areas classified as attainment are those that meet all ambient air quality standards for a designated criteria air pollutant.)

Criteria Pollutant	Attainment Status
Particulate Matter (PM)	ATTAINMENT
Particulate Matter < 10µ in diameter (PM10)	ATTAINMENT
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)	ATTAINMENT
Ozone*	MARGINAL NON-ATTAINMENT
Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)**	ATTAINMENT
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	ATTAINMENT

* Ozone is regulated in terms of the emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC) and/or oxides of nitrogen (NOx) which are ozone precursors.

** NOx has a separate ambient air quality standard in addition to being an ozone precursor.



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

Facility Description:

Globe Metallurgical, Inc. produces high purity silicon metal in two open 22 megawatt electric arc furnaces. The facility is a major source of emissions of sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen chloride and nitrogen oxides and therefore subject to the Title V permitting requirements of 40 CFR 70 and 6 NYCRR, Part 201-6. The facility suspended operations in September 2003 and re-started October 1, 2009.

The submerged electric arc process is a reduction smelting operation accomplished by conversion of electrical energy to heat. Reactants consisting of coal, charcoal, coke, wood chips, and quartz are mixed and added at the top of each furnace. Carbon needed as a reducing agent is supplied by the coke, charcoal, coal, wood chips and to a lesser extent, electrodes. At high temperatures in the reaction zone, the carbon sources react with silicon dioxide and oxygen to form carbon monoxide and reduce the ore to the base metal silicon. Molten product is tapped from the furnace through a tap hole located at the bottom of each furnace. Molten metal and slag flow from the tap hole into a ladle. Hoods capture gaseous and particulate emissions from the furnaces and tapping operations which are then directed to dedicated positive pressure baghouses, identified as emission points EP002 and EP003. The molten metal is poured into chill pans. Cooled metal is broken, then crushed and sized.

Permit Structure and Description of Operations

The Title V permit for GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC

is structured in terms of the following hierarchy: facility, emission unit, emission point, emission source and process. A facility is defined as all emission sources located at one or more adjacent or contiguous properties owned or operated by the same person or persons under common control. The facility is subdivided into one or more emission units (EU). Emission units are defined as any part or activity of a stationary facility that emits or has the potential to emit any federal or state regulated air pollutant. An emission unit is represented as a grouping of processes (defined as any activity involving one or more emission sources (ES) that emits or has the potential to emit any federal or state regulated air pollutant). An emission source is defined as any apparatus, contrivance or machine capable of causing emissions of any air contaminant to the outdoor atmosphere, including any appurtenant exhaust system or air cleaning device. [NOTE: Indirect sources of air contamination as defined in 6 NYCRR Part 203 (i.e. parking lots) are excluded from this definition]. The applicant is required to identify the principal piece of equipment (i.e., emission source) that directly results in or controls the emission of federal or state regulated air pollutants from an activity (i.e., process). Emission sources are categorized by the following types:

- combustion - devices which burn fuel to generate heat, steam or power
- incinerator - devices which burn waste material for disposal
- control - emission control devices
- process - any device or contrivance which may emit air contaminants that is not included in the above categories.

GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC is defined by the following emission unit(s):

Emission unit 1RFMON - This emission unit represents the proposed installation of a gravity roof ventilator system on the north side of the furnace building roof.

Emission unit 1RFMON is associated with the following emission points (EP):
00008

Process: VNT is located at Building 00FURNBLDG - Labyrinth gravity roof ventilators on the north side of the furnace building through which heat and fume are emitted. There are 15 motorized damper panels, total dimensions 200' x 18', which can be opened and closed as needed. These will provide 29.5 building air exchanges per hour.



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

Emission unit RDWYPK - Plant roadways and parking lots are located throughout the facility with fugitive emissions. While some areas are unpaved, the majority of higher traffic areas are paved.

Process: P05 is located at Building OUTSIDE - Roadways & Parking - Transportation on roadways and parking areas cause fugitive emissions.

Emission unit PROFIN - Silicon metal is processed at No. 3 sizing plant. The sizing plant crushes and screens the silicon metal preparing it for distribution. Silicon metal sizing and product handling are the two processes in this unit. Emissions are controlled with baghouses and through the use of covered conveyors and enclosed storage sheds.

Emission unit PROFIN is associated with the following emission points (EP):
EP007, EP06A

Process: P03 is located at East & west sides, Building 00FURNBLDG - Silicon Metal Sizing - Sizing operations begin with transport of silicon metal lump from storage or directly to the jaw crusher. From the jaw crusher, product is conveyed to a shaker/screen and transported to sizing or to the cone crusher, depending on size. From the cone crusher, the product is transported to a shaker/screen via a covered conveyor and then to sizing. Emissions from this operation are controlled by two baghouses which vent to emission point EP06A. The main baghouse collects emissions generated from crushing and sizing, while a smaller secondary baghouse collects particulate generated from finished product dropping to the floor from a conveyor.

Process: P04 is located at East & west sides, Building 00FURNBLDG - Product Handling - From sizing, product is loaded to boxes, super sacks, or railcars. Hopper and Loading Conveyor involves transfer of sized silicon metal via front end loader to a bin then to a hopper for loadout to railcar. The operation is located indoors next to Sizing Plant No. 3. Conveyors, hopper and loadout point are controlled via cartridge filter venting to emission point EP007.

Emission unit EAFURN - The No. 9 and No. 11 submerged three-phase electric arc furnaces convert gravel, woodchips, coke, charcoal and coal into silicon metal or ferrosilicon. The furnaces are each rated at 22 megawatts per hour of input. The processes which comprise this emission unit include raw material handling, ferrosilicon or silicon metal melting and tapping/pouring of molten metal. Each furnace is equipped with a baghouse to control particulate emissions. A main furnace hood is installed on each furnace and ducted to the baghouses. Emissions from the No. 9 furnace are directed to emission point EP002 and from the No. 11 furnace to emission point EP003.

