Division of Fish and Wildlife, Bureau of Fisheries, Region 7 1285 Fisher Avenue, Cortland, NY 13045-1012 P: (607) 753-3095 | F: (607) 753-8532 www.dec.ny.gov

March 15, 2023

To: Skaneateles Lake Angler Cooperators

Dear Fellow Anglers:

We have compiled the data from the 2022 diaries and are sending you the summary information, your 2022 diary and additional diaries for 2023 if needed. Thank you for your participation.

We would like to increase the number of angler cooperators in our diary program. If you didn't return your diaries this year, please do so next year. You may be removed from the mailing list if you do not participate. If you know anyone who might want to participate, please encourage them to join by calling (607) 753-3095 ext. 213 or emailing fwfish?@dec.ny.gov.

Skaneateles Lake previously received annual stockings of approximately 20,000 rainbow trout and 9,000 landlocked salmon as part of a largely put, grow, and take fishery. There is some level of rainbow trout natural reproduction from the tributaries, but its contribution to the lake population is unknown. In 2017, we began a multi-year study to determine the relative contribution of the two strains of rainbow trout which we stock into Skaneateles Lake. For 35 years, NYS DEC stocked the lake with both "Finger Lakes Wild" strain rainbow trout and a "hybrid" cross between Finger Lakes Wild strain and a "domestic" strain of rainbow trout. In 2021, stocking of the Finger Lakes Wild strain was discontinued while the 15,000 fish Finger Lakes hybrid strain stocking policy remains. Additional stocking adjustments based on the illegally introduced population of walleye are also under consideration.

Between 2017 and 2021, all stocked rainbows received a fin clip which will enable us to differentiate between the two strains. This study has concluded, but you may still catch rainbow trout with fin clips. We appreciate that you will continue to look for fin clips on rainbow trout and record the information in your diary.

In April 2022 the angling regulations for walleye on Skaneateles changed to All Year, minimum size 12 inches, any number. We proposed liberalization of harvest regulations for walleye to reduce their abundance and associated impacts on other fish in the lake.

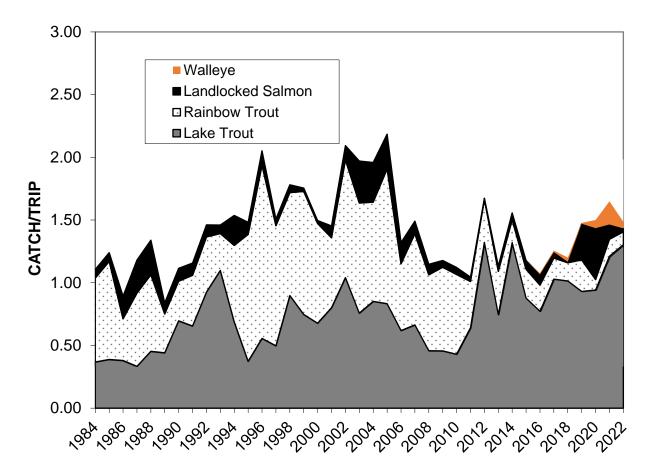
Open Water Trout and Salmon Fishing

In 2022, 16 Skaneateles Lake open water cooperators caught 364 legal salmonids in 254 trips (cooperator and party members combined) for an average catch of 1.4 legal salmonids per trip. Open water cooperators spent about 626 hours fishing and had a legal salmonid



catch rate of 1.7 hours per fish, which is an improvement from 3.7 hours per fish in 2013. Anglers were successful in catching at least one legal salmonid in 74 percent of their trips.

