



Catskill Creek (0202000608)

Water Index Number

H-193
H-193
H-193
H-193- 1
H-193- 1-P913
H-193- 2- 9..P915
H-193- 7-P924
H-193- 9
H-193- 9
H-193- 9
H-193- 9- 2
H-193- 9- 2
H-193- 9- 2-P925a
H-193- 9- 4-P934a
H-193-19

Waterbody Name

Catskill Creek, Lower, Main Stem (1309-0010)
Catskill Creek, Middle, and minor tribs(1309-0004)
Catskill Creek, Upper, and minor tribs (1309-0011)
Van Hozen Kill and tribs (1309-0012)
Hollster Lake (1309-0007)
Van Luven Lake (1309-0014)
Greens Lake (1309-0018)
Potic Creek, Lower, and tribs (1309-0019)
Potic Creek, Middle, and tribs (1309-0020)
Potic Creek, Upper, and tribs (1309-0021)
Cob Creek, Middle, and tribs (1309-0022)
Cob Creek, Upper, and tribs (1309-0023)
Potuck (Potic) Reservoir (1309-0024)
Beaver Dam Pond (1309-0025)
Jan DeBakkers Kill and tribs (1309-0026)

Category

UnAssessed
MinorImpacts
NoKnownImpct
UnAssessed
Need Verific
UnAssessed
UnAssessed
NoKnownImpct
UnAssessed
UnAssessed
UnAssessed
UnAssessed
UnAssessed
Threatened
UnAssessed
UnAssessed

H-193-20	Shingle Kill and tribs (1309-0008)	NoKnownImpet
H-193-29	Basic Creek, Lower, and tribs(1309-0027)	NoKnownImpet
H-193-29	Basic Creek, Upper, and tribs (1309-0028)	Need Verific
H-193-29-P950a	Basic Creek Reservoir (1309-0001)	Impaired Seg
H-193-33	Thorp Creek and tribs (1309-0029)	UnAssessed
H-193-41	Ten Mile Creek and tribs (1309-0030)	NoKnownImpet
H-193-41-P954	Myosotis Lake (1309-0031)	UnAssessed
H-193-41-P954- 2-P955	Hicks/Lincoln Pond (1309-0032) Triangle	UnAssessed
H-193-56- 3-P956	Lake (1309-0033)	UnAssessed
H-193-56-P957	Crystal Lake (1309-0034)	UnAssessed
H-193-P960b	The Vlaie (1309-0035)	UnAssessed

Catskill Creek, Middle, and minor tribs (1309-0004)

MinorImpacts

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 06/25/2012

Water Index No: H-193
Hydro Unit Code: 02020006/140 **Str Class:** B(T)
Waterbody Type: River
Waterbody Size: 112.1 Miles
Seg Description: stream and select tribs, from Cautserkill to Freehold

Drain Basin: Lower Hudson River
Middle Hudson River
Reg/County: 4/Greene Co. (20)
Quad Map: LEEDS (L-25-4)

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information

(CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
Public Bathing	Stressed	Known
Aquatic Life	Stressed	Possible
Recreation	Stressed	Known
Aesthetics	Stressed	Known

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: NUTRIENTS (phosphorus), PATHOGENS, Aesthetics (odors, float.solids)
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: MUNICIPAL (Catskill (T)), OTHER SANITARY DISCH
Suspected: ON-SITE/SEPTIC SYST
Possible: ---

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability: 3 (Strategy Being Implemented)
Verification Status: 5 (Management Strategy has been Developed)
Lead Agency/Office: DOW/Reg4
TMDL/303d Status: n/a

Resolution Potential: High

Further Details

Overview

Recreational uses in this portion of Catskill Creek are known to experience impacts from pathogens, nutrients and other pollutants due to untreated wastewater discharges and failing and/or inadequate on-site septic systems.