Emission unit EAFURN is associated with the following emission points (EP):
EP002, EP003

Process: P01 is located at South of FURNBLDG - Raw Material Handling - Raw Material Transfer and Storage operations begin with the receipt of raw materials via truck or rail. Coal, coke, charcoal, gravel, woodchips, and turnings are unloaded via crane to piles or directly to a below grade conveyor or pit. Coal is transferred to the pit, from which it is conveyed up to enclosed raw material storage bins or unloaded to conveyed up to enclosed storage bins. Wood chips are dumped from a trailer to the pit and transported up to enclosed storage bins. From indoor bins, the raw materials are weighed and dropped to a skip bucket from



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

which they are transferred to the top of the furnace.

Process: P02 is located at Center of building, Building 00FURNBLDG - Melting - Silicon or ferrosilicon metal is produced in two three-phase submerged semi-enclosed-type electric arc furnaces identified as emission sources S0003 (furnace No. 9) and S0004 (furnace No. 11) . The submerged arc process is a reduction smelting operation. In the production of silicon metal, quartz is the raw material from which silicon is derived. Carbon is necessary as a reducing agent and is supplied by coal, charcoal, woodchips and to a lesser extent, electrodes. In the production of ferrosilicon, iron is added to the raw materials. Smelting in the electric arc furnace is accomplished by conversion of electric energy to heat. An alternating current applied to the electrodes causes a current to flow through the charge from the electrode tips to the furnace hearth. This provides a reaction zone of temperature up to 6000 deg. F. To maintain a uniform electric load, electrode depth is continuously varied automatically, as required. At high temperatures in the reaction zone, the carbon sources react chemically with silicon dioxide gas to form carbon monoxide and silicon metal.

Fume and dust generated and captured throughout the production process including tapping are controlled by the baghouses which vent to emission points EP002 and EP003 and then collected and reused or sold.

Process: TAP is located at Building 00FURNBLDG - Molten product is tapped from the furnace through a taphole located at the bottom of the furnace at hearth level. The molten metal and dross flow from the tap hole into a ladle. The ladle is moved by a hoist to the casting process. The metal is poured into low, flat chill pans that provide rapid cooling of the molten metal.

Fume and dust generated from the tapping process is pulled by the tap hole fan to the main furnace hood and into the furnace baghouses which vent to emission points EP002 and EP003.

Fumes from the hot metal ladle pour are fugitive inside the building and to the gravity roof ventilators.

Title V/Major Source Status

GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC is subject to Title V requirements. This determination is based on the following information:

Globe is a major source subject to Title V permitting requirements for having actual emissions of particulates greater than 100 tpy, nitrogen oxides greater than 100 tpy, carbon monoxide greater than 100 tpy, sulfur dioxide greater than 100 tpy, and hydrogen chloride, a hazardous air pollutant, greater than 10 tpy.

Program Applicability

The following chart summarizes the applicability of GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC with regards to the principal air pollution regulatory programs:

Regulatory Program	Applicability
PSD	NO
NSR (non-attainment)	YES
NESHAP (40 CFR Part 61)	NO



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

NESHAP (MACT - 40 CFR Part 63)	YES
NSPS	YES
TITLE IV	NO
TITLE V	YES
TITLE VI	NO
RACT	YES
SIP	YES

NOTES:

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration (40 CFR 52, 6 NYCRR 231-7, 231-8) - requirements which pertain to major stationary sources located in areas which are in attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for specified pollutants.

NSR New Source Review (6 NYCRR 231-5, 231-6) - requirements which pertain to major stationary sources located in areas which are in non-attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for specified pollutants.

NESHAP National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 61, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - contaminant and source specific emission standards established prior to the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAAA) which were developed for 9 air contaminants (inorganic arsenic, radon, benzene, vinyl chloride, asbestos, mercury, beryllium, radionuclides, and volatile HAP's).

MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology (40 CFR 63, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - contaminant and source specific emission standards established by the 1990 CAAA. Under Section 112 of the CAAA, the US EPA is required to develop and promulgate emissions standards for new and existing sources. The standards are to be based on the best demonstrated control technology and practices in the regulated industry, otherwise known as MACT. The corresponding regulations apply to specific source types and contaminants.

NSPS New Source Performance Standards (40 CFR 60, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - standards of performance for specific stationary source categories developed by the US EPA under Section 111 of the CAAA. The standards apply only to those stationary sources which have been constructed or modified after the regulations have been proposed by publication in the Federal Register and only to the specific contaminant(s) listed in the regulation.

Title IV Acid Rain Control Program (40 CFR 72 thru 78, 6 NYCRR 201-6) - regulations which mandate the implementation of the acid rain control program for large stationary combustion facilities.

Title VI Stratospheric Ozone Protection (40 CFR 82, Subpart A thru G, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - federal requirements that apply to sources which use a minimum quantity of CFC's (chlorofluorocarbons), HCFC's (hydrofluorocarbons) or other ozone depleting substances or regulated substitute substances in equipment such as air conditioners, refrigeration equipment or motor vehicle air conditioners or appliances.

RACT Reasonably Available Control Technology (6 NYCRR Parts 212-3, 226, 227-2, 228, 229, 230, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236) - the lowest emission limit that a specific source is capable of meeting by application of control technology that is reasonably available, considering technological and economic feasibility. RACT is a control strategy used to limit emissions of VOC's and NOx for the purpose of attaining the air quality standard for ozone. The term as it is used in the above table refers to those state



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

air pollution control regulations which specifically regulate VOC and NOx emissions.

