Permit Description

Introduction

The Title V operating air permit is intended to be a document containing only enforceable terms and conditions as well as any additional information, such as the identification of emission units, emission points, emission sources and processes, that makes the terms meaningful. 40 CFR Part 70.7(a)(5) requires that each Title V permit have an accompanying "...statement that sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions". The purpose for this permit review report is to satisfy the above requirement by providing pertinent details regarding the permit/application data and permit conditions in a more easily understandable format. This report will also include background narrative and explanations of regulatory decisions made by the reviewer. It should be emphasized that this permit review report, while based on information contained in the permit, is a separate document and is not itself an enforceable term and condition of the permit.
Summary Description of Proposed Project
This project is the initial Title V permit for Oneida County Water Pollution Control Plant as required by 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM, Part 219-9.4, this application is submitted in compliance with the March 21, 2014 submission date for municipal sewage sludge incinerators.

Attainment Status
ONEIDA CO WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT is located in the town of UTICA in the county of ONEIDA.
The attainment status for this location is provided below. (Areas classified as attainment are those that meet all ambient air quality standards for a designated criteria air pollutant.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria Pollutant</th>
<th>Attainment Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Particulate Matter (PM)</td>
<td>ATTAINMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particulate Matters 10µ in diameter (PM10)</td>
<td>ATTAINMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)</td>
<td>ATTAINMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ozone*</td>
<td>TRANSPORT REGION (NON-ATTAINMENT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx)**</td>
<td>ATTAINMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Monoxide (CO)</td>
<td>ATTAINMENT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Ozone is regulated in terms of the emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOC) and/or oxides of nitrogen (NOx) which are ozone precursors.
** NOx has a separate ambient air quality standard in addition to being an ozone precursor.

Facility Description:
This facility is an activated sludge wastewater treatment facility owned and operated by the Oneida county sewer district (ocsd). The facility has a capacity of 48 million gallons per day (mgd) with nitrification and 53 mgd without nitrification. Processes at the plant include wastewater treatment operations – mechanical bar screens, grit removal, primary clarification, activated sludge with diffused air, chlorination/dechlorination; and sludge treatment operations – gravity thickening, belt filter press dewatering and fluidized sand bed incineration.

Combustion process consisting of two fluidized bed incinerators burning sewage sludge using no.2 fuel oil, two boilers burning natural gas with no. 2 fuel oil as a backup fuel (boilers have less than 10 mmbtu/hr heat input). And one boiler combusting #2 fuel oil only.

All 3 boilers are exempt per 6 NYCRR 201-3.2(c) (1) and horizontal petroleum or volatile organic liquid storage tanks 6 NYCRR 201-3.2(c) (26).
subdivided into one or more emission units (EU). Emission units are defined as any part or activity of a stationary facility that emits or has the potential to emit any federal or state regulated air pollutant. An emission unit is represented as a grouping of processes (defined as any activity involving one or more emission sources (ES) that emits or has the potential to emit any federal or state regulated air pollutant). An emission source is defined as any apparatus, contrivance or machine capable of causing emissions of any air contaminant to the outdoor atmosphere, including any appurtenant exhaust system or air cleaning device. [NOTE: Indirect sources of air contamination as defined in 6 NYCRR Part 203 (i.e. parking lots) are excluded from this definition]. The applicant is required to identify the principal piece of equipment (i.e., emission source) that directly results in or controls the emission of federal or state regulated air pollutants from an activity (i.e., process). Emission sources are categorized by the following types:

- combustion - devices which burn fuel to generate heat, steam or power
- incinerator - devices which burn waste material for disposal
- control - emission control devices
- process - any device or contrivance which may emit air contaminants that is not included in the above categories.

ONEIDA CO WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT is defined by the following emission unit(s):

Emission unit 200000 - Combustion operations consisting of two (2) fluidized bed incinerators and three (3) exempt boilers (<10 mmbtu/hr) are present onsite.

Emission unit 200000 is associated with the following emission points (EP):
EP001, EP003
Process: COMBUSTION PROCESS CONSISTING OF THREE FLUIDIZED BED INCINERATORS BURNING SEWAGE SLUDGE USING NO.2 FUEL OIL, TWO BOILERS BURNING NATURAL GAS WITH NO.2 FUEL OIL AS A BACKUP FUEL (Boilers have less than 10 mmBTU/Hr heat input), AND ONE BOILER COMBUSTING #2 FUEL OIL ONLY.

Emission unit 100000 - Wastewater treatment operations including mechanical bar screens, grit removal, primary clarification, diffused air biotreatment, and chlorination/dechlorination.

Process: WWT WASTEWATER OPERATIONS, CONSISTING OF BAR SCREENS, GRIT REMOVAL, PRIMARY AND SECONDARY CLARIFICATION, DIFFUSED AIR BIOTREATMENT, CHLORINATION/DECHLORINATION, AND SLUDGE THICKENING.

Title V/Major Source Status
determination is based on the following information:
The Oneida County Water Pollution Control Plant - is required to obtain a Title V facility permit by 40 CFR 60.5240 because the facility operates a sewage sludge incineration unit. The facility is not currently a major source of any air contaminants.