Water Quality Sampling

A biological (macroinvertebrate) assessment of Catskill Creek above Leeds (above Route23B) was conducted as part of the RIBS biological screening effort in 2007. Sampling results indicated the upper range of slightly impacted conditions. In such samples the community is slightly altered from natural conditions. Some sensitive species are not present and the overall abundance of macroinvertebrates is lower. However, the effects on the fauna appear to be (relatively) insignificant and water quality is considered to be good. Aquatic life support is considered to be fully

supported in the stream(, and there are no other apparent water quality impacts to designated uses). (DEC/DOW, BWAM/SBU, January 2010)

A biological survey of Catskill Creek at multiple sites between Leeds and Livingstonville was also conducted in 1997. Sampling results presented in the Catskill Creek Biological Stream assessment Report (Novak, et al., September 1998) indicated slightly to non-impacted water quality conditions. Water quality throughout the stream was very good, with six of the 8 sites assessed as non-impacted. The other two sites, including one at Cairo in this reach, were assessed as slightly impacted but were very similar to the non-impacted sites. Nonpoint sources of nutrient enrichment were identified as the primary source of the impacts. However, nutrient biotic evaluation determined these effects on the fauna to be minor. Aquatic life support is considered to be fully supported in the stream, and there are no other apparent water quality impacts to designated uses. (DEC/DOW, BWAM/SBU, June 2005)

Source Assessment

Unpermitted discharges into the creek in the Hamlet of Leeds have been verified during a joint investigation by staff from NYSDEC, NYSDOH, and Town of Catskill in March 2008. Three direct connections (one active sanitary sewer, one inactive sanitary sewer, and two graywater discharges) were found. Although some efforts were made to address these discharges, in 2012 NYSDEC initiated enforcement action against individual dischargers who were found to be discharging wastewater to the waters of the state without a permit. Surveys of the surrounding area suggest that many of the on-site wastewater treatment systems serving homes in the area are quite old and may be in need of repair/maintenance. (DEC/DOW, Region 4, April 2012)

Farther upstream, the Town of Cairo is undergoing an upgrade of its WWTP to address ongoing problems. The Town constructed constructed a WWTP and collection system in 2000 to serve the area. However excessive inflow and infiltration and problems with the sand filters at the WWTP have plagued the collection/treatment system. A Consent Order was issued in 2001 (modified in 2005 and most recently in April 2008) to enforce the installation of new polishing sand filters and other upgrades. Because the design of the small diameter gravity sewer has complicated efforts to locate and address I/I issues, NYSDEC had emphasized efforts to adequately treat the additional wastewater flow conveyed to the WWTP. (DEC/DOW, Region 4, June 2012)

Section 303(d) Listing

This portion of Catskill Creek is not currently included on the NYS Section 303(d) List of Impaired/TMDL Waters. There is currently no data to suggest widespread impairment to the stream, and the nature of the documented problems are likely to be localized and are better addressed through other regulatory measures rather than a TMDL. (DEC/DOW, BWAM, June 2012)

Segment Description

This segment includes the portion of the stream from Kaaterskill Creek (-2) in Cauterskill to Basic Creek (-29) in Freehold. The waters of this portion of the stream are Class B,B(T). Tribs to this reach/segment, including Bell/Little Jones Brook (-16) and Platte Kill (-22), are also/primarily Class C,C(T),C(TS). Kaaterskill Creek (-2), Potic Creek (-9), Jan DeBakkers Kill (-19), Shingle Kill (-20) and Basic Creek (-29) are listed separately.

Catskill Creek, Upper, and minor tribs (1309-0011) NoKnownImpct

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 11/06/2007

Water Index No: H-193
Hydro Unit Code: Str Class: C(T)
Waterbody Type: River
Waterbody Size: 228.6 Miles
Seg Description: stream and select tribs, above Freehold
Drain Basin: Lower Hudson River
Reg/County: 4/Greene Co. (20)
Quad Map: FREEHOLD (L-24-3)

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information (CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
NO USE IMPAIRMNT		

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability: 8 (No Known Use Impairment)
Verification Status: (Not Applicable for Selected RESOLVABILITY)
Lead Agency/Office: n/a
TMDL/303d Status: n/a
Resolution Potential: n/a