SIP State Implementation Plan (40 CFR 52, Subpart HH, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - as per the CAAA, all states are empowered and required to devise the specific combination of controls that, when implemented, will bring about attainment of ambient air quality standards established by the federal government and the individual state. This specific combination of measures is referred to as the SIP. The term here refers to those state regulations that are approved to be included in the SIP and thus are considered federally enforceable.

Compliance Status

Facility is in compliance with all requirements.

SIC Codes

SIC or Standard Industrial Classification code is an industrial code developed by the federal Office of Management and Budget for use, among other things, in the classification of establishments by the type of activity in which they are engaged. Each operating establishment is assigned an industry code on the basis of its primary activity, which is determined by its principal product or group of products produced or distributed, or services rendered. Larger facilities typically have more than one SIC code.

SIC Code

Description

3313
3339

ELECTROMETALLURGICAL PRODUCTS
PRIMARY NONFERROUS METALS, NEC

SCC Codes

SCC or Source Classification Code is a code developed and used" by the USEPA to categorize processes which result in air emissions for the purpose of assessing emission factor information.Each SCC represents a unique process or function within a source category logically associated with a point of air pollution emissions. Any operation that causes air pollution can be represented by one or more SCC's.

SCC Code

Description

2-02-001-02

INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES - INDUSTRIAL
INDUSTRIAL INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE -
DISTILLATE OIL(DIESEL)
Reciprocating

3-03-007-02

PRIMARY METAL PRODUCTION
PRIMARY METAL PRODUCTION - SEMI-COVERED
FURNACE

3-99-999-94

ELECTRIC ARC FURNACE:OTHER ALLOYS/SPECIFY
MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES
Other Not Classified

Facility Emissions Summary

In the following table, the CAS No. or Chemical Abstract Service code is an identifier assigned to every chemical compound. [NOTE: Certain CAS No.'s contain a 'NY' designation within them. These are not true CAS No.'s but rather an identification which has been developed by the department to identify groups of contaminants which ordinary CAS No.'s do not do. As an example, volatile organic compounds or VOC's are identified collectively by the NY CAS No. 0NY998-00-0.] The PTE refers to the Potential to Emit. This is defined as the maximum capacity of a facility or air contaminant source to emit any air contaminant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation on the



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

capacity of the facility or air contamination source to emit any air contaminant , including air pollution control equipment and/or restrictions on the hours of operation, or on the type or amount or material combusted, stored, or processed, shall be treated as part of the design only if the limitation is contained in federally enforceable permit conditions. The PTE for each contaminant that is displayed represents the facility-wide PTE in tons per year (tpy) or pounds per year (lbs/yr). In some instances the PTE represents a federally enforceable emissions cap or limitation for that contaminant. The term ‘HAP’ refers to any of the hazardous air pollutants listed in section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. Total emissions of all hazardous air pollutants are listed under the special NY CAS No. 0NY100-00-0. In addition, each individual hazardous air pollutant is also listed under its own specific CAS No. and is identified in the list below by the (HAP) designation.

Cas No.	Contaminant	PTE lbs/yr	PTE tons/yr	Actual lbs/yr	Actual tons/yr
000124-38-9	CARBON DIOXIDE	528537030		458548108	
000630-08-0	CARBON MONOXIDE	1935960		935115	
000050-00-0	FORMALDEHYDE	4000		3233	
007647-01-0	HYDROGEN CHLORIDE	42000		14857	
007664-39-3	HYDROGEN FLUORIDE	8095		7023	
007439-92-1	LEAD	12		9	
000074-82-8	METHANE	92680		80407	
0NY210-00-0	OXIDES OF NITROGEN	975132		846005	
0NY075-00-0	PARTICULATES	430642		373616	
0NY075-02-5	PM 2.5	273086		236924	
0NY075-00-5	PM-10	363564		315421	
007446-09-5	SULFUR DIOXIDE	1369761		1188377	
0NY100-00-0	TOTAL HAP	30000		25000	
0NY998-00-0	VOC	170760		148148	

NOTIFICATION OF GENERAL PERMITTEE OBLIGATIONS

Item A: Public Access to Recordkeeping for Title V Facilities - 6 NYCRR 201-1.10(b)

The Department will make available to the public any permit application, compliance plan, permit, and monitoring and compliance certification report pursuant to Section 503(e) of the Act, except for information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 616 - Public Access to records and Section 114(c) of the Act.

Item B: Timely Application for the Renewal of Title V Permits -6 NYCRR Part 201-6.2(a)(4)

Owners and/or operators of facilities having an issued Title V permit shall submit a complete application at least 180 days, but not more than eighteen months, prior to the date of permit expiration for permit renewal purposes.

Item C: Certification by a Responsible Official - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.2(d)(12)

Any application, form, report or compliance certification required to be submitted pursuant to the federally enforceable portions of this permit shall contain a certification of truth,



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

accuracy and completeness by a responsible official. This certification shall state that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

- Item D: Requirement to Comply With All Conditions - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(a)(2)**
The permittee must comply with all conditions of the Title V facility permit. Any permit non-compliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.
- Item E: Permit Revocation, Modification, Reopening, Reissuance or Termination, and Associated Information Submission Requirements - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(a)(3)**
This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.
- Item F: Cessation or Reduction of Permitted Activity Not a Defense - 6 NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(5)**
It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action to claim that a cessation or reduction in the permitted activity would have been necessary in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- Item G: Property Rights - 6 NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(6)**
This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.
- Item H: Severability - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(a)(9)**
If any provisions, parts or conditions of this permit are found to be invalid or are the subject of a challenge, the remainder of this permit shall continue to be valid.
- Item I: Permit Shield - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(g)**
All permittees granted a Title V facility permit shall be covered under the protection of a permit shield, except as provided under 6 NYCRR Subpart 201-6. Compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance, provided that such applicable requirements are included and are specifically identified in the permit, or the Department, in acting on the permit application or revision, determines in writing that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the major stationary source, and the permit includes the determination or a concise summary thereof. Nothing herein shall preclude the Department from revising or revoking the permit pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 621 or from exercising its summary abatement authority. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:
- i. The ability of the Department to seek to bring suit on behalf of the State of New York, or the Administrator to seek to bring suit on behalf of the United States, to immediately restrain any person causing or contributing to pollution presenting an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health, welfare or the environment to stop the emission of air pollutants causing or contributing to such pollution;



