Cleanup Action to Begin at State Superfund Site

Action is about to begin that will address the contamination related to the NFG - Gastown MGP Tonawanda site ("site") located at 126 East Niagara Street, Tonawanda, Erie County under New York's State Superfund Program. Please see the map for the site location.

The site is listed as a “Class 2” site in the State Registry of Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites (list of State Superfund sites). A Class 2 site represents a significant threat to public health or the environment; action is required.

Documents related to the cleanup of this site can be found at the locations identified below under "Where to Find Information." The cleanup activities will be performed by National Fuel Gas with oversight provided by New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC).

Highlights of the Upcoming Cleanup Activities

The goal of the cleanup action for the site is to achieve cleanup levels that protect public health and the environment. The cleanup action for the site includes:

1. Three of the 8 businesses on the site have been relocated temporarily to allow demolition of four buildings in order to access the contamination beneath them.
2. Contaminated onsite areas will be excavated to approximately 6 feet depth.
3. Deeper contamination onsite will be permanently immobilized in place using in-situ solidification.
4. Two underground collection trenches will be constructed immediately east and west of the Sportsmen's Club and another one will be constructed along the shore of Tonawanda Creek to prevent any contaminants under the remaining buildings and other inaccessible areas from migrating offsite.
5. The foundation of the one remaining gas holder will be excavated and removed.
6. Sediment along the south shore of Tonawanda Creek, just east of the railroad bridge, will be removed over an area approximately 80 by 160 feet, and piped under East Niagara Street to the empty holder excavation. The holder excavation will be used to dewater the sediments, which will be solidified in place after dewatering. Any excess sediments will be transported offsite for treatment and disposal.
7. Two wells to collect contaminated groundwater will be installed west of the site, west of the
rail line.
8. Although no impact to indoor air has been detected to date, the existing sub-slab
depressurization systems which were installed in five residential dwellings and the Open Bible
Baptist School will remain in place for the foreseeable future.
9. Since the remedy will result in contamination above unrestricted levels remaining at the site, a
site management plan (SMP) will be developed and implemented. The SMP will include the
institutional controls and engineering controls to:
(a) Address residual contaminated soils that could be excavated from the site during future
redevelopment;
(b) Evaluate the potential for vapor intrusion for any buildings developed on the site, including
provision for mitigation of any impacts identified;
(c) Provide for the operation and maintenance of the components of the remedy, including
collection of contaminants from the three collection trenches;
(d) Monitor the groundwater and soil gas;
(e) Identify any use restrictions on site development or groundwater use; and,
(f) Provide a groundwater monitoring program including installing monitoring wells and sampling
them on a periodic basis.

Institutional controls will limit the use and development of the property to commercial or industrial
uses only, and will restrict use of groundwater as a source of potable or process water, without

**Next Steps**
After completion of the cleanup activities, National Fuel Gas will prepare a Final Engineering
Report. The Final Engineering Report will describe the cleanup activities completed and certify that
cleanup requirements have been achieved or will be achieved.

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) will keep the public informed
throughout the cleanup of the site.

**Background**
Location: The Former Gastown MGP Site is located in a small industrial area surrounded by
residential neighborhoods in the city of Tonawanda, Erie County.

Site Features: The site, which is flat, is occupied by a complex of commercial buildings. The site is
bounded to the west and south by a railroad embankment, to the north by the Tonawanda Creek, a
part of the Barge Canal system and to the east by The Gastown Sportsmen's Club.

Current Zoning/Use(s): The site is zoned for commercial and industrial use. The buildings on the site
are used by a number of small businesses.

Past Use of the Site: A manufactured gas plant (MGP) was operated at this site by the Tonawanda
Gas Light Company, starting in 1884. Initially, gas was manufactured using the coal carbonization
process. The carbureted water gas process was added in 1910, and the plant produced gas using both
processes until 1921. Both processes produced an oily byproduct, commonly known as coal tar, as
the gas was cooled prior to distribution. The tar typically accumulated in the bottom of a circular gas
storage vessel known as a relief gas holder. This structure remains in the subsurface at the northeast
corner of the site. This tar is the principal contaminant at the site today.
In 1993, DEC's Spills Unit responded to a complaint at the Gastown Sportsmen's Club, near the eastern site boundary, where an unknown petroleum product was entering the basement sump of the club. Investigation revealed that the material found in the sump was likely coal tar related to the MGP next door. DEC investigated the site and in 1998 installed a system to:
1) Eliminate to the extent possible the continued entrance of coal tar into the sumps,
2) Remove coal tar and contaminated water that did enter the sumps, and
3) Vent potentially hazardous organic vapors from the sump area. The system remains in operation today.

A State funded RI was completed in 2004 and the FS was completed in 2005. Coal tar was found to have migrated off site to the east, west and north. A Record of Decision (ROD) was signed in March 2007, requiring installation of sub-slab depressurization systems in several buildings near the site, excavation of source areas, collection trenches to control migration, and sediment removal in Tonawanda Creek.

National Fuel Gas signed a consent order in July 2008 to implement the ROD. Subslab depressurization systems have been installed and are operating. A metal tank (one of the source areas described in the ROD) was removed in late 2009.

In April 2013 an amendment to the ROD was approved. The amendment includes:
1. Use of in-situ solidification resulting in less excavation and less truck traffic,
2. Substituting less intrusive tar collection wells for a 600-foot-long tar collection trench, and
3. The temporary relocation of only 3 of the 8 businesses onsite with less disruption to those businesses remaining onsite during the remediation.

Site Geology and Hydrogeology: There are four geologic units below the site. The first encountered below the ground surface (bgs) is man-made fill, ranging in thickness from a few inches to 22 feet. A recent alluvium deposit, made up largely of interbedded layers of sand and silt, lies beneath the fill. This unit extends down to a depth ranging from 12 to 24 feet bgs. Underlying the alluvium is a layer of coarser sand and gravel, which in turn is underlain by a red clay, which is the hydraulic base at this site.

The water table is typically 6 feet bgs. Groundwater flow is primarily to the north, towards Tonawanda Creek. There are also components of groundwater flow both to the east and to the west. This groundwater flow pattern has resulted in the migration of contamination in three directions.


**State Superfund Program:** New York's State Superfund Program (SSF) identifies and characterizes suspected inactive hazardous waste disposal sites. Sites that pose a significant threat to public health and/or the environment go through a process of investigation, evaluation, cleanup and monitoring.

DEC attempts to identify parties responsible for site contamination and require cleanup before committing State funds.

For more information about the SSF, visit: http://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/8439.html
FOR MORE INFORMATION

Where to Find Information
Project documents are available at the following locations to help the public stay informed.

City of Tonawanda Public Library  DEC Central Office  DEC Region 9 Office
333 Main Street      Attn: Richard Dana      270 Michigan Avenue
Tonawanda, NY 14150   625 Broadway      Buffalo, NY 14203
                           Albany, NY 12233
Richard.dana@dec.ny.gov   (call for appointment)

Receive Site Fact Sheets by Email
Have site information such as this fact sheet sent right to your email inbox. DEC invites you to sign up with one or more contaminated sites county email listservs available at the following web page: http://www.dec.ny.gov/chemical/61092.html. It’s quick, it’s free, and it will help keep you better informed.

As a listserv member, you will periodically receive site-related information/announcements for all contaminated sites in the county(ies) you select.

Note: Please disregard if you already have signed up and received this fact sheet electronically.