Program Applicability
The following chart summarizes the applicability of ONEIDA CO WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT with regards to the principal air pollution regulatory programs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulatory Program</th>
<th>Applicability</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PSD</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NSR (non-attainment)</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NESHAP (40 CFR Part 61)</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NESHAP (MACT - 40 CFR Part 63)</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NSPS</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE IV</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE V</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE VI</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RACT</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIP</td>
<td>YES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES:
PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration (40 CFR 52, 6 NYCRR 231-7, 231-8) - requirements which pertain to major stationary sources located in areas which are in attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for specified pollutants.

NSR New Source Review (6 NYCRR 231-5, 231-6) - requirements which pertain to major stationary sources located in areas which are in non-attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for specified pollutants.

NESHAP National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 61, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - contaminant and source specific emission standards established prior to the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 (CAA) which were developed for 9 air contaminants (inorganic arsenic, radon, benzene, vinyl chloride, asbestos, mercury, beryllium, radionuclides, and volatile HAPs).

MACT Maximum Achievable Control Technology (40 CFR 63, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - contaminant and source specific emission standards established by the 1990 CAAA. Under Section 112 of the CAAA, the US EPA is required to develop and promulgate emissions standards for new and existing sources. The standards are to be based on the best demonstrated control technology and practices in the regulated industry, otherwise known as MACT. The corresponding regulations apply to specific source types and contaminants.

NSPS New Source Performance Standards (40 CFR 60, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - standards of performance for specific stationary source categories developed by the US EPA under Section 111 of the CAAA. The standards apply only to those stationary sources which have been constructed or modified after the regulations have been proposed by publication in the Federal Register and only to the specific contaminant(s) listed in the regulation.

Title IV Acid Rain Control Program (40 CFR 72 thru 78, 6 NYCRR 201-6) - regulations which mandate the implementation of the acid rain control program for large stationary combustion facilities.
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report
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05/10/2016

Title VI Stratospheric Ozone Protection (40 CFR 82, Subpart A thru G, 6 NYCRR 200.10) -
 federal requirements that apply to sources which use a minimum quantity of CFC’s (chlorofluorocarbons),
HCFC’s (hydrofluorocarbons) or other ozone depleting substances or regulated substitute substances in
equipment such as air conditioners, refrigeration equipment or motor vehicle air conditioners or appliances.

RACT Reasonably Available Control Technology (6 NYCRR Parts 212.10, 226, 227-2, 228, 229,
230, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236) - the lowest emission limit that a specific source is capable of meeting by
application of control technology that is reasonably available, considering technological and economic
feasibility. RACT is a control strategy used to limit emissions of VOC’s and NOx for the purpose of
attaining the air quality standard for ozone. The term as it is used in the above table refers to those state
air pollution control regulations which specifically regulate VOC and NOx emissions.

SIP State Implementation Plan (40 CFR 52, Subpart HH, 6 NYCRR 200.10) - as per the
CAAA, all states are empowered and required to devise the specific combination of controls that,
when implemented, will bring about attainment of ambient air quality standards established by the
federal government and the individual state. This specific combination of measures is referred to as
the SIP. The term here refers to those state regulations that are approved to be included in the SIP
and thus are considered federally enforceable.

Compliance Status
Facility is in compliance with all requirements.