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

- ii. The liability of a permittee of the Title V facility for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;
- iii. The applicable requirements of Title IV of the Act;
- iv. The ability of the Department or the Administrator to obtain information from the permittee concerning the ability to enter, inspect and monitor the facility.

Item J: Reopening for Cause - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(i)

This Title V permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

- i. If additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable where this permit's remaining term is three or more years, a reopening shall be completed not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which this permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended by the Department pursuant to the provisions of Part 201-6.7 and Part 621.
- ii. The Department or the Administrator determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
- iii. The Department or the Administrator determines that the Title V permit must be revised or reopened to assure compliance with applicable requirements.
- iv. If the permitted facility is an "affected source" subject to the requirements of Title IV of the Act, and additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.

Proceedings to reopen and issue Title V facility permits shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance but shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists.

Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the facility by the Department at least thirty days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Department may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

Item K: Permit Exclusion - ECL 19-0305

The issuance of this permit by the Department and the receipt thereof by the Applicant does not and shall not be construed as barring, diminishing, adjudicating or in any way affecting any legal, administrative or equitable rights or claims, actions, suits, causes of action or demands whatsoever that the Department may have against the Applicant for violations based on facts and circumstances alleged to have occurred or existed prior to the effective date of this permit, including, but not limited to, any enforcement action authorized pursuant to the provisions of applicable federal law, the Environmental Conservation Law of the State of New York (ECL) and Chapter III of the Official Compilation of the Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (NYCRR). The issuance of this permit also shall not in any way affect pending or future enforcement actions



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

under the Clean Air Act brought by the United States or any person.

Item L: Federally Enforceable Requirements - 40 CFR 70.6(b)

All terms and conditions in this permit required by the Act or any applicable requirement, including any provisions designed to limit a facility's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Act. The Department has, in this permit, specifically designated any terms and conditions that are not required under the Act or under any of its applicable requirements as being enforceable under only state regulations.

NOTIFICATION OF GENERAL PERMITTEE OBLIGATIONS

Item A: Emergency Defense - 6 NYCRR 201-1.5

An emergency, as defined by subpart 201-2, constitutes an affirmative defense to penalties sought in an enforcement action brought by the Department for noncompliance with emissions limitations or permit conditions for all facilities in New York State.

- (a) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
- (1) An emergency occurred and that the facility owner or operator can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - (2) The equipment at the permitted facility causing the emergency was at the time being properly operated and maintained;
 - (3) During the period of the emergency the facility owner or operator took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
 - (4) The facility owner or operator notified the Department within two working days after the event occurred. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
- (b) In any enforcement proceeding, the facility owner or operator seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.
- (c) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement. item_02

Item B: General Provisions for State Enforceable Permit Terms and Condition - 6 NYCRR Part 201-5

Any person who owns and/or operates stationary sources shall operate and maintain all emission units and any required emission control devices in compliance with all applicable Parts of this Chapter and existing laws, and shall operate the facility in accordance with all criteria, emission limits, terms, conditions, and standards in this permit. Failure of such person to properly operate and maintain the effectiveness of such emission units and



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

emission control devices may be sufficient reason for the Department to revoke or deny a permit.

The owner or operator of the permitted facility must maintain all required records on-site for a period of five years and make them available to representatives of the Department upon request. Department representatives must be granted access to any facility regulated by this Subpart, during normal operating hours, for the purpose of determining compliance with this and any other state and federal air pollution control requirements, regulations or law.

Regulatory Analysis

Location Facility/EU/EP/Process/ES	Regulation	Condition	Short Description
FACILITY	ECL 19-0301	50	Powers and Duties of the Department with respect to air pollution control
E-AFURN	40CFR 64	42	COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE MONITORING
FACILITY	40CFR 68	19	Chemical accident prevention provisions
FACILITY	40CFR 82-F	20	Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - recycling and emissions reduction
FACILITY	6NYCRR 200.6	1, 1 -2	Acceptable ambient air quality.
FACILITY	6NYCRR 200.7	10	Maintenance of equipment.
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-1.4	51	Unavoidable noncompliance and violations
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-1.7	11	Recycling and Salvage
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-1.8	12	Prohibition of reintroduction of collected contaminants to the air
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-3.2(a)	13	Exempt Activities - Proof of eligibility
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-3.3(a)	14	Trivial Activities - proof of eligibility
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6	21, 27, 28	Title V Permits and the Associated Permit Conditions
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(4)	15	General Conditions - Requirement to Provide Information
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(7)	2	General Conditions - Fees
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(8)	1 -1	General Conditions - Right to Inspect
E-AFURN	6NYCRR 201-6.4(b)	1 -15	Permit Conditions for Monitoring
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(c)	3	Recordkeeping and Reporting of Compliance Monitoring
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(c)(2)	4	Records of Monitoring, Sampling and Measurement