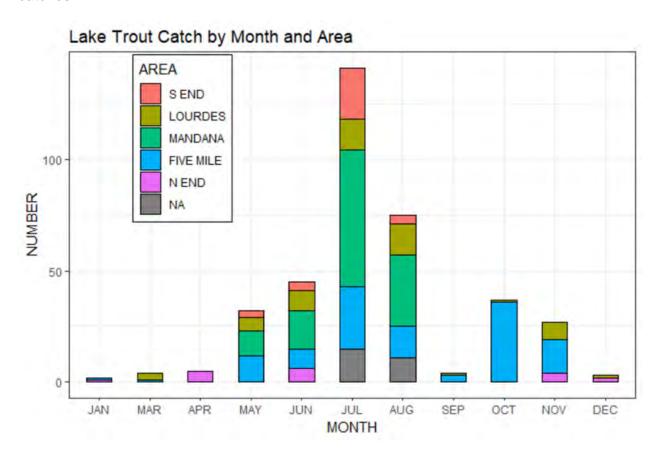
The graph below shows the catch rates (catch/trip) of legal salmonids caught by our Skaneateles Lake open water cooperators from 1984 through 2022 and the relative contribution of each species in the catch over time. Catch rates are used to remove the effects of having varying numbers of cooperators and trips from year to year. Note that the actual data are still provided in the attached summary table as usual.



Recent angler diary reports indicate that over the past few years anglers have not been as successful catching trout and salmon as they were in the past, and that the species composition of the catch has shifted more toward lake trout. Ecological and biological changes in the lake may be having a negative impact on the survival of both stocked and wild salmonids. Algal blooms and the nutrient changes they indicate along with the chemical control methods employed by municipalities have impacts on the ecosystem and food chain that ultimately affect the fisheries. Illegal introductions of baitfish, game fish, and unwanted aquarium fish can have more immediate and obvious negative impacts on the ecosystem and fishery.

Lake Trout

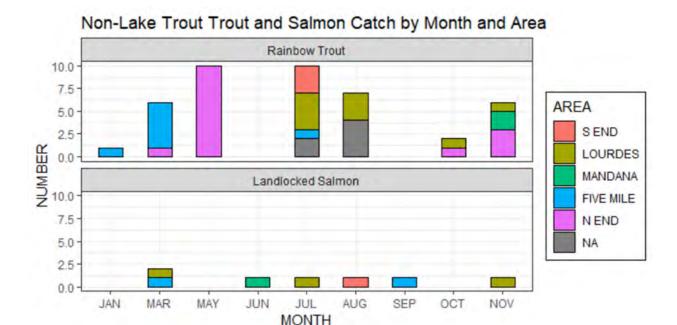
Skaneateles Lake open water cooperators caught 331 legal lake trout, of which 118 were kept. Lake trout comprised 91 percent of the total legal salmonid lake catch. The lake trout kept by our open water cooperators averaged 17.7 inches. Trolling off Fivemile Point in summer and fall, or near Mandana late spring into summer resulted in the best lake trout catches.



Rainbow Trout

In 2022, Skaneateles Lake open water cooperators caught 26 legal rainbow trout, of which 14 were kept. Rainbow trout comprised 7 percent of the legal salmonid lake catch. The fish kept by open water cooperators averaged 18.6 inches and the largest rainbow trout caught was 23.0 inches. Rainbow trout fishing appears to have been best at the north end in May, however, several fish were recorded with no location information. This incomplete data complicates interpretation and diminishes our ability to focus access resources where needed.

Rainbow trout catch rates in 2016-2018 were the lowest since the mid-1970's, however the average fish size was still several inches larger than those caught when the catch rates (and presumably the population size) were higher. Unfortunately, 2020 through 2022 saw the lowest catch rates since 1976 along with a decline in size of fish caught.



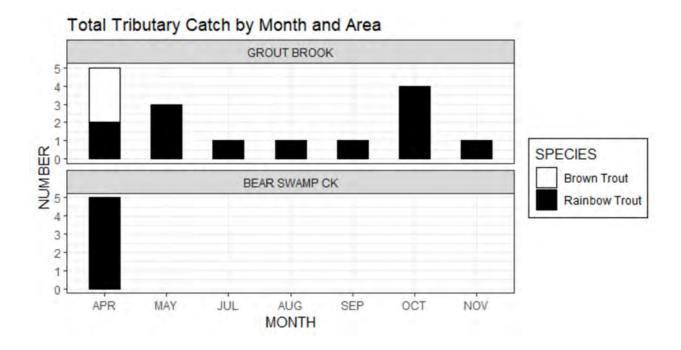
Landlocked Atlantic Salmon

Our open water cooperators caught only seven legal landlocked Atlantic salmon, of which three were kept, another substantial decrease from 2020. Landlocked salmon comprised 2 percent of the legal salmonid lake catch. The landlocked salmon kept by our open water cooperators averaged 20.8 inches and the largest salmon caught was 25.0 inches.