SIC Codes
SIC or Standard Industrial Classification code is an industrial code developed by the federal Office of
Management and Budget for use, among other things, in the classification of establishments by the type of
activity in which they are engaged. Each operating establishment is assigned an industry code on the basis
of its primary activity, which is determined by its principal product or group of products produced or
distributed, or services rendered. Larger facilities typically have more than one SIC code.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIC Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4952</td>
<td>SEWERAGE SYSTEMS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SCC Codes
SCC or Source Classification Code is a code developed and used” by the USEPA to categorize processes
which result in air emissions for the purpose of assessing emission factor information. Each SCC represents
a unique process or function within a source category logically associated with a point of air pollution
emissions. Any operation that causes air pollution can be represented by one or more SCC’s.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SCC Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5-01-005-06</td>
<td>SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL - GOVERNMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL: GOVERNMENT - OTHER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>INCINERATION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sludge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-01-007-01</td>
<td>SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL - GOVERNMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL: GOVERNMENT - SEWAGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TREATMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Entire Plant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Facility Emissions Summary
In the following table, the CAS No. or Chemical Abstract Service code is an identifier assigned to every
chemical compound. [NOTE: Certain CAS No.’s contain a ‘NY’ designation within them. These are not true CAS No.’s but rather an identification which has been developed by the department to identify groups of contaminants which ordinary CAS No.’s do not do. As an example, volatile organic compounds or VOC’s are identified collectively by the NY CAS No. 0NY998-00-0.] The PTE refers to the Potential to Emit. This is defined as the maximum capacity of a facility or air contaminant source to emit any air contaminant under its physical and operational design. Any physical or operational limitation on the capacity of the facility or air contamination source to emit any air contaminant, including air pollution control equipment and/or restrictions on the hours of operation, or on the type or amount or material combusted, stored, or processed, shall be treated as part of the design only if the limitation is contained in federally enforceable permit conditions. The PTE Range represents an emission range for a contaminant. Any PTE quantity that is displayed represents a facility-wide emission cap or limitation for that contaminant. If no PTE quantity is displayed, the PTE Range is provided to indicate the approximate magnitude of facility-wide emissions for the specified contaminant in terms of tons per year (tpy). The term ‘HAP’ refers to any of the hazardous air pollutants listed in section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. Total emissions of all hazardous air pollutants are listed under the special NY CAS No. ONY100-00-0. In addition, each individual hazardous air pollutant is also listed under its own specific CAS No. and is identified in the list below by the (HAP) designation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cas No.</th>
<th>Contaminant Name</th>
<th>PTE</th>
<th>Range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>000079-34-5</td>
<td>1,1,2,2- TETRACHLOROETHANE</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000107-06-2</td>
<td>1,2-DICHLOROETHANE</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000542-75-6</td>
<td>1-PROPENE, 1,3- DICHLORO-</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>001746-01-6</td>
<td>2,3,7,8- TETRACHLORODIBENZO-P-DIOXIN</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ONY508-00-1</td>
<td>40 CFR 60 SUBPART IIII - HYDROCARBONS</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 2.5 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007429-90-5</td>
<td>ALUMINUM</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007440-38-2</td>
<td>ARSENIC</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007440-39-3</td>
<td>BARIUM</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 2.5 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000071-43-2</td>
<td>BENZENE</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000106-46-7</td>
<td>BENZENE, 1,4- DICHLORO-</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000095-50-1</td>
<td>BENZENE,1,2-DICHLORO</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 2.5 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007440-41-7</td>
<td>BERYLLIUM</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000117-81-7</td>
<td>BIS(2-ETHYLHEXYL)</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007440-43-9</td>
<td>CADMIUM</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007440-70-2</td>
<td>CALCIUM</td>
<td>242</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000124-38-9</td>
<td>CARBON DIOXIDE</td>
<td>&gt;= 250 tpy but &lt; 75,000 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ONY750-00-0</td>
<td>CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENTS</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 tpy but &lt; 25 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000630-08-0</td>
<td>CARBON MONOXIDE</td>
<td>&gt;= 25 tpy but &lt; 40 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000056-23-5</td>
<td>CARBON TETRACHLORIDE</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000108-90-7</td>
<td>CHLOROBENZENE</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 tpy but &lt; 25 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000067-66-3</td>
<td>CHLOROFORM</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007440-47-3</td>
<td>CHROMIUM</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007440-50-8</td>
<td>COPPER</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 2.5 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>026125-40-6</td>
<td>DICHLOROBENZENE,P- POLYMER</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000071-55-6</td>
<td>ETHANE, 1,1,1- TRICHLORO</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>000079-00-5</td>
<td>ETHANE, 1,1,2-</td>
<td>&gt; 0 but &lt; 10 tpy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TRICHLORO

000075-34-3 ETHANE, 1,1-DICHLORO- > 0 but < 10 tpy
000106-93-4 ETHANE, 1,2-DIBROMO > 0 but < 10 tpy
000540-59-0 ETHENE, 1,2-DICHLORO > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
000156-60-5 ETHENE, 1,2-DICHLORO > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE > 0 but < 10 tpy
000050-00-0 FORMALDEHYDE > 0 but < 10 tpy
007647-01-0 HYDROGEN CHLORIDE > 0 but < 10 tpy
000067-63-0 ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL >= 2.5 tpy but < 10 tpy
007439-92-1 LEAD > 0 but < 10 tpy
007439-95-4 MAGNESIUM > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
007439-96-5 MANGANESE > 0 but < 10 tpy
007439-97-6 MERCURY > 0 but < 10 tpy
000074-82-8 METHANE >= 10 tpy but < 25 tpy
000074-87-3 METHYL CHLORIDE > 0 but < 10 tpy
000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE > 0 but < 10 tpy
007440-02-0 NICKEL METAL AND INSOLUBLE COMPOUNDS
010024-97-2 NITROUS OXIDE >= 10 tpy but < 25 tpy
0NY210-00-0 OXIDES OF NITROGEN >= 10 tpy but < 50 tpy
0NY075-00-0 PARTICULATES >> 10 tpy but < 25 tpy
000127-18-4 PERCHLOROETHYLENE > 0 but < 10 tpy
000062-73-7 PHOSPHORIC ACID, 2,2-DICHLOROETHYL DIMETHYL ESTER
130498-29-2 POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS
0NY042-19-0 POTASSIUM (K 042) > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
000078-87-5 PROPANE, 1,2-DICHLORO > 0 but < 10 tpy
007782-49-2 SELENIUM > 0 but < 10 tpy
007440-21-3 SILICON > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
0NY035-16-0 SULFUR (S 035) > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
007446-09-5 SULFUR DIOXIDE >= 100 tpy but < 250 tpy
007664-93-9 SULFURIC ACID > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
007440-31-5 TIN > 0 but < 2.5 tpy
007550-45-0 TITANIUM > 0 but < 10 tpy
000108-88-3 TOLUENE > 0 but < 10 tpy
0NY100-00-0 TOTAL HAP >> 10 tpy but < 25 tpy
000079-01-6 TRICHLOROETHYLENE > 0 but < 10 tpy
0NY998-00-0 VOC >> 10 tpy but < 50 tpy
007440-66-6 ZINC > 0 but < 2.5 tpy

NOTIFICATION OF GENERAL PERMITTEE OBLIGATIONS

Item A: Emergency Defense - 6 NYCRR 201-1.5

An emergency, as defined by subpart 201-2, constitutes an affirmative defense to penalties sought in an enforcement action brought by the Department for noncompliance with emissions limitations or permit conditions for all facilities in New York State.