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(c)(3)(ii)	5	Reporting Requirements - Deviations and Noncompliance
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(d)(4)	22	Compliance Schedules - Progress Reports
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(e)	6	Compliance Certification
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(f)(2)	1 -3	Operational Flexibility - Protocol
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-6.4(f)(6)	17	Off Permit Changes
FACILITY	6NYCRR 201-7	1 -14	Federally Enforceable Emissions Caps
FACILITY	6NYCRR 202-1.1	18	Required emissions tests.
FACILITY	6NYCRR 202-2.1	7	Emission Statements - Applicability
FACILITY	6NYCRR 202-2.5	8	Emission Statements - record keeping requirements.
E-AFURN/-/P01	6NYCRR 211	43	General Prohibitions
R-DWYPK	6NYCRR 211	49	General Prohibitions
FACILITY	6NYCRR 211.1	23	General Prohibitions - air pollution prohibited
FACILITY	6NYCRR 211.2	52	General Prohibitions - visible emissions limited.
E-AFURN	6NYCRR 211.2	54	General Prohibitions - visible emissions limited.
FACILITY	6NYCRR 212-1.1(a)(2)	1 -8	General Provisions - Applicability
FACILITY	6NYCRR 212-1.5(d)	1 -9	BACT or T-BACT for process emission sources
FACILITY	6NYCRR 212-1.5(g)	24	Maintain all process emission sources, including the associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment
E-AFURN/-/TAP	6NYCRR 212-1.5(g)	46, 1 -16	Maintain all process emission sources, including the associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment
FACILITY	6NYCRR 212-1.6(a)	1 -10	Limiting of Opacity
1-RFMON/-/VNT	6NYCRR 212-2.3(a)	29	Federal SIP Criteria air contaminants applicable to Table 3
1-RFMON/-/VNT	6NYCRR 212-2.3(b)	53	State Air Program Non-Criteria air contaminants subject Table 4
P-ROFIN	6NYCRR 212-2.4(b)	47, 48	Control of Particulate from New and Modified Process Emission Sources
E-AFURN	6NYCRR 212-2.5(b)	40, 41	Table 6 Permissible Emission Rate
FACILITY	6NYCRR 212-3.1(c)(1)	1 -11	Required Compliance



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

E-AFURN/-/P02	6NYCRR 212-3.1(c)(3)	44	Plans for applicable 212-3 emission sources
FACILITY	6NYCRR 215.2	9	RACT compliance plans for NOx emission points
FACILITY	6NYCRR 225-1.4(a)	26	Open Fires - Prohibitions
FACILITY	6NYCRR 231-11.2(b)	1 -12	Fuel Mixtures or Equivalent Emission Rate Variances
FACILITY	6NYCRR 231-11.2(c)	1 -13	Reasonable Possibility requirements for insignificant mods - less than 50% with excluded emissions
			Reasonable Possibility requirements for insignificant mods - greater than 50% with excluded emissions

Applicability Discussion:

Mandatory Requirements: The following facility-wide regulations are included in all Title V permits:

ECL 19-0301

This section of the Environmental Conservation Law establishes the powers and duties assigned to the Department with regard to administering the air pollution control program for New York State.

6 NYCRR 200.6

Acceptable ambient air quality - prohibits contravention of ambient air quality standards without mitigating measures

6 NYCRR 200.7

Anyone owning or operating an air contamination source which is equipped with an emission control device must operate the control consistent with ordinary and necessary practices, standards and procedures, as per manufacturer's specifications and keep it in a satisfactory state of maintenance and repair so that it operates effectively

6 NYCRR 201-1.4

This regulation specifies the actions and recordkeeping and reporting requirements for any violation of an applicable state enforceable emission standard that results from a necessary scheduled equipment maintenance, start-up, shutdown, malfunction or upset in the event that these are unavoidable.

6 NYCRR 201-1.7

Requires the recycle and salvage of collected air contaminants where practical

6 NYCRR 201-1.8

Prohibits the reintroduction of collected air contaminants to the outside air

6 NYCRR 201-3.2 (a)

An owner and/or operator of an exempt emission source or unit may be required to certify that it operates within the specific criteria described in this Subpart. All required records must be maintained on-site for a period of 5 years and made available to department representatives upon request. In addition, department



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

representatives must be granted access to any facility which contains exempt emission sources or units, during normal operating hours, for the purpose of determining compliance with this and any other state and federal air pollution control requirements, regulations, or law.

6 NYCRR 201-3.3 (a)

The owner and/or operator of a trivial emission source or unit may be required to certify that it operates within the specific criteria described in this Subpart. All required records must be maintained on-site for a period of 5 years and made available to department representatives upon request. In addition, department representatives must be granted access to any facility which contains trivial emission sources or units subject to this Subpart, during normal operating hours, for the purpose of determining compliance with this and any other state and federal air pollution control requirements, regulations, or law.

6 NYCRR Subpart 201-6

This regulation applies to those terms and conditions which are subject to Title V permitting. It establishes the applicability criteria for Title V permits, the information to be included in all Title V permit applications as well as the permit content and terms of permit issuance. This rule also specifies the compliance, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, fee, and procedural requirements that need to be met to obtain a Title V permit, modify the permit and demonstrate conformity with applicable requirements as listed in the Title V permit. For permitting purposes, this rule specifies the need to identify and describe all emission units, processes and products in the permit application as well as providing the Department the authority to include this and any other information that it deems necessary to determine the compliance status of the facility.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (a) (4)

This mandatory requirement applies to all Title V facilities. It requires the permittee to provide information that the Department may request in writing, within a reasonable time, in order to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. The request may include copies of records required to be kept by the permit.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (a) (7)

This is a mandatory condition that requires the owner or operator of a facility subject to Title V requirements to pay all applicable fees associated with the emissions from their facility.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (a) (8)