Further Details

Water Quality Sampling

A biological (macroinvertebrate) survey of Catskill Creek at multiple sites between Leeds and Livingstonville was conducted in 1997. Sampling results presented in the Catskill Creek Biological Stream assessment Report (Bode, et al., September 1998) indicated slightly to non-impacted water quality conditions. Water quality throughout the stream was very good, with six of the 8 sites assessed as non-impacted. The other two sites, including one at Preston Hollow in this reach, were assessed as slightly impacted but were very similar to the non-impacted sites. Nonpoint sources of nutrient enrichment were identified as the primary source of the impacts. However, nutrient biotic evaluation determined these effects on the fauna to be minor. Aquatic life support is considered to be fully supported in the stream, and there are no other apparent water quality impacts to designated uses. (DEC/DOW, BWAM/SBU, June 2005)

Segment Description

This segment includes the portion of the stream above Basic Creek (-29) in Freehold. The waters of this portion of the stream are Class C(T),C(TS) from Freehold to unnamed trib (-58), Class B to The Vlaie (P960b), and Class C for the remainder of the reach. Tribs to this reach/segment, including Bowry Creek (-31), Potter Hollow Creek (-48), Fox Creek (-50) and Lake Creek (-56), are Class C,C(T),C(TS). Basic Creek (-29), Thorp Creek (-22) and Ten Mile Creek (-41) are listed separately.

Hollster Lake (1309-0007)

Need Verific

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 05/28/2008

Water Index No:	H-193- 1-P913	Drain Basin:	Lower Hudson River
Hydro Unit Code:	02020006/160	Str Class:	A
Waterbody Type:	Lake	Reg/County:	Middle Hudson River 4/Greene Co. (20)
Waterbody Size:	62.7 Acres	Quad Map:	LEEDS (L-25-4)
Seg Description:	entire lake		

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information (CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
Water Supply	Stressed	Possible

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ALGAL/WEED GROWTH (aquatic vegetation), SILT/SEDIMENT
Possible: ---

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: HABITAT MODIFICATION, HYDRO MODIFICATION
Possible: ---

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability:	1 (Needs Verification/Study (see STATUS))	
Verification Status:	1 (Waterbody Nominated, Problem Not Verified)	
Lead Agency/Office:	DOW/BWAM	Resolution Potential: Medium
TMDL/303d Status:	n/a	

Further Details

Overview

Water supply uses in Hollister Lake may experience minor impacts due to aquatic weed growth and siltation. Due to the lack of any current information, conditions in the lake need to be verified.

Previous Assessment

Use of Hollister Lake as a water supply for the Village of Athens was previously reported to be stressed by excessive aquatic weed growth and siltation. These conditions were noted during an August 1993 inspection of the lake by the New York State Department of Health. On average the lake is about 3 feet deep and the spillway is in need of repair. The Greene County Soil and Water Conservation District was working with the village to conduct an inventory and evaluation of the reservoir and its watershed. (DEC/DOW, Region 4, 1999)

Shingle Kill and tribs (1309-0008)

NoKnownImpct

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 05/29/2008

Water Index No: H-193-20
Hydro Unit Code: 02020006/140 **Str Class:** C(TS)
Waterbody Type: River
Waterbody Size: 25.3 Miles
Seg Description: entire stream and tribs

Drain Basin: Lower Hudson River
Middle Hudson River
Reg/County: 4/Greene Co. (20)
Quad Map: FREEHOLD (L-24-3)

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information

(CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
NO USE IMPAIRMNT		

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability: 8 (No Known Use Impairment)
Verification Status: (Not Applicable for Selected RESOLVABILITY)
Lead Agency/Office: n/a **Resolution Potential:** n/a
TMDL/303d Status: 3a->n/a

Further Details

Water Quality Sampling

A biological (macroinvertebrate) assessment of Shingle Kill in Cairo (at Route 23B) was conducted in 2002. Sampling results indicated non-impacted water quality conditions. The fauna was diverse and all screening criteria for waters having no known impacts were met. (DEC/DOW, BWAM/SBU, June 2005)