(a) The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through
properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:

(1) An emergency occurred and that the facility owner or operator can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
(2) The equipment at the permitted facility causing the emergency was at the time being properly operated and maintained;
(3) During the period of the emergency the facility owner or operator took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emission standards, or other requirements in the permit; and
(4) The facility owner or operator notified the Department within two working days after the event occurred. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.

(b) In any enforcement proceeding, the facility owner or operator seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.

(c) This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.

**Item B: Public Access to Recordkeeping for Title V Facilities - 6 NYCRR 201-1.10(b)**
The Department will make available to the public any permit application, compliance plan, permit, and monitoring and compliance certification report pursuant to Section 503(e) of the Act, except for information entitled to confidential treatment pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 616 - Public Access to records and Section 114(c) of the Act.

**Item C: Timely Application for the Renewal of Title V Permits - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.2(a)(4)**
Owners and/or operators of facilities having an issued Title V permit shall submit a complete application at least 180 days, but not more than eighteen months, prior to the date of permit expiration for permit renewal purposes.

**Item D: Certification by a Responsible Official - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.2(d)(12)**
Any application, form, report or compliance certification required to be submitted pursuant to the federally enforceable portions of this permit shall contain a certification of truth, accuracy and completeness by a responsible official. This certification shall state that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

**Item E: Requirement to Comply With All Conditions - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(a)(2)**
The permittee must comply with all conditions of the Title V facility permit. Any permit non-compliance constitutes a violation of the Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.

**Item F: Permit Revocation, Modification, Reopening, Reissuance or Termination, and Associated Information Submission Requirements - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(a)(3)**
This permit may be modified, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

**Item G:** Cessation or Reduction of Permitted Activity Not a Defense - 6 NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(5)

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action to claim that a cessation or reduction in the permitted activity would have been necessary in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

**Item H:** Property Rights - 6 NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(6)

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.

**Item I:** Severability - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(a)(9)

If any provisions, parts or conditions of this permit are found to be invalid or are the subject of a challenge, the remainder of this permit shall continue to be valid.

**Item J:** Permit Shield - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(g)

All permittees granted a Title V facility permit shall be covered under the protection of a permit shield, except as provided under 6 NYCRR Subpart 201-6. Compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with any applicable requirements as of the date of permit issuance, provided that such applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in the permit, or the Department, in acting on the permit application or revision, determines in writing that other requirements specifically identified are not applicable to the major stationary source, and the permit includes the determination or a concise summary thereof. Nothing herein shall preclude the Department from revising or revoking the permit pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 621 or from exercising its summary abatement authority. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the following:

i. The ability of the Department to seek to bring suit on behalf of the State of New York, or the Administrator to seek to bring suit on behalf of the United States, to immediately restrain any person causing or contributing to pollution presenting an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health, welfare or the environment to stop the emission of air pollutants causing or contributing to such pollution;

ii. The liability of a permittee of the Title V facility for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance;

iii. The applicable requirements of Title IV of the Act;

iv. The ability of the Department or the Administrator to obtain information from the permittee concerning the ability to enter, inspect and monitor the facility.

**Item K:** Reopening for Cause - 6 NYCRR Part 201-6.4(i)

This Title V permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:

i. If additional applicable requirements under the Act become applicable where this permit's remaining term is three or more years, a reopening shall be
completed not later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which this permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended by the Department pursuant to the provisions of Part 201-6.7 and Part 621.

ii. The Department or the Administrator determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

iii. The Department or the Administrator determines that the Title V permit must be revised or reopened to assure compliance with applicable requirements.

iv. If the permitted facility is an "affected source" subject to the requirements of Title IV of the Act, and additional requirements (including excess emissions requirements) become applicable. Upon approval by the Administrator, excess emissions offset plans shall be deemed to be incorporated into the permit.

Proceedings to reopen and issue Title V facility permits shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance but shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of such intent is provided to the facility by the Department at least thirty days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except that the Department may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

Item L: Permit Exclusion - ECL 19-0305
The issuance of this permit by the Department and the receipt thereof by the Applicant does not and shall not be construed as barring, diminishing, adjudicating or in any way affecting any legal, administrative or equitable rights or claims, actions, suits, causes of action or demands whatsoever that the Department may have against the Applicant for violations based on facts and circumstances alleged to have occurred or existed prior to the effective date of this permit, including, but not limited to, any enforcement action authorized pursuant to the provisions of applicable federal law, the Environmental Conservation Law of the State of New York (ECL) and Chapter III of the Official Compilation of the Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (NYCRR). The issuance of this permit also shall not in any way affect pending or future enforcement actions under the Clean Air Act brought by the United States or any person.

Item M: Federally Enforceable Requirements - 40 CFR 70.6(b)
All terms and conditions in this permit required by the Act or any applicable requirement, including any provisions designed to limit a facility's potential to emit, are enforceable by the Administrator and citizens under the Act. The Department has, in this permit, specifically designated any terms and conditions that are not required under the Act or under any of its applicable requirements as being enforceable under only state regulations.