This is a mandatory condition for all facilities subject to Title V requirements. It allows the Department to inspect the facility to determine compliance with this permit, including copying records, sampling and monitoring, as necessary.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (c)

This requirement specifies, in general terms, what information must be contained in any required compliance monitoring records and reports. This includes the date, time and place of any sampling, measurements and analyses; who performed the analyses; analytical techniques and methods used as well as any required QA/QC procedures; results of the analyses; the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement and the identification of any permit deviations. All such reports must also be certified by the designated responsible official of the facility.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (c) (2)

This requirement specifies that all compliance monitoring and recordkeeping is to be conducted according to the terms and conditions of the permit and follow all QA requirements found in applicable regulations. It also requires monitoring records and supporting information to be retained for at least 5 years from the time of sampling, measurement, report or application. Support information is defined as including all calibration



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (c) (3) (ii)

This regulation specifies any reporting requirements incorporated into the permit must include provisions regarding the notification and reporting of permit deviations and incidences of noncompliance stating the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (d) (5)

This condition applies to every Title V facility subject to a compliance schedule. It requires that reports, detailing the status of progress on achieving compliance with emission standards, be submitted semiannually.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (e)

Sets forth the general requirements for compliance certification content; specifies an annual submittal frequency; and identifies the EPA and appropriate regional office address where the reports are to be sent.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (f) (6)

This condition allows changes to be made at the facility, without modifying the permit, provided the changes do not cause an emission limit contained in this permit to be exceeded. The owner or operator of the facility must notify the Department of the change. It is applicable to all Title V permits which may be subject to an off permit change.

6 NYCRR 202-1.1

This regulation allows the department the discretion to require an emission test for the purpose of determining compliance. Furthermore, the cost of the test, including the preparation of the report are to be borne by the owner/operator of the source.

6 NYCRR 202-2.1

Requires that emission statements shall be submitted on or before April 15th each year for emissions of the previous calENdar year.

6 NYCRR 202-2.5

This rule specifies that each facility required to submit an emission statement must retain a copy of the statement and supporting documentation for at least 5 years and must make the information available to department representatives.

6 NYCRR 211.2

This regulation limits opacity from sources to less than or equal to 20 percent (six minute average) except for one continuous six-minute period per hour of not more than 57 percent opacity.

6 NYCRR 215.2

Except as allowed by section 215.3 of 6 NYCRR Part 215, no person shall burn, cause, suffer, allow or permit the burning of any materials in an open fire.

40 CFR Part 68

This Part lists the regulated substances and there applicability thresholds and sets the requirements for stationary sources concerning the prevention of accidental releases of these substances.

40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F

Subpart F requires the reduction of emissions of class I and class II refrigerants to the lowest achievable



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

level during the service, maintenance, repair, and disposal of appliances in accordance with section 608 of the Clean Air Act AmENDments of 1990. This subpart applies to any person servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances except for motor vehicle air conditioners. It also applies to persons disposing of appliances, including motor vehicle air conditioners, refrigerant reclaimers, appliance owners, and manufacturers of appliances and recycling and recovery equipment. Those individuals, operations, or activities affected by this rule, may be required to comply with specified disposal, recycling, or recovery practices, leak repair practices, recordkeeping and/or technician certification requirements.

Facility Specific Requirements

In addition to Title V, GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC has been determined to be subject to the following regulations:

40 CFR Part 64

The federal Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) rule, 40 CFR Part 64, requires monitoring of control device, capture system, and/or process parameters to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with emission limitations or standards. It applies to emission units that use a control device to comply with certain standards and limitations and that have potential pre-control device emissions equal to or greater than a major source threshold.

Acid Rain program requirements; stratospheric ozone protection requirements; post-1990 New Source Performance Standards, Emission Guidelines, and National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants; and some other limitations are exempt from CAM. However, many of the exempt requirements are subject to less stringent periodic monitoring under 40 CFR Part 70 and 6NYCRR Subpart 201-6.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (b)

This citation describes general provisions related to emission monitoring and periodic testing.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (f) (2)

This citation provides the standard for an Operational Flexibility Protocol.

6 NYCRR 211.1

This regulation requires that no person shall cause or allow emissions of air contaminants to the outdoor atmosphere of such quantity, characteristic or duration which are injurious to human, plant or animal life or to property, or which unreasonably interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property.

6 NYCRR 212-1.1 (a) (2)

The provisions of the revised Part 212, effective June 14, 2015, applies to process equipment for a new or modified permit or registration or upon issuance of a renewal for an existing permit or registration.



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

6 NYCRR 212-1.5 (d)

This provision allows for the department to specify a less restrictive permissible emission rate or degree of air cleaning for the process emission source or emission point than required under Subpart 212-2 in instances where a facility owner or operator can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that the facility owner will apply the Best Available Control Technology (BACT) for that criteria air contaminant or the Best Available Control Technology for a toxic air contaminant (T- BACT).

6 NYCRR 212-1.5 (g)

This provision requires the facility owner or operator to operate and maintain all process emission sources, including the associated air pollution control and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety, good air pollution control practices, good engineering practices and manufacturers' recommendations for minimizing emissions.

6 NYCRR 212-1.6 (a)

This provisions requires that the facility owner or operator not cause or allow emissions having an average opacity during any six consecutive minutes of 20 percent or greater from any process emission source or emission point, except for the emission of uncombined water.

6 NYCRR 212-2.3 (a)

The facility owner or operator shall not allow emissions of an air contminant to violate the requirements specified in Table 3 which specifies the degree of air cleaning required for criteria contaminants for which there is an National Ambient Air Quality Standard and for which there is an environmental rating assigned to the contmainant by the Department.