Previous Assessment

Recreational uses and aesthetics of the Shingle Kill were previously reported to be affected by raw sewage discharges from private and on-site wastewater treatment systems. However the Village of Cairo has constructed a community wastewater treatment system that now serves most of the homes in the area. (DEC/DOW, Region 4, June 1998)

Section 303(d) Listing

Shingle Kill is currently included on the NYS 2008 Section 303(d) List of Impaired Waters. The waterbody is included on Part 3a of the List as a Water Requiring Verification of Impairment, however this updated assessment suggests that the previous impacts to water quality have been addressed and that more recent monitoring results find conditions are fully supporting of uses are continued listing is not warranted. (DEC/DOW, BWAM, May 2008)

Segment Description

This segment includes the entire stream and all tribs. The waters of the stream are Class C(TS), with portions in the

forest preserve. Tribs to this reach/segment, including Trout Creek (-3), are Class C,C(T),C(TS), with portions in the forest preserve.

Basic Creek, Lower, and tribs (1309-0027)

NoKnownImpct

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 11/06/2007

Water Index No: H-193-29
Hydro Unit Code: Str Class: C(T)
Waterbody Type: River
Waterbody Size: 57.5 Miles
Seg Description: stream and tribs, from mouth to reservoir
Drain Basin: Lower Hudson River
Reg/County: 4/Greene Co. (20)
Quad Map: GREENVILLE (L-24-2)

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information

(CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
NO USE IMPAIRMNT		

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability: 8 (No Known Use Impairment)
Verification Status: (Not Applicable for Selected RESOLVABILITY)
Lead Agency/Office: n/a
TMDL/303d Status: n/a
Resolution Potential: n/a

Further Details

Water Quality Sampling

A biological (macroinvertebrate) survey of Basic Creek at multiple sites between Freehold to Fords Corners was conducted in 1995. Sampling results presented in the Basic Creek Biological Stream Assessment Report (Bode, et al., May 1996) indicated slightly to non-impacted water quality conditions. Two of the three sites located in this reach below the reservoir were found to be non-impacted; the other site was slightly impacted but influenced by impoundment effects from the reservoir. (DEC/DOW, BWAM/SBU, June 2005)

Segment Description

This segment includes the portion of the stream and all tribs from the mouth to Basic Creek Reservoir (P950a). The waters of this portion of the stream are Class C(T),C(TS). Tribs to this reach/segment, including Wolf Fly Creek (-10), are Class C,C(T). Upper Basic Creek is listed separately.

Basic Creek, Upper, and tribs (1309-0028)

Need Verific

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 11/06/2007

Water Index No: H-193-29
Hydro Unit Code: Str Class: A(TS)
Waterbody Type: River
Waterbody Size: 54.1 Miles
Seg Description: stream and tribs, above reservoir
Drain Basin: Lower Hudson River
Reg/County: 4/Albany Co. (1)
Quad Map: WESTERLO (K-24-3)

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information (CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
Aquatic Life	Threatened	Suspected

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: NUTRIENTS
Possible: ---

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: AGRICULTURE
Possible: ---

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability: 1 (Needs Verification/Study (see STATUS))
Verification Status: 4 (Source Identified, Strategy Needed)
Lead Agency/Office: ext/WQCC
TMDL/303d Status: n/a
Resolution Potential: Medium

Further Details

Overview

Aquatic life support in this portion of Basic creek is thought to experience minor threats due to nutrient enrichment from agricultural and other nonpoint sources.