NOTIFICATION OF GENERAL PERMITTEE OBLIGATIONS

Item A: General Provisions for State Enforceable Permit Terms and Condition - 6
**NYCRR Part 201-5**

Any person who owns and/or operates stationary sources shall operate and maintain all emission units and any required emission control devices in compliance with all applicable Parts of this Chapter and existing laws, and shall operate the facility in accordance with all criteria, emission limits, terms, conditions, and standards in this permit. Failure of such person to properly operate and maintain the effectiveness of such emission units and emission control devices may be sufficient reason for the Department to revoke or deny a permit.

The owner or operator of the permitted facility must maintain all required records on-site for a period of five years and make them available to representatives of the Department upon request. Department representatives must be granted access to any facility regulated by this Subpart, during normal operating hours, for the purpose of determining compliance with this and any other state and federal air pollution control requirements, regulations or law.

### Regulatory Analysis

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Regulation</th>
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<th>Short Description</th>
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Establishing Operating Limits - Minimum Combustion Temperature

Establishing Operating Limits - Mercury Sorbent Injection

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Sewage Sludge Incineration - Deviation Reports

Standards of Performance for Sewage Treatment Plants - standard for particulate matter

Standards of Performance for Sewage Treatment Plants - monitoring of operations

Standards of Performance for Sewage Treatment Plants - test methods and procedures
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<td>6 NYCRR 201-6.4(a)(4)</td>
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Standards of Performance for Sewage Treatment Plants - test methods and procedures
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Modifications
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Unavoidable noncompliance and violations
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Prohibition of reintroduction of collected contaminants to the air
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Title V Permits and the Associated Permit Conditions
General Conditions - Requirement to
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Mandatory Requirements: The following facility-wide regulations are included in all Title V permits:

ECL 19-0301
This section of the Environmental Conservation Law establishes the powers and duties assigned to the Department with regard to administering the air pollution control program for New York State.

6 NYCRR 200.6
Acceptable ambient air quality - prohibits contravention of ambient air quality standards without mitigating measures

6 NYCRR 200.7
Anyone owning or operating an air contamination source which is equipped with an emission control device must operate the control consistent with ordinary and necessary practices, standards and procedures, as per manufacturer's specifications and keep it in a satisfactory state of maintenance and repair so that it operates effectively

6 NYCRR 201-1.4
This regulation specifies the actions and recordkeeping and reporting requirements for any violation of an applicable state enforceable emission standard that results from a necessary scheduled equipment
maintenance, start-up, shutdown, malfunction or upset in the event that these are unavoidable.

6 NYCRR 201-1.7
Requires the recycle and salvage of collected air contaminants where practical

6 NYCRR 201-1.8
Prohibits the reintroduction of collected air contaminants to the outside air

6 NYCRR 201-3.2 (a)
An owner and/or operator of an exempt emission source or unit may be required to certify that it operates within the specific criteria described in this Subpart. All required records must be maintained on-site for a period of 5 years and made available to department representatives upon request. In addition, department representatives must be granted access to any facility which contains exempt emission sources or units, during normal operating hours, for the purpose of determining compliance with this and any other state and federal air pollution control requirements, regulations, or law.

6 NYCRR 201-3.3 (a)
The owner and/or operator of a trivial emission source or unit may be required to certify that it operates within the specific criteria described in this Subpart. All required records must be maintained on-site for a period of 5 years and made available to department representatives upon request. In addition, department representatives must be granted access to any facility which contains trivial emission sources or units subject to this Subpart, during normal operating hours, for the purpose of determining compliance with this and any other state and federal air pollution control requirements, regulations, or law.

6 NYCRR Subpart 201-6
This regulation applies to those terms and conditions which are subject to Title V permitting. It establishes the applicability criteria for Title V permits, the information to be included in all Title V permit applications as well as the permit content and terms of permit issuance. This rule also specifies the compliance, monitoring, recordkeeping, reporting, fee, and procedural requirements that need to be met to obtain a Title V permit, modify the permit and demonstrate conformity with applicable requirements as listed in the Title V permit. For permitting purposes, this rule specifies the need to identify and describe all emission units, processes and products in the permit application as well as providing the Department the authority to include this and any other information that it deems necessary to determine the compliance status of the facility.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (a) (4)
This mandatory requirement applies to all Title V facilities. It requires the permittee to provide information that the Department may request in writing, within a reasonable time, in order to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. The request may include copies of records required to be kept by the permit.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (a) (7)
This is a mandatory condition that requires the owner or operator of a facility subject to Title V requirements to pay all applicable fees associated with the emissions from their facility.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (a) (8)
This is a mandatory condition for all facilities subject to Title V requirements. It allows the Department to inspect the facility to determine compliance with this permit, including copying records, sampling and monitoring, as necessary.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (c)
This requirement specifies, in general terms, what information must be contained in any required
compliance monitoring records and reports. This includes the date, time and place of any sampling, measurements and analyses; who performed the analyses; analytical techniques and methods used as well as any required QA/QC procedures; results of the analyses; the operating conditions at the time of sampling or measurement and the identification of any permit deviations. All such reports must also be certified by the designated responsible official of the facility.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (c) (2)
This requirement specifies that all compliance monitoring and recordkeeping is to be conducted according to the terms and conditions of the permit and follow all QA requirements found in applicable regulations. It also requires monitoring records and supporting information to be retained for at least 5 years from the time of sampling, measurement, report or application. Support information is defined as including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (c) (3) (ii)
This regulation specifies any reporting requirements incorporated into the permit must include provisions regarding the notification and reporting of permit deviations and incidences of noncompliance stating the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (d) (5)
This condition applies to every Title V facility subject to a compliance schedule. It requires that reports, detailing the status of progress on achieving compliance with emission standards, be submitted semiannually.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (e)
Sets forth the general requirements for compliance certification content; specifies an annual submittal frequency; and identifies the EPA and appropriate regional office address where the reports are to be sent.