6 NYCRR 212-2.3 (b)

The facility owner or operator shall not allow emissions of an air contminant to violate the requirements specified in Table 4 which specifies the degree of air cleaning required for non-criteria contaminants for which there is an environmental rating assigned to the contmainant by the Department.



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

6 NYCRR 212-2.4 (b)

For process sources after July 1, 1973, particulate emissions shall not exceed 0.05 grains per cubic foot of exhaust gas expressed at standard conditions on a dry gas basis.

6 NYCRR 212-2.5 (b)

Establishes permissible particulate emission rate based on process weight for ferro alloy production facilities.

6 NYCRR 212-3.1 (c) (1)

6 NYCRR 212-3.1 (c) (3)

An updated NOx RACT plan is submitted with this permit renewal to assess technically feasible control strategies to minimize NOx formation and emission control equipment alternatives. This process specific RACT demonstration had been submitted to the USEPA as a revision to the State Implementation Plan.

6 NYCRR 225-1.4 (a)

This citation regulates fuel mixtures and equivalent emission rate variances.

6 NYCRR 231-11.2 (b)

This subdivision is referred to as the "Reasonable Possibility" provisions. This citation lists the record keeping requirements for insignificant modifications that are less than 50% of the applicable significant project threshold including excluded emissions as defined in Part 231-4.1(b)(40)(i)(c).

6 NYCRR 231-11.2 (c)

This citation lists the record keeping requirements for insignificant modifications that are greater than 50% of the threshold including excluded emissions as defined in 231-4.1(b)(40)(i)(c) of this Part.



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

6 NYCRR Part 211

This regulation specifies general prohibitions regarding air pollution, visible emissions and the use of VOC's in liquefying asphalt used for paving purposes.

6 NYCRR Subpart 201-7

This regulation sets forth an emission cap that cannot be exceeded by the facility. In this permit, the emission limits are for PM-2.5, PM-10, CO, and NOx are 73.8, 101.0, 563.0, and 257.4 tons per year, respectively, and are the combination of emissions from two processes identified as P02 and TAP, within emission unit E-AFURN.

Compliance Certification

Summary of monitoring activities at GLOBE METALLURGICAL INC:

Location Facility/EU/EP/Process/ES	Cond No.	Type of Monitoring
E-AFURN	42	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	1-2	record keeping/maintenance procedures
E-AFURN	1-15	record keeping/maintenance procedures
FACILITY	5	record keeping/maintenance procedures
FACILITY	6	record keeping/maintenance procedures
FACILITY	1-3	record keeping/maintenance procedures
FACILITY	1-4	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	1-5	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	1-6	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	1-7	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	7	record keeping/maintenance procedures
E-AFURN/-/P01	43	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
R-DWYPK	49	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
E-AFURN	54	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	1-8	record keeping/maintenance procedures
FACILITY	1-9	record keeping/maintenance procedures
E-AFURN/-/TAP	1-16	record keeping/maintenance procedures
E-AFURN/-/TAP	46	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	1-10	intermittent emission testing
1-RFMON/-/VNT	29	record keeping/maintenance procedures
1-RFMON/-/VNT	53	record keeping/maintenance procedures
P-ROFIN	47	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
P-ROFIN	48	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
E-AFURN	40	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
E-AFURN	41	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate



**New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report**

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

FACILITY	1-11	record keeping/maintenance procedures
E-AFURN/-/P02	44	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	26	monitoring of process or control device parameters as surrogate
FACILITY	1-12	record keeping/maintenance procedures
FACILITY	1-13	record keeping/maintenance procedures

Basis for Monitoring

Furnace Capture Efficiency:

Please note that 100% of the estimated NO_x, CO, SO₂ and VOC emissions are reported. The 98% is only used to estimate the portion that is emitted from the baghouse versus the remaining 2% that is assumed to be released from the furnace building roof monitor. PM emissions are estimated based on prior baghouse test data conducted at the facility, and a fugitive emissions study at the Globe Becancour facility in Canada. Therefore, no capture efficiency percentage is used because the calculations rely on factors derived from empirical test data. Please note that the 98.5% capture efficiency listed for HF should have been listed as 98%, consistent with the estimated capture efficiency for NO_x, CO, SO₂ and VOC. Also, like the other pollutants, 100% of the estimated HF emissions are reported. The 98.5% (which should have been 98%) was only used to estimate the portion that is emitted from the baghouse versus the remaining 1.5% (which should have been 2%) that was assumed to be released from the furnace building roof monitor. The monitoring descriptions of the capping conditions in the permit for NO_x and CO have been modified to state that the facility must calculate the capture efficiency during future stack tests and this capture efficiency will be used to calculate emissions of SO₂, VOC, and HF.

Hydrogen Fluoride Emissions:

The HF annual guidance concentration (AGC) serves as a surrogate for the requirements of 6 NYCRR Subpart 257-8, which is the applicable requirement. In cases where modeled concentrations are greater than either the short-term guidance concentration (SGC) or AGC, refined modeling is required according to “Guidelines for Evaluation and Control of Ambient Air Contaminants Under Part 212” (aka, DAR-1). Subpart 257-8 has different averaging times than the SGC and AGC, and the modeled concentrations at the facility for HF are below the applicable thresholds. Keep in mind that the SGC and AGC values in DAR-1 for HF are conservative. Since the emissions of HF are in compliance with Subpart 257-8, the facility has demonstrated compliance with Part 212 even though the concentrations are greater than the SGC and AGC.