The switch over to the "Sebago" strain of landlocked salmon in the DEC hatchery, which has been described in previous cooperator letters, is now complete. It is hoped that the improved returns observed in the fisheries of other NY lakes, as a result of the strain change, will also occur at Skaneateles Lake. Due to difficulties at the Adirondack hatchery in winter 2018, landlocked Atlantic salmon from a variety of sources and sizes were stocked for 2019 only. These fish appear to have acclimated well as Atlantic Salmon fishing in 2020 was very good. However, if the walleye population continues to expand, we anticipate that they will greatly reduce survival of stocked salmon and trout in which case the switch to Sebago strain will be irrelevant.

Skaneateles Lake Tributary Fishing

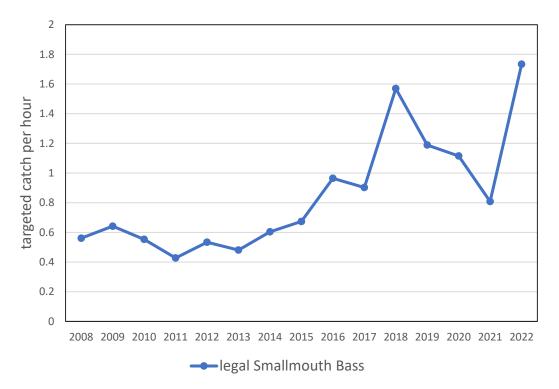
In 2022, three Skaneateles Lake tributary cooperators recorded 16 trips and caught one legal brown trout and five legal rainbow trout in 27.8 hours of fishing. There were no legal lake trout or landlocked Atlantic Salmon reported. One brown trout and two rainbow trout were kept. Two sublegal brown trout were released along with 13 sublegal rainbow trout. Please ask your tributary angling friends to become diary cooperators!! Grout Brook and Bear Swamp Creek accounted for all the reported tributary fishing.



Skaneateles Lake Warmwater Fishing

In 2022, our Skaneateles Lake warmwater cooperators had another excellent year of smallmouth bass fishing. Eleven cooperators caught 703 legal smallmouth bass, of which 71 were kept. Four legal largemouth bass and one legal chain pickerel were caught and released. One legal largemouth bass was kept. Nine legal walleye were kept and two legal walleye were released. The largest smallmouth bass, largemouth bass and chain pickerel caught by our warmwater cooperators were 20.8, 20.5 and 25.0 inches, respectively. Mean size of walleye caught was 18.2 inches and the biggest walleye recorded caught was 26.25 inches.

Overall, our warmwater cooperators accounted for 577 hours of effort in 153 trips to catch a total of 708 legal bass. Our warmwater cooperators indicated they targeted bass (smallmouth and largemouth bass combined) during 91 of their trips which accounted for 322.6 hours of targeted effort. The catch rates for anglers targeting bass were 2.3 fish per hour for all smallmouth bass and 1.7 fish per hour for legal size fish. Compared to other bass fisheries around New York, this is some of the best bass fishing around (even if there are a lot of smaller ones).



Our warmwater angler diary cooperators have provided us with a valuable history of bass fishing since 1978 and indications are that Skaneateles Lake is currently evolving into one of the best smallmouth bass fisheries in New York State. Graphed above is the catch rate of legal smallmouth bass for anglers fishing for smallmouth bass. Unfortunately, in some earlier years there were not enough warm water angler diary participants to calculate a rate, so those are not shown. Please ask your friends to participate so we can keep this program going!