6 NYCRR 201-6.4 (f) (6)
This condition allows changes to be made at the facility, without modifying the permit, provided the changes do not cause an emission limit contained in this permit to be exceeded. The owner or operator of the facility must notify the Department of the change. It is applicable to all Title V permits which may be subject to an off permit change.

6 NYCRR 202-1.1
This regulation allows the department the discretion to require an emission test for the purpose of determining compliance. Furthermore, the cost of the test, including the preparation of the report are to be borne by the owner/operator of the source.

6 NYCRR 202-2.1
Requires that emission statements shall be submitted on or before April 15th each year for emissions of the previous calENDar year.

6 NYCRR 202-2.5
This rule specifies that each facility required to submit an emission statement must retain a copy of the statement and supporting documentation for at least 5 years and must make the information available to department representatives.

6 NYCRR 211.2
This regulation limits opacity from sources to less than or equal to 20 percent (six minute average) except for one continuous six-minute period per hour of not more than 57 percent opacity.
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
Permit Review Report
Permit ID: 6-3016-00048/00011
05/10/2016

6 NYCRR 215.2
Except as allowed by section 215.3 of 6 NYCRR Part 215, no person shall burn, cause, suffer, allow or permit the burning of any materials in an open fire.

40 CFR Part 68
This Part lists the regulated substances and there applicability thresholds and sets the requirements for stationary sources concerning the prevention of accidental releases of these substances.

40 CFR Part 82, Subpart F
Subpart F requires the reduction of emissions of class I and class II refrigerants to the lowest achievable level during the service, maintenance, repair, and disposal of appliances in accordance with section 608 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. This subpart applies to any person servicing, maintaining, or repairing appliances except for motor vehicle air conditioners. It also applies to persons disposing of appliances, including motor vehicle air conditioners, refrigerant reclaimers, appliance owners, and manufacturers of appliances and recycling and recovery equipment. Those individuals, operations, or activities affected by this rule, may be required to comply with specified disposal, recycling, or recovery practices, leak repair practices, recordkeeping and/or technician certification requirements.

Facility Specific Requirements
In addition to Title V, ONEIDA CO WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT has been determined to be subject to the following regulations:
40 CFR 60.14
This regulation defines the term modification and what is and is not considered to be a modification, for the purpose of rule applicability.

40 CFR 60.152 (a) (2)
This condition states that particulate emissions may not exceed 20 percent opacity.

40 CFR 60.153 (a) (2)
This condition requires access to the sludge flow so that samples may be obtained.

40 CFR 60.155 (a) (1) (i)
This condition sets the reporting requirements for reporting of excessive emissions from wet scrubbers used on sludge incinerators.

40 CFR 60.155 (a) (2)
This condition requires semiannual reporting of exceedences of the average oxygen content in the exhaust gas in a sludge incinerator.

40 CFR 60.5130
This section contains the operator training and qualification requirements for operators of sewage sludge incineration units.
40 CFR 60.5135
This section contains the operator of sewage sludge incineration units training course must be completed.

40 CFR 60.5150
This section describes how the operator must renew a lapsed operator qualification.

40 CFR 60.5155
This section describes the procedures the facility owner or operator must follow if all of the qualified operators are not available.

40 CFR 60.5165
This section describes the various emission limits that the owner or operator of a sewage sludge incinerator is required to meet in order to demonstrate compliance with Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5170 (f)
This section requires the facility owner or operator to monitor certain characteristics of the sewage sludge fed to the incineration unit.

40 CFR 60.5175
This section requires that the facility establish operating limits if the facility use an air pollution control device other than wet scrubber, fabric filter etc. in order to comply with the emission limits in 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.
40 CFR 60.5180
This section states that the emission limits established under Subpart MMMM apply at all times sewage sludge is present in the combustion chamber, including periods of start-up, shut down, and malfunction.

40 CFR 60.5185
This section describes how the owner or operator of a sewage sludge incineration unit must demonstrate initial compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5190 (b)
This section requires that the facility establish the minimum pressure drop across the wet scrubber during each performance test in order to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5190 (c)
This section requires that the facility establish the minimum wet scrubber liquid flow rate during each performance test in order to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5190 (d)
This section requires that the facility establish the minimum scrubber liquid pH during each performance test in order to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5190 (e)
This section requires that the facility owner or operator establish the minimum combustion chamber operating temperature (or afterburner temperature) during each performance test to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5190 (h) (1)
This condition requires the facility to maintain the pressure drop across the mist eliminators to the levels determined during the performance test that demonstrated compliance with the mercury emission limit.
40 CFR 60.5200
This section requires the owner or operator of a Sewage Sludge Incineration (SSI) unit to develop and implement a site-specific monitoring plan for the SSI unit.