6NYCRR Part 231-6 & 231-8:

An applicability analysis showed exceedances of the Significant Project Thresholds (SPT) for four contaminants (PM-2.5, PM-10, CO, and NO_x) when the baseline actual and projected actual emissions for those contaminants were compared. The modified permit contains an emissions capping condition for each of the four contaminants at emission rates (calculated monthly and tracked on a 12-month rolling total basis) set below the sum of the baseline actual emission rate and the significance threshold. The emission limits are for PM-2.5, PM-10, CO, and NO_x are 73.8, 101.0, 563.0, and 257.4 tons per year, respectively, and are the combination of emissions from two processes identified as P02 and TAP, within emission unit E-AFURN. Performance testing of EAF No. 11 and associated baghouse must be conducted within 180 days of the completion of the modification activities authorized by this permit modification. The testing will serve to verify and quantify emission estimates. Testing is required to be repeated every five years.

6NYCRR Part 231-11.2(c):



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

An applicability analysis did not show an exceedance of the 40 ton per year SPT for sulfur dioxide (SO₂) or the 25 ton per year SPT for total PM when the baseline actual and projected actual emissions were compared. Note that the projected actual SO₂ emissions were based, however, on the sulfur contents of coals, electrodes, and paste, which can vary. Therefore, actual emissions of SO₂ associated with the modification must be tracked and reported on a calendar year basis as required by 6NYCRR Part 231-11.2(c).

6NYCRR Part 212:

Air dispersion modeling results required a Toxic – Best Available Control Technology (T-BACT) analysis for formaldehyde to be performed and submitted within 90 days of permit issuance. As a major source for VOC, Globe is subject to the provisions of Part 212-3 for VOC Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT). To address this requirement, Globe shall submit a case-specific VOC RACT plan. The plan shall be submitted to the Regional Air Pollution Control Engineer within 180 days of the permit issuance date. Also, The facility's Title V permit renewal application, due for submission by October 20, 2020, must contain a process for demonstrating that facility-wide emissions of SO₂, NO₂, PM-2.5 and PM-10 comply with the NAAQS. The demonstration is required to use either air dispersion modeling or ambient air monitoring.

Performance testing of EAF No. 11 and associated baghouse must be conducted within 180 days of the completion of the modification activities authorized by this permit modification. The testing will serve to verify and quantify emission estimates. Testing is required to be repeated every five years.

6NYCRR Part 212-2.5(a) and (b):

The two electric arc furnaces are subject to the process weight emission limits for ferroalloy furnaces as determined by Table 5 of 6NYCRR, Part 212-2.5(a). Permissible emissions are calculated using the formula shown in Table 6 of 212-2.5(b) and based on the process weight input of 25,098 pounds of raw materials per furnace are 21.3 pounds per hour per emission point. Compliance will be demonstrated by the tracking of raw material additions over a 24 hour period.

Inspection of the baghouses for the #9 and #11 furnaces will be conducted on a daily basis. Each furnace collector has a dedicated computer system which allows personnel to evaluate baghouse and dust handling operating parameters and initiate preventative maintenance, diagnostic, and corrective maintenance programs. In addition to daily computer alarms and diagnostic checks, additional maintenance activities are performed at weekly and monthly intervals. The remaining collectors are inspected by outside contractors on a quarterly basis.

6NYCRR Part 212-3:

The furnaces each having hourly nitrogen oxide emissions of 87.6 pounds are also subject to the NO_x Reasonably Available Control Technology (RACT) compliance requirements of 6NYCRR, Part 212-3. A NO_x RACT analysis was submitted with the initial Title V permit and reviewed by this Department and the USEPA. It was determined that there are no feasible control technologies available. Therefore, RACT as no control is incorporated into this permit limiting NO_x emissions to 87.6 pounds per hour per furnace and a combined 767.3 tons per year of NO_x. In addition, the facility is required to perform regular refractory maintenance on these furnaces and continue to investigate emissions reductions technologies. The RACT compliance plan was submitted to the USEPA as a source specific SIP revision.

6NYCRR Part 212-2.4(b):

Particulate emissions from the baghouses associated with crushing and grinding and material handling, emission points EP06A and EP007 are limited to 0.05 gr/dscf.



New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report

Permit ID: 9-2911-00078/00009

Renewal Number: 3

Modification Number: 1 08/24/2018

6NYCRR Part 225-1.5(b):

It has been determined by this Department's legal staff and Albany that the coal and petroleum coke or other forms of coke, used in the furnace charge are a fuel source subject to the sulfur in fuel limitations of 6NYCRR, Part 225-1.2(d) Table 2. The maximum allowable sulfur content is 1.7 lb/ million Btu gross heat content. The average allowable is 1.4 lb/million Btu during any consecutive three month period. The sulfur content of coke used can range from 2 % to 5.5% by weight which would exceed the sulfur limitation. However, since coke provides more fixed carbon, one pound of coke is equivalent to 1.5 pounds of coal and generates less Nox per pound of material produced. Therefore, pursuant to 225-1.5(b) an equivalent emission rate will allow the usage of coke exceeding the sulfur limitation in combination with coal in the furnace charge provided that the emissions from the combined usage do not exceed sulfur dioxide emissions of 3.4 pounds per million Btu heat input maximum and 2.8 pounds per million Btu average. Coal and coke will be combined in a ratio of a minimum 4:1 to ensure compliance with the limit. Calculations based on fuel sampling are required to demonstrate compliance with the Sulfur dioxide limit.

Non-applicable Regulations:

NSPS Subpart Z: Furnaces 9 and 11 were constructed prior to the applicability date for 40 CFR 60 Subpart Z and the modification associated with permit action does not meet the criteria for a modification as stated in 40 CFR 60.14.

MACT Subparts XXX and YYYYYY: The facility does not produce ferromanganese or silicomanganese and, therefore, 40 CFR 63 Subpart XXX is not applicable. The facility is neither an "EAF steelmaking facility" as defined in 40 CFR 63 Subpart YYYYYY nor an area source of HAP and, therefore, Subpart YYYYYY is not applicable.