The information provided by our warmwater cooperators suggests that Skaneateles Lake smallmouth bass spawning and recruitment to the fishery is very successful with many bass surviving and growing to 18 inches.

Thank you and good luck fishing in 2023.

Sincerely,

Emily Zollweg-Horan Senior Aquatic Biologist



Skaneateles Lake Coldwater Fishing Diary Summary

Year	Total # Angler Trips	% Trips Successful	Avg Hours/Trip	Legal Sal	monids	Caugh	nt	Avera	ge Lengt Kept (in	_	al Fish		e Weigh Kept (lb	# hours to	# of		
		Successiui		LT	RT	BT	LLS	LT	RT	BT	LLS	LT	RT	BT	LLS	legal salmonid	coop.
1966	273	66	4.1	220	69			17.9	16.2							3.9	18
1967	155	69	4	51	83			19.4	16.5							4.4	16
1968	171	74	4.4	92	109			18.3	16							3.6	17
1969	302	71	4.1	234	115			17.7	15.1							3.2	25
1970	406	80	4.2	171	237			17.9	14.7							4.1	28
1971	133	61	3.2	69	102			17.4	15.5							2.5	16
1972	217	64	4	51	134			17.5	16.2							4.9	16
1973	159	73	5	115	57			18.6	16.4							4.6	16
1974	119	90	3.5	123	57			17.7	16.4							2.2	2 8
1975	101	90	3.8	3 40	70			19	16.5							3.4	. 7
1976	94	63	6.9	60	29			18.3	18.5			1.8	3.3			7.2	9
1977	114	58	5.5	91	81			18.2	15.3			1.7	1.7			3.6	12
1978	534	75	3.4	506	503	1		17.5	14.5	18.5		1.6	1.5	2.3		2.7	33
1979	474	83	3	253	619	1		17.7	14.2	10		1.3	1.4			2.1	35
1980	640	76	3.1	459	759			17.5	14.5			1.7	1.3			1.9	38
1981	1018	71	3.9	607	1103			17.5	14.7			1.6	1.5			3	77
1982	967	73	3.7	503	1198	4		17.7	13.8	11.8		1.7	1.3	0.8		2.7	72
1983	977	71	3.7	699	1074	18	19	17.4	14.5	13.3	17.8	2	1.2	1.5	1.6	2.8	67
1984	1532	86	3.8	483	925	68	99	17.5	14	14.4	16.4	2.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	3.2	70
1985	1596	73	3.4	508	1179	38	94	17.5	13.9	15.1	16.9	1.9	1	1.5	1.5	2.7	64
1986	1252	62	3.7	396	351	10	127	17.2	13.6	15.9	16.3	1.8	0.9	2.5	1.4	4.1	51
1987	1169	68	3.6	336	609	9	258	17.4	14.5	17.4	16.5	1.8	1.1	2.2	1.4	3	42
1988	1090	72	4.1	438	630	4	254	17.3	15.9	18.5	17.5	2	1.5	2.5	1.6	3.1	50
1989	1127	61	4.1	411	322	3	87	17.1	16.9	18.7	17.7	1.9	2.5	3	2.1	4.8	43
1990	1100	70	4.8	614	271	10	55	17.5	15.7	18.1	18.5	1.9	2.1	1.3	1.9	2.7	43
1991	1109	68	3.2	581	380	9	83	17.6	16	18.7	17.9	2.2	1.8		1.8	2.7	48
1992	1069	70	3.2	778	398	5	82	17.5	16	19.2	17.6	1.9	1.5		1.6	2.2	64
1993	1101	78	3	969	247	2	54	17.6	16.4	18.5	17.9	1.7	1.7		2.3	2.1	57
1994	1026	76	3.4	542	447	11	139	17.7	15.6	19.7	17.5	2	1.9	2.8	1.8	2.2	57