40 CFR 60.5205
This section describes the methods that the owner or operator of a sewage sludge incineration unit must use to demonstrate continuous compliance with the standards and limitations of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5205 (a) (3)
This section describes when the owner or operator of a sewage sludge incineration unit may conduct performance testing at a reduced frequency.

40 CFR 60.5215
This section requires that the facility owner or operator to conduct an annual inspection of the air pollution control device(s) installed at the facility and make any necessary repairs.

40 CFR 60.5230
This section describes the type and format of records that the owner or operator of a sewage sludge incinerator must keep in order to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

40 CFR 60.5235 (b)
This section requires the facility owner or operator to submit an initial compliance report to the Department.

40 CFR 60.5235 (c)
This section requires the facility owner or operator to submit annual compliance reports to the Department.

40 CFR 60.5235 (d)
This section requires the facility owner or operator to submit semiannual deviation reports to the Department.
40 CFR 60.7 (d)  
This condition specifies the required information and format for a summary report form and details when either a summary form and/or excess emissions reports are required.

40 CFR 61.05 (a)  
This condition specifies the prohibited activities

40 CFR 61.12  
This regulation requires that the owner or operator of the affected source prove their compliance with numerical emission limits with an emission test. Further, compliance with design, equipment, work practice or operational standards shall be determined as specified in an individual subpart that the source is subject to.

40 CFR 61.15  
This regulation states that any physical or operational change to a stationary source which results in an increase in the emission rate of a hazardous pollutant will be considered a modification to the source. With any modification, the "existing" source will become a "new" source for each hazardous pollutant for which the rate of emission to the atmosphere increases and to which a standard applies.

40 CFR 61.15 (a)  
This regulation states that any modification

40 CFR 61.19  
This regulation forbids an owner or operator of an affected source to build, erect, install, or use any article machine, equipment, process or method which conceals an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of an applicable standard. Concealment would includes the use of gaseous diluants to achieve compliance with a visible emissions standard, and the piecemeal carrying out of an operation to avoid coverage by a standard that applies only to operations larger than a specified size.

40 CFR 61.33  
Unless a waiver of emission testing is obtained under §61.13, each owner or operator required to comply with §61.32(a) shall test emissions from the source according to Method 104 of appendix B to this part or according to Method 29 of appendix A to part 60. Method 103 of appendix B to this part is approved by the Administrator as an alternative method for sources subject to §61.32(a)

40 CFR 61.50  
This regulation sets the standard for mercury emissions from sludge incineration plants and/or sludge
drying plants that process wastewater treatment plant sludges. The emission standard is less than 3200 grams of mercury per day.

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A
This regulation contains the General Provisions of 40 CFR 60. The facility owner is responsible for reviewing these general provisions in detail and complying with all applicable technical, administrative and reporting requirements.

40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III

40 CFR Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ
This regulation covers facilities that own or operate an industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler as defined in §63.11237 that is located at, or is part of, an area source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined in §63.2, except as specified in §63.11195.

40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ

6 NYCRR 211.1
This regulation requires that no person shall cause or allow emissions of air contaminants to the outdoor atmosphere of such quantity, characteristic or duration which are injurious to human, plant or animal life or to property, or which unreasonably interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property.

6 NYCRR 225-1.2 (f)
Sulfur-in-fuel limitations for the purchase of #2 heating oil on or after July 1, 2012.

6 NYCRR 225-1.2 (h)
Sulfur-in-fuel limitation for the firing of distillate oil on or after July 1, 2016.

Compliance Certification
Summary of monitoring activities at ONEIDA CO WATER POLLUTION CONTROL PLANT:

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**Basis for Monitoring**

**Condition 24 – 6 NYCRR Part 225-1.2(f):** This condition states that the facility owner or operator may not purchase number two heating oil with a sulfur content greater than 0.0015 percent by weight on or after July 1, 2012. In addition, the facility owner or operator is required to maintain fuel testing records to demonstrate compliance with this condition.

**Condition 25 – 6 NYCRR Part 225-1.2(h):** This condition states that the facility owner or operator may not fire distillate oil with a sulfur content greater than 0.0015 percent by weight after July 1, 2016. In addition, the facility owner or operator is required to maintain fuel testing records to demonstrate compliance with this condition.
Condition 32 – 40 CFR 60.5130: This condition requires that the Sewage Sludge Incineration (SSI) unit be operated at all times by a fully trained and qualified operator. In order to be fully trained and qualified, the operator must complete a Department approved training course and maintain the resulting certification by completing annual refresher courses.

Condition 33 – 40 CFR 60.5135: This condition outlines the schedule for the completion of operator training and certification.

Conditions 35, 36 & 68-77 – 40 CFR 60.5165: These conditions establish the various emissions limitations and testing requirements that apply to the sewage sludge incineration units operated at the facility. The facility owner or operator is required to conduct annual stack testing using the listed test methods and minimum sampling procedures in order to demonstrate compliance with these limits.