Water Quality Sampling

A biological (macroinvertebrate) survey of Basic Creek at multiple sites between Freehold to Fords Corners was conducted in 1995. Sampling results presented in the Basic Creek Biological Stream Assessment Report (Bode, et al., May 1996) indicated slightly to non-impacted water quality conditions. The four site located in this reach above the reservoir were found to be slightly impacted by nonpoint source nutrient enrichment. Although aquatic life is supported in the stream, nutrient biotic evaluation suggests the level of eutrophication is sufficient to threaten aquatic life support. (DEC/DOW, BWAM/SBU, June 2005)

Segment Description

This segment includes the portion of the stream and all tribs above the Basic Creek Reservoir (P950a). The waters of this portion of the stream are Class A(TS) to unnamed trib (-18) above Westerlo, and Class C for the remainder of the reach. Tribs to this reach/segment are Class C. Lower Basic Creek is listed separately.

Basic Creek Reservoir (1309-0001)

Impaired Seg

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 07/15/2008

Water Index No:	H-193-29-P950a	Drain Basin:	Lower Hudson River
Hydro Unit Code:	02020006/140	Str Class:	A
Waterbody Type:	Lake(R)	Reg/County:	Middle Hudson River
Waterbody Size:	236.8 Acres	Reg/County:	4/Albany Co. (1)
Seg Description:	entire reservoir	Quad Map:	GREENVILLE (L-24-2)

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information (CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
Water Supply	Threatened	Suspected
PUBLIC BATHING	Impaired	Known
RECREATION	Impaired	Known
Aesthetics	Stressed	Known

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: ALGAL/WEED GROWTH (algal blooms, vegetation), NUTRIENTS (phosphorus), Water Level/Flow
Suspected: - - -
Possible: D.O./Oxygen Demand, Pathogens

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: - - -
Suspected: AGRICULTURE, HYDRO MODIFICATION, Urban/Storm Runoff
Possible: Landfill/Land Disp., On-Site/Septic Syst

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability:	1 (Needs Verification/Study (see STATUS))	
Verification Status:	4 (Source Identified, Strategy Needed)	
Lead Agency/Office:	DOW/WQMS	Resolution Potential: Medium
TMDL/303d Status:	3a,4c (Waterbody Requiring Verification of Impairment, more)	

Further Details

Overview

Recreational uses in Basic Creek Reservoir are impaired by excessive aquatic weeds and algal growth and elevated nutrient loadings (phosphorus) from various nonpoint sources. Water supply uses of the reservoir are also considered to be threatened due to the potential for the formation of disinfection by-products when water is treated with chlorine for public water use.

Water Quality Sampling

Basic Creek Reservoir was sampled as part of the NYSDEC Lake Classification and Inventory (LCI) Program in 2004. The results of this sampling indicate that the lake is best characterized as eutrophic, or highly productive. Phosphorus levels in the lake often exceed the state guidance values indicating impacted/stressed recreational uses. Corresponding transparency measurements typically fail to meet what is the recommended minimum for swimming beaches. Chlorophyll measurements in the lake were also found to be quite high. (DEC/DOW, BWAM/CSLAP, October 2005)

Lake Uses

This lake waterbody is designated class A, suitable for use as a water supply, public bathing beach, general recreation

and aquatic life support. Water quality monitoring by NYSDEC focuses primarily on support of general recreation and aquatic life. Samples to evaluate the bacteriological condition and bathing use of the lake or to evaluate contamination from organic compounds, metals or other inorganic pollutants have not been collected as part of the CSLAP monitoring program. Monitoring to assess potable water supply and public bathing use is generally the responsibility of state and/or local health departments.

NYSDOH Source Waters Assessment

The NYSDOH Source Waters Assessment

Program (SWAP) compiles, organizes, and evaluates information regarding possible and actual threats to the quality of public water supply (PWS) sources. The information contained in SWAP assessment reports assists in the oversight and protection of public water systems. It is important to note that SWAP reports estimate the potential for untreated drinking water sources to be impacted by contamination. These reports do not address the safety or quality of treated finished potable tap water. This water supply reservoir provides water to the City of Albany. This assessment found an elevated susceptibility to contamination for this source of drinking water. The amount of pasture in the assessment area results in a high potential for contamination. While there are some facilities present, permitted discharges do not likely represent an important threat to source water quality based on the type of discharge. There is also noteworthy contamination susceptibility associated with other discrete contaminant sources, such as landfills, mines, and other sources. Finally, it should be noted that hydrologic characteristics (e.g. basin shape and flushing rates) generally make reservoirs highly sensitive to existing and new sources of phosphorus and microbial contamination. (NYSDOH, Source Water Assessment Program, 2005)