_	OPPORTUNITY	Conservation							Skaneateles									
	1005		45	2.2	277		•		er Fishing D			15.5		1.0		1.0	2.2	
	1995	951	67	3.3	277	636	2	67	17.9	15.1	19.5	17.7	2	1.3		1.8	2.2	60
	1996	849	73	3.1	375	734	0	75	17.6	15.2		16.7	2	1.4		1.5	1.5	48
	1997	877	74	3.5	332	665	2	39	17.4	16.2	20	17.5	1.7	1.5		1.8	2.3	41
	1998	812	76	3.3	417	475	0	40	17.5	16.3		17.7	1.5	1.6		1.7	1.8	44
	1999	485	72	3.1	228	344	0	9	17.3	16.3		18.7	1.4	1.5		2.2	1.8	33
	2000	424	72	3.1	199	271	0	10	17.7	16		17.8	1.8	1.7		1.5	2.1	26
	2001	537	72	3.2	319	240	1	46	17.2	16.7	20	17.6	1.6	1.7	2	2.1	2.2	32
	2002	418	76	3.6	435	392	0	48	17.7	16.1		18	1.5	1.7			1.7	27
	2003	762	79	3.2	577	669	0	255	17.1	16.6		18	1.4	2		2.1	1.6	36
	2004	646	76	3.1	550	511	0	204	17.6	16.6		18.9	1.7	1.8		2.3	1.6	33
	2005	597	78	3.5	497	641	0	166	17.8	16.5		19.2	1.6	1.9		2.3	1.6	43
	2006	519	66	3.8	321	276	1	88	17.7	17.4		19	1.7	2.3		2.6	2.9	36
	2007	375	72	4.2	249	272	0	38	17.3	17.8		19.9	1.5	2.6		2.5	2.8	31
	2008	402	64	4.1	184	243	1	34	17.7	17.9		20	2	2.3		2.5	3.5	31
	2009	390	61	4	178	260	0	21	18.4	19		18.9	2.1	2.7			3.4	27
	2010	321	67	3.7	138	204	0	18	19.2	19.2		20.2	2.9	3.2		3.4	3.3	22
	2011	314	57	3.6	201	116	0	11	18.2	20		21.8	3.4	3.3		4.1	3.4	24
	2012	227	68	3.4	300	77	0	3	18.8	20.7		25	2	3.6		6	2	19
	2013	256	60	3.9	191	88	0	11	18.1	18.8		20	2.3	2.8		1.1	3.4	24
	2014	266	70	3.2	351	48	0	15	19.3	20.4		19	6.4	3.3		3.4	2	23
	2015	260	71	3.4	228	60	3	18	19.3	19.1	22	18.7	4	3.7	5.7	3	2.9	25
	2016	303	57	3	234	63	1	26	19.4	18.3		18.3	2.6	3.7		2.5	2.8	27
	2017	352	66	2.8	362	59	0	17	19.6	19.3		20.8	2.6	3.3		3.2	2.2	28
	2018	366	69	2.9	371	53	1	3	19.3	19.9	15.3	20	3	3.7	1.5		2.5	24
	2019	430	75	2.8	400	108	2	124	18.6	18.2	19	17.6	2.3			2.8	1.9	29
	2020	361	75	2.7	340	30	0	148	19	18.6		19.9	2.1	3.1		2.4	1.9	18
	2021	237	71	2.4	287	32	0	28	18.9	17.3		20.8	2.8	1.3		3	1.6	16
	2022	254	74	2.5	331	26	0	7	17.7	18.6		20.9	2.4	3			1.7	16



Skaneateles Lake

Warmwater Fishing Diary Summary

	Total #			Legal Gamefish						Average Length of							eight (# Hours to		
	Angler	% Trips	Ave Hours/	Kept ² (Released) ³			Legal Fish Kept (in.)						Legal	Fish Ke	pt (lbs	Catch 1 legal	# of			
Year	Trips	Successful ¹	Angler Trip	SMB	LMB	WAE	NOP	PKL	SMB	LMB	WAE	NOP	PKL	SMB	LMB	WAE	NOP	PKL	Gamefish	Coop.
1984				110 (61)															0.9	
1985				37 (69)	0 (1)		0 (2)												1.1	
1986	25		1.8	15 (80)	0 (1)				11.5										0.8	3
1987	21	69	3.1	10 (34)				6 (6)	10.1				18.0					1.2	1.5	2
1988	23	88	1.4	9 (83)	1 (0)			2 (2)	11.6	10.0			18.0						0.4	2
1989	17	77	1.8	2 (41)					12.7										1.4	2
1990	38	72	2.7	12 (85)				1 (5)	11.1				18.0						1.6	2
1991	47	92	2.5	27 (127)	0 (8)			2 (2)	10.9				16.5						0.8	4
1992	36	88	3.0	38 (27)	0 (7)				12.1										1.5	8
1993	22	65	2.0	16 (4)	0 (2)				11.8	13.0				2.3					1.9	4
1994	63	74	2.5	76 (72)					12.0					1.1					1.1	9
1995	27	85	4.0	45 (12)					14.0					2.5					1.9	6
1996	18	91	2.9	2 (35)					11.0										1.4	4
1997	6	40	1.4	0 (18)															0.5	2
1998	20	90	2.7	8 (20)					13.6										1.9	3
1999	2	0	4.0																	1
2000	2	100	6.0	0 (1)															12.0	1
2001	27	77	1.4	0 (36)															1.0	5
2002	13	50	1.2	0 (7)															2.3	1
2003	27	69	1.3	10 (16)				0 (1)	11.9										1.3	4
2004	0																			0
2005	23	92	3.0	47 (2)	1			0 (1)	15.4	20.7					3.7				1.4	4
2006	28	93	4.9	62 (18)					14.8					3.7					1.7	3
2007	23	77	4.0	18 (14)	1				13.8	12.0									2.8	4
2008	55	87	3.3	12 (84)				0 (2)	14.8										1.8	5
2009	53	82	5.0	22 (121)					14.6										1.8	5
2010	41	95	5.4	10 (105)															1.9	5
2011	61	77	4.7	27 (80)	1			0 (1)	14.5	14.0									2.6	7
2012	78 70	100	4.9	46 (146)	0 (4)			2 (1)	15.1	 15 7			20.3	3.4					1.9 2.1	10
2013 2014	70 86	94	4.9	41 (117)	1			0 (1)	15.3	15.7									2.1	9 6
		96 01	5.8	24 (197)	0 (6)			0 (15)	14.5											8
2015	80	91 01	4.8	20 (184)	0 (36)	*		0 (29)	14.8										1.4	8
2016	94 86	91	4.9	22 (313)	0 (7)			0 (9)	14.1		10.0					3.7			1.3	9
2017 2018	88	89 92	4.9 4.8	26 (387) 12 (490)	0 (11) 0 (7)	3 6		0 (2) 0 (11)	14.3 13.6		19.8 19.9					3. <i>1</i>			1.0 0.8	8
2019	142	91	4.3			*			14.1					2.3					0.9	13
2019	154	90	4.3 4.8	43 (655) 7 (625)	0 (6) 0	8 (0)		0 (9)	13.1		 21.4		25.3	2.3		3.3			1.1	13
2020	135	80	4.0	26 (401)	0 (1)	10 (15)		2 (5)	13.1	20	23.2		19.3			3.3 4.5			1.3	12
2021	153	78	3.8	78 (625)	1 (4)	6 (2)		0 (2) 0 (1)	14.1	20 17.5	23.2 17.8		19.5	4		4.5 6.2			0.8	11
2022	100	10	3.0	10 (023)	i (+)	0 (2)		0 (1)	14.1	17.3	17.0		17	7		0.2			0.0	11

^{1 -} Success equals one or more legal warmwater gamefish caught.

^{2 -} Number of legal smallmouth bass - SMB, largemouth bass - LMB, walleye - WAE, northern pike - NOP and pickerel - PKL kept.

^{*} one sublegal walleye caught and released

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Fish, Wildlife and Marine Resources Lake Map Series



Region 7