Condition 37 – 40 CFR 60.5170(f): This condition requires that the facility owner or operator continuously monitor and record the feed rate of sewage sludge to the sewage sludge incineration unit. In addition, the facility owner or operator must calculate, and maintain a record of, the daily average feed rate. Compliance with this condition will also meet the requirements of 40CFR 60.153(a)(1). Therefore this condition is not specifically listed in the permit.

Condition 38 – 40 CFR 60.5170(f): This condition requires the facility owner or operator to maintain a record of the daily average moisture content of the sewage sludge fed to the sewage sludge incineration unit. In order to demonstrate compliance with this condition, the facility owner or operator must collect at least one sample of sewage sludge per day and determine its moisture content. If more than one sample is collected, the facility owner or operator must determine the average moisture content of the samples.

Condition 39 – 40 CFR 60.5175: This condition requires that the facility owner or operator to establish the various emissions limitations and testing requirements, if the facility use an air pollution control device other than a wet scrubber, fabric filter, electrostatic precipitator, activated carbon injection, or afterburner, or limit emissions in some other manner to comply with the emission standards of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

Condition 40 – 40 CFR 60.5180: This condition states that the sewage sludge incinerator emission limits apply at all times, including periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction.

Condition 41 – 40 CFR 60.5185: This condition requires the facility owner or operator to conduct an initial performance test of the sewage sludge incineration unit no later than March 16, 2016.

Condition 42 – 40 CFR 60.5190(b): This condition requires the facility owner or operator to establish the minimum pressure drop across each wet scrubber during the initial performance test. In addition, the facility owner or operator must install a continuous pressure monitoring system that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

Condition 43 – 40 CFR 60.5190(c): This condition requires the facility owner or operator to establish the minimum scrubber liquid flow rate for each wet scrubber during the initial performance test. In addition, the facility owner or operator must install a continuous flow monitoring system that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.
Condition 44 – 40 CFR 60.5190(d): This condition requires the facility owner or operator to establish the minimum scrubber liquid pH during the initial performance test. In addition, the facility owner or operator must install a continuous pH monitoring system that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

Condition 45 – 40 CFR 60.5190(e): This condition requires the facility owner or operator to establish the minimum combustion chamber operating temperature during the initial performance test. In addition, the facility owner or operator must install a continuous temperature monitoring system that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

Condition 46 – 40 CFR 60.5190(h)(1): This condition requires the facility owner or operator to establish the minimum temperature at scrubber outlet that will demonstrate compliance with the emission standards of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

Condition 47 – 40 CFR 60.5190(h)(1): This condition requires the facility owner or operator to establish the minimum pressure drop across each of the mercury modules during the initial performance test. In addition, the facility owner or operator must install a continuous pressure monitoring system that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

Condition 48 – 40 CFR 60.5205: This condition requires the facility owner or operator to conduct annual performance testing in order to demonstrate continuous compliance with the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM.

Condition 49 – 40 CFR 60.5215: This condition requires the facility owner or operator to conduct an annual air pollution control device inspection and to complete any necessary repairs within 10 operating days from the date of the inspection. In addition, the facility owner or operator must maintain a record of each inspection that includes a description of any repairs that were made.

Condition 50 – 40 CFR 60.5235(b): This condition requires that the facility owner or operator submit an initial compliance report that meets the criteria given in 40 CFR 60.5235(b) no later than 60 days after the initial performance test.

Condition 51 – 40 CFR 60.5235(c): This condition requires that the facility owner or operator submit an annual compliance report to the Department. Each report must contain the items required by 40 CFR 60.5235(c) that apply to the facility.

Condition 52 – 40 CFR 60.5235(d): This condition outlines the situations that require the facility owner or operator to submit a deviation report to the Department. Deviation reports must be submitted semi-annually, and must contain the information specified in 40 CFR 60.5235(d) at a minimum.

Condition 58 – 40 CFR 61.33 This condition sets a facility specific emission limitation for Beryllium. The facility owner or operator is required to conduct periodic emissions testing in order to demonstrate compliance with this limit.

Condition 60 – 40 CFR 61.50: This condition sets a facility specific emission limitation for Mercury. The facility owner or operator is required to conduct periodic emissions testing in order to demonstrate compliance with this limit.
**Condition 67** – 40 CFR 60.5155: This condition describes the procedures the facility must follow if a properly trained and qualified sewage sludge incineration unit operator is not accessible for an extended period of time.

**Condition 78** – 40 CFR 60.5200: This condition requires the facility owner or operator to develop and implement a site-specific monitoring plan for the sewage sludge incineration unit that meets the listed requirements. In addition, the facility owner or operator must submit the plan to the Department at least 60 days in advance of the initial compliance date.

**Condition 79** – 40 CFR 60.5205(a)(3): This condition allows the facility owner or operator to reduce the frequency of performance testing for a given pollutant from annually to once every three years if two consecutive years of testing indicate that emissions are below 75% of the specified emission limit. The facility owner or operator must resume annual testing if any test indicates that the emissions are greater than 75% of the specified emission limit during any subsequent test.

**Condition 80** – 40 CFR 60.5230: This condition describes the operator training records that the facility owner or operator must maintain on site.