Previous Assessment

Impacts to the reservoir were significant enough that the City of Albany uses the reservoir only as emergency/backup source. Management of the reservoir to support the water supply use has also had impacts of the fishery, in particular an extensive fish kill in 1995. A variety of other conditions contribute to water quality issues in the reservoir. Poor conservation practices on agricultural lands in the reservoir watershed contribute heavy nutrient and sediment loads, which encourage plant growth. Also the reservoir is very shallow in some places, resulting in dense rooted aquatic weed growth that discourages recreational uses. Dredging to increase reservoir capacity and improve water quality has been suggested. (DEC/DOW, Region 4, December 1997)

Section 303(d) Listing

Basic Creek Reservoir is included on the NYS 2008 Section 303(d) List of Impaired Waters. The reservoir is included on Part 3a of the List as an Impaired Water for which TMDL Development May be Deferred due to the need to verify the impairment. However this updated assessment suggests that the suspected impairments are confirmed and the reservoir be moved to Part 1 of the List as Waterbody Requiring TMDL Development (or other strategy to attain water quality standards). The reservoir is currently listed as being impaired by aesthetics (algal blooms), however the listing should be revised to indicate that phosphorus is the most significant cause of the aquatic weed and algal growth. This waterbody was first listed on the 2002 Section 303(d) List. (DEC/DOW, BWAM/WQAS, June 2008)

Ten Mile Creek and tribs (1309-0030)

NoKnownImpct

Waterbody Location Information

Revised: 11/06/2007

Water Index No: H-193-41
Hydro Unit Code: Str Class: C(TS)
Waterbody Type: River
Waterbody Size: 95.3 Miles
Seg Description: entire stream and tribs
Drain Basin: Lower Hudson River
Reg/County: 4/Albany Co. (1)
Quad Map: DURHAM (L-24-1)

Water Quality Problem/Issue Information

(CAPS indicate MAJOR Use Impacts/Pollutants/Sources)

Use(s) Impacted	Severity	Problem Documentation
NO USE IMPAIRMNT		

Type of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Source(s) of Pollutant(s)

Known: ---
Suspected: ---
Possible: ---

Resolution/Management Information

Issue Resolvability: 8 (No Known Use Impairment)
Verification Status: (Not Applicable for Selected RESOLVABILITY)
Lead Agency/Office: n/a
TMDL/303d Status: n/a
Resolution Potential: n/a

Further Details

Water Quality Sampling

A biological (macroinvertebrate) survey of Tenmile Creek at multiple sites between Oak Hill and Rensselaerville was conducted in 1997. Sampling results presented in the Tenmile Creek Biological Stream Assessment Report (Bode, et al., April 1998) indicated slightly to non-impacted water quality conditions. Four of five sites were assessed as slightly impacted, while the farthest downstream site was found to be non-impacted. Nutrient enrichment was identified as the primary source of the impacts. However, nutrient biotic evaluation determined these effects on the fauna to be minor. Aquatic life support is considered to be fully supported in the stream, and there are no other apparent water quality impacts to designated uses.] (DEC/DOW, BWAM/SBU, June 2005)

Previous Assessment

Previously reported minor impacts below the Hamlet of Rensselaerville may be the result of wastewater treatment overflows serving a small cluster of homes. Rensselaerville is now served by a community wastewater system (septic tank, sand filter with subsurface disposal). There have been no sanitary sewer overflows in the area since the system is installed. (DEC/DOW, Region 4, May 2008)

Segment Description

This segment includes the entire stream and all tribs. The waters of the stream are Class C(T),C(TS). Tribs to this

reach/segment, including Eight Mile Creek (-3), are Class C,C(